The New-York Times.

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TELEGRAMS.

Compulsory Resignation of the Greek Minister of War.

A Prussian Candidate for the Throne of Spain.

War Between France and Prussia a Possible Sequence.

Several Districts in Ireland Proclaimed Under the Force Act.

Destructive Fires in Various Parts of the Country.

EUROPE.

Resignation of the Greek Minister of War—The British Parliament—Marriage with a Deceased Wife's Sister—Districts in Ireland Proclaimed—The Mordaunt Divorce Suit.

LONDON, April 27.—Strong representations made by the foreign Powers to the Greek Government in regard to the late massacre have led to the resignation of Gen. SOUTZOS, Minister of War. His place will be supplied *ad interim* by VALOVRITIS, Minister of the Interior.... In the House of Commons today the bill permitting marriage with deceased wife's sister was considered in Committee. Mr. SPENCER WALPOLE opposed it. Mr. GLADSTONE thought the opposition to the bill rested on a narrow basis. Sectarian views might and did differ on the subject; the bill simply made allowance for such diversity. Mr. BERESFORD-HOPE vehemently denounced the bill, and Lord PERCY also declared against it. Mr. DENMAN showed that the Bible was silent on such marriages, and Mr. PALMER was for prohibiting them altogether. The bill was carried in Committee by 70 majority and reported to the House, after which the sitting was adjourned....In accordance with the provisions of the bill for the preservation of life and property in Ireland, recently enacted, several districts in that island have been proclaimed.... The steamer *Ganges* sailed from the Thames today with 761 emigrants for Canada....The Mordaunt divorce case came up again today before Judge PENZANCE. The counsel for the respondent argued for a stay of proceedings on the ground of Lady MORDAUNT'S insanity, and cited a large number of American cases, on which they mainly rested their application. The Court reserved its decision.

The Question of the Spanish Monarchy and France—Prince Frederick of Prussia as a Candidate—The Provisional Government.

PARIS, April 27.—The Madrid *Epoca* of yesterday says it is assured that Prince FREDERICK of Prussia is the candidate of the Government for the throne of Spain, but that the Emperor NAPOLEON has declared to Señor OLOZAGA, the Spanish Ambassador at Paris, that this solution of the question would be so grave that it might be the cause of a war between France and Prussia.

MADRID, April 27.—Great impatience is manifested by the Press at the prolongation of the provisional form of government, and the agitation in political circles is increasing. It is reported that SERRANO has said he will accept even the Republic, if Gen. PRIM will agree to it. Several new candidates for the throne are spoken of, but none of the prominence of Prince FREDERICK of Prussia....A petition, praying the Cortes not to adopt the Constitution of Porto Rico, has been received from Havana. The document has 42,000 signatures.

The French Vote in May—M. Thiers' Advice Not to Vote—Death of a Prominent Frenchman.

PARIS, April 27.—*Le Pays*, court organ, demands the expulsion of Signor CERNUSCHI, the Italian banker, who gave 100,000 francs to the *anti-plebiscitum* Committee. The Government had resolved to take back from electors their certificates after voting on the *plebiscitum*, but owing to the remonstrances made have abandoned the intention....It is reported today that Ex-Minister DARU recommends the people to vote "yes" in May next. M. THIERS has advised the people to abstain from voting altogether. Many public meetings were held yesterday throughout the country to discuss matters relative to the *plebiscitum*. No disorders are reported....ALEXANDER THOMAS MARIE, President of the Assembly under the Provisional Government of 1848, died yesterday at the age of seventy-three.

The Sublime Porte and the Egyptian Loan—The Roman Council—Health of Count Bismarck—North Germany and Mexico.

LONDON, April 27.—The Powers have received from the Sublime Porte a protest against the raising of a loan by the Viceroy of Egypt. The Sultan has also remonstrated with the Roumanian Government for coining money at its own mint....The Austrian and Hungarian Bishops have hastened their return to Rome to vote against the dogma of infallibility.

BERLIN, April 27.—It is asserted that the other Powers will support the action taken by France in regard to the decisions of the Ecumenical Council....Bulletins from Varzin announce that Count VON BISMARCK is convalescent, and he may be expected in Berlin about the 8th of May. ....The commercial treaty between the North German Confederation and the Republic of MEXICO has been ratified.

MEXICO.

Trial of Santa Anna's Son—Revolt of Troops Conveying Specie—Execution of Rebels—Trial by Jury Abolished in Jalapa.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 16, via HAVANA, April 27.—ANGEL SANTA ANNA, son of the ex-dictator, was brought to Puebla on the 13th and will be tried there with other political prisoners. A detachment of troops convoying $6,000 from San Luis Potosi for Gen. ROCHA'S command, revolted on the road, killed their officer and decamped with the treasure. President JUAREZ has sent a Commissioner to Tepec to induce Gen. LOZADA to give up the $600,000 belonging to the national Treasury and seized by him. The rebel chiefs DOMINGUEZ and FRANCO were executed at Pachuca. Trial by jury has been abolished by the State of Jalapa. In the National Congress an inquiry was moved as to whether the Tehuantepec Railroad Company had complied with the terms of their concession. The Committee on the subject had reported unfavorably on ROMERO'S bill for a mining tax. The charge of $20 on naturalization papers has been abolished.

CUBA.

A Severe Fight Reported—The Insurgents Defeated After Nine Hours' Fighting.

HAVANA, April 27.—The steam-ship *Mariposa* arrived here this morning from New-Orleans....According to the Spanish reports, three battalions of the Spanish forces attacked MORENO DIAZ'S rebel army in the Magio mountains yesterday. After nine hours' fighting, the rebels were defeated.

Additional Insurgent Reverses—A Bold Attempt to Pass a Forged Check.

HAVANA, April 27.—The Captain-General telegraphs the following news: "The troops at Najasa killed thirty insurgents, including two Americans. A detachment at Couna destroyed a powder-mill, killed seven insurgents and captured Préfect BETANCOURT. The column under BOUDRICK has brought in 130 prisoners. A rebel detachment from Cuevatas has surrendered, with a wagon train and stores. The rebels are thoroughly disorganised and wandering about in scattered bands, without leaders. The latter are roaming along the coasts seeking to escape from the island. The rebel Gen. AGRAMONTE has thrown up his command."....A young man named CASTELLANOS presented a forged check at the Spanish Bank today. The fraud was discovered, and the forger, while attempting to escape, shot at Señor RIZO, Vice-President of the bank, but missed, the bullet entering the roof. He is now in custody.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Nomination of Judges of the Court of Appeals—Proceedings at Rochester Yesterday—Sanford E. Church for Chief Judge—Allen, Peckham, Rapallo and Grover for Associate Judges.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 27.—The Democracy made short work of their Judiciary Convention today. The slate was all made up before the Convention assembled, and it only remained to carry out the programme agreed upon by the leaders. There was a slight hitch on the nomination for Chief-Justice, which gave rise to an hour's wrangle over the respective merits of CHURCH and COMSTOCK; but Tammany had decided that CHURCH must be got out of the way for the Gubernatorial race, so as to leave a clear field for the renomination of HOFFMAN, and as usual Tammany carried the day. The Brooklyn delegation went solid for COMSTOCK, simply because Tammany went solid for CHURCH. During the discussion O'GORMAN, who acted as spokesman for Tammany, took the extraordinary ground that the Democratic Party required a politician for Chief-Justice of the Court of Appeals, quite as much as a lawyer. The usurpations of Congress, and the so-called amendments to the Constitution which that body had imposed upon the country, he said, required a man at the head of the Judiciary of this State who would stand firm. We had gone through, and might still have to go, through revolutionary times. This was construed into an intimation that an attempt would be made by the Democracy to resist the Fifteenth Amendment. Mr. RUGER, of Onondaga, rebuked the Tammany spokesman by saying that, in his opinion, the State needed a great lawyer, and not a great politician, for Chief Judge, and that he would be perfectly willing to trust a Republican in that office, provided he was a man qualified by legal attainments and character for the position. The Convention completed their nominations, and adjourned early in the afternoon, and as the members left the city their places were filled by delegates to the Republican Convention, which meets at the same place at noon to-morrow. Most of them arrived by the afternoon and evening trains, and as they comprise a large share of the legal talent of the State, the Convention promises to be the most distinguished Republican gathering that has ever been seen in this city.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 27.—The hotels were filled today with delegates to the Democratic Judicial Convention. There are also a large number of Republicans in town awaiting the assembling of their Convention to-morrow. The New-York and the Legislative delegations, which left Albany at 12½ o'clock last night, did not arrive until 10½ o'clock this morning. They were detained by a slight accident. At 12½ o'clock Hon. SAMUEL J. TILDEN, Chairman of the State Central Committee, appeared upon the platform and made a speech, at the close of which he introduced Judge GRAY as Chairman.

Judge GRAY, upon being conducted to the chair, was greeted with loud applause, and made a few remarks.

OFFICERS OF THE CONVENTION.

The following officers were appointed:

Vice-Presidents—First Judicial District—Magnus Gross and Michael Connelly; Second Judicial District—Robert S. Hart and John K. Armstrong; Third Judicial District—A. C. Niven and P. A. Parmenter; Fourth Judicial District—Daniel Magoon; Fifth Judicial District—F. W. Hubbard; Sixth Judicial District—Henry R. Mygott and John J. Van Allen; Seventh Judicial District—McNeil Seymour and H. O. Chesebro; Eighth Judicial District—Ithram E. Sickles and C. W. Chamberlain.

Secretaries—E. O. Perrin, M. S. Cobb, E. B. Yomans, Spence Spencer and Gilbert S. Raynor.

The list of delegates was then called and corrected. A committee of three was appointed on the contested seat case from Niagara County. Mr. PETTY, of Wayne, moved that wherever the location of the Chief Judge may be it shall not interfere with that of his associates. Mr. BEACH, of Queens, was opposed to tampering with the Convention as this resolution would do. He wanted the whole field thrown open. Mr. PETTY said that if his resolution was about to cause any feeling he would withdraw it.

NOMINATION OF CHIEF JUDGE.

Mr. TWEED moved that the roll be called, and that the Convention proceed to nominate a candidate for Chief Judge. Mr. BEACH asked if that was in order while there was a contested seat case pending. Mr. TWEED said that case would be disposed of before the nomination is made. A motion to take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M. was negatived. On an informal nomination of candidates for Chief Judge, RICHARD O. GORMAN named SANFORD E. CHURCH, of Orleans. Mr. THOMAS, of Orleans, seconded the nomination. Judge PLATT, after a speech on the importance of naming the right man, named Hon. GEO. F. COMSTOCK, of Onondaga County. FRANCIS KERNAN seconded this nomination in a strong speech in favor of Mr. COMSTOCK as a man who had been tried in the position and found fully up to its requirements. H. G. SICKELS, of Orleans, seconded the nomination of SANFORD E. CHURCH in a speech.

The roll call having been commenced, Mr. BEACH, of Queens, protested against taking the vote until the contested seat cases were disposed of, and proceeded to make an energetic speech in favor of SANFORD E. CHURCH. Mr. CALVERT COMSTOCK, from the Committee on the Contested Seat from Niagara, reported in favor of admitting both claimants to seats. Mr. ROWLEY, of Monroe, moved that Mr. JOYCE, holding the certificate of election, be admitted. On motion of Mr. LUDDINGTON, both delegates were admitted. Mr. TWEED was opposed to such a course, which was establishing a very bad precedent. The Convention ought not to go back of the certificate of the Convention. They certify to the election of a certain delegate, and then the certification ought to be final. Mr. ROWLEY'S motion was carried, and the seat was given to Mr. JOYCE. The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of a candidate for Chief Judge, as follows:

SANFORD E. CHURCH, 77.
GEORGE F. COMSTOCK, 50.

On motion of WM. PORTER, of Onondaga, the nomination of SANFORD E. CHURCH was made unanimous.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

The Convention then proceeded to nominate Associate Judges. Mr. TWEED nominated, on behalf of the New-York delegation, CHAS. A. RAPELLO. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN, of Alleghany, named MARTIN GROVER, of Alleghany. Mr. DAYTON, of Oswego, named WM. F. ALLEN, of Oswego. Mr. HARDENBERGH, of Ulster, named RUFUS W. PECKHAM, of Albany. Mr. HUMPHREY, of Erie, addressed the Convention in favor of Judge JOS. C. MASTER, and against Judge GROVER as one of the Associate Judges. Mr. CRANE, of Saratoga, named W. T. ODELL, of Saratoga. Mr. MILLSPAUGH, of Orange, nominated CHAS. H. WINFIELD, of Orange. Mr. CALLAHAN said the Kings County delegation were here to press the nomination of Mr. WINFIELD, in place of Mr. RAPALLO. He said, as the New-York delegation had made its fight in behalf of SANFORD E. CHURCH, he thought it no more than fair that they should accord to the Kings County delegation that much. Mr. RUGER, of Onondaga, named HOMER A. NELSON. A letter was read from Mr. NELSON declining a nomination. Mr. O'GORMAN spoke in behalf of the nomination of Mr. RAPALLO, of New-York. The Convention then proceeded to nominate the four candidates for Associates. Martin Grover, of Alleghany; William F. Allen, of Oswego; Charles A. Rapallo, of New-York; Rufus W. Peckham, of Albany, were nominated. The vote stood as follows:

Allen	112	Martin	45
Peckham	101	Winfield	35
Rapallo	100	Odell	13
Grover	77½		

A motion was made by Gen. THAYER that the first four named of those having the highest votes be unanimously nominated, which was carried amid applause.

A resolution was adopted, and cheers were given for the ticket, and the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

The Republican Judicial Convention—Probable Candidates.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ROCHESTER, April 27.—Owing to the late hour at which many of the delegates to the Republican Judicial Convention, to-morrow, arrived, it will be impossible to make up a ticket this evening, but it is pretty well settled that HENRY R. SELDEN will get the nomination for Chief-Justice. Judge MASON and Judge HOGEBOOM are sure to be among the four Associate Justices, and for the other two the names of Judge MULLEN, Ex-Senator FOLGER, ROBERT L. HALS and A. S. JOHNSON are most frequently mentioned. Judge DAVIES or Mr. FOLGER will be President of the Convention, and Gen. STEWART L. WOODFORD is spoken of for temporary Chairman.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., April 27.—The Republicans of the Second District of Dutchess County have appointed A. B. SMITH, W. J. THORN, EUGENE WELLS and A. L. MARTIN as delegates to the State Convention. WILLIAM S. KENTON, PETER CANTINE and WILLIAM LAWTON are the Republican delegates from the First District of Ulster County to the Convention.

FIRES.

Stave Machine Works Burned in Rochester, and Death of the Watchman in the Building—Ice-Sheds Destroyed—Cork Factory Burned.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 27.—CLARK'S stave machine works, on Lyell-street, was destroyed by fire fire last night, and MICHAEL PLUNKETT, the watchman, perished in the flames. The loss on the property is $20,000; insurance $9,000.

SARATOGA, N. Y., April 27.—The ice-sheds erected by the Washington Ice Company, of New-York, to shelter about ten thousand tons of ice stored at Loughberry Lake, near this village, were destroyed by fire today. A portion of the ice can be saved.

LANCASTER, Penn., April 27.—The factory of the Conestoga Cork Company was totally destroyed by fire last night. The loss on building and stock is about $50,000, and the insurance $27,000. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Burning of the New-York Watch Company's Manufactory in Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., April 27.—The large factory of the New-York Watch Company, on Orleans-street in this city, caught fire this afternoon from a defective flue, and with all its delicate and valuable machinery was completely destroyed. One hundred hands were thrown out of employment. The loss is $200,000. The insurance which is $85,000, is divided as follows: $10,000 each in the North British and Mercantile, of London; Hartford, Ætna and Phœnix, of Hartford; Home, of New-York; Washington, of Providence, and Fire and Marine, of Springfield, and $6,000 each in the Continental and International, of New-York, and Norwich, of Norwich.

PEACEFUL PHILADELPHIA.

Two "Roughs" Shot Dead by a Police Officer in Philadelphia—Desperate Assault Upon the Officer.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 27.—About 2 o'clock this morning Police Officer MAX arrested a man for behaving disorderly in Third-street, above Montgomery-avenue. He was attacked by another man, who attempted to rescue the prisoner, when Officer MAX used his revolver with fatal effect, killing both men, whose names were HUGH MURTAGH and JAMES WELSH. The officer was severely beaten before he fired. His assailants were engaged in a fight together when he interfered, and they both joined in an assault upon him. It is reported that they belonged to a party of young men who occasion much trouble to the officers. About two weeks ago Officer LONG had a difficulty with two of the gang, in which he shot and slightly wounded one of them. It is said the deceased were only indulging in a sham fight, their object being to find an opportunity to beat Officer MAX.

THE INDIANS.

Letter from Gen. Stanley—Gen. Sheridan and the Brule-Sioux.

CHICAGO, April 27.—Today Gen. SHERIDAN received a letter from Gen. STANLEY, commanding Fort Sully, Dakota, dated April 9. He says for a week previous the Indians on the Cheyenne Reservation had been very insolent, and there were strong indications that they would soon break out into open hostilities. There were 800 lodges of Sioux at or near Fort Sully, of which 300 (the Brules) are hostile to the whites. They offer all sorts of insolence to the Indian Agent at that point, dancing war dances before his head-quarters and exhibiting scalps of white men and women they have murdered. They are led by RED LEAF, the Indian who led the attack at the Fort Phil. Kearney massacre. They have ordered two (Kettle and Foot) bands across the Missouri River, those bands being friendly to the whites. Most of the employes of the agency have left through fright. Gen. STANLEY is firmly convinced that there can be no peace and no living near the hostile Sioux until they are soundly thrashed. There is constant fear for the fate of the agencies on the Cheyenne Reservation. Gen. SHERIDAN is of the opinion that he can get the upper hand of the Brules, being thoroughly acquainted with all their modes of living and fighting. The Fourteenth and Seventeenth Infantry will pass through this city to-morrow morning, en route to the scene of difficulties. Gen. SHERIDAN and several members of his staff will go West next week to personally survey the situation.

THE SOUTH.

The Georgia Legislature—Gov. Bullock's Message—The Government Provisional.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 27.—Both Houses of the Legislature met at noon today. The Joint Committee appointed to wait upon Gov. BULLOCK and Gen. TERRY made a report to either House, recommending that the views and suggestions of Gov. BULLOCK be adopted. Gov. BULLOCK, communicating his views to the Committee, suggested the passage of a joint resolution adopting the Appropriation Act of 1869 for the first and second quarters of the present year; also, a resolution continuing the Tax act of the last year and authorising the Controller-General to proceed to act under it. The Government of Georgia being provisional, the Governor thinks that the Legislature cannot go into general legislation without complying with the opinion of Attorney-General HOAR in the Virginia case. The Governor requests the appointment of a committee of investigation in regard to the charges made against him by Treasurer ANGIER, and also to investigate the use of funds by the State Treasurer for his (the Treasurer's) personal benefit, and the system of book-keeping in that office. He also recommends a committee of investigation into the affairs of the State Road, and that this being accomplished and approved by the General commanding the district, that the Legislature adjourn to such a day as they may determine. The House adjourned without action until to-morrow. The Senate, by a vote of 24 to 6, adopted the suggestions of the Governor, and adjourned until to-morrow.

A FEARFUL DISASTER.

Fall of the Floor of a Crowded Court-Room in Richmond.

Fifty-nine Persons Killed and One Hundred and Seventeen Wounded.

Partial Lists of the Killed and Wounded—Harrowing Scenes About the Capitol—The Falling Floor Descends Upon a Caucus in the Hall of Delegates—Richmond in Mourning.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., April 27.—The floor of the Court of Appeals room in the second story of the State Capitol fell today, at 11 o'clock, precipitating several hundred persons in the Hall of the House of Delegates below. The crash was sudden, and the scene which followed beggars description. Sixty or more persons were killed—among them:

Patrick Henry Aylett.
N. P. Howard.
Powhattan Roberts, of the Richmond Bar.
Dr. J. B. Brock, reporter of the *Enquirer*.
W. A. Charters, Chief of the Fire Department.
Julius Hobson, City Collector.
T. P. Foley, Deputy United States Assessor.
Samuel Eaton, Clerk to Mayor Chahoon.
—Bland, colored State Senator—the ablest pure African in Virginia.
Col. Samuel Haviston, of Henry County.
Lewis N. Webb and S. N. Burnham, Balston Spa, N. Y.
E. M. Schofield, City Assessor and brother of Gen. Schofield.

One hundred were wounded, including Hon. T. S. Bocock, formerly Speaker of the House of Representatives, Judge Meredith and Mr. Neeson, both counsel in the Mayoralty case; Bell Kelly, Matthew Strother, and Chase, of the House; Herndon, of Kendrick, and several other Senators, all slightly. John Howard, lawyer; Col. G. W. Brent, Alexandria; Hon. L. H. Chandler, Ex-United States District-Attorney, severely. Gov. Wells, dangerously. Col. George Bolling, Petersburg. W. C. Dunham, agent New-York steamers, dangerously. W. C. Elam and W. D. Chesterman, correspondents, and M. D. Handy, reporter of *Dispatch*, severely. Others are mostly citizens of Richmond. Among the killed are ten Police, chiefly Chahoon's. Fortunately none of the Judges of the Court were hurt, and the hall of the House was comparatively empty, its session not having commenced. Had the accident occurred later, when members were in their seats and the usual crowd under the galleries, the number killed would have been frightfully large. As it was, some half dozen loungers had just left, and thus had narrow escapes. Gov. WALKER was in his office near by, and when informed of the catastrophe went down on the steps and prevented the crowd from rushing up, and let none pass until they could aid the sufferers. His presence of mind and commanding bearing had excellent effect, and prevented confusion. The whole city is in mourning. Business has practically stopped. Such a scene was never before witnessed. A mass meeting is called for to-morrow on Capitol-square. Gov. WALKER will preside, and resolutions will be presented by Judges OULD and CRUMP. The Press Association held a meeting to-night to take suitable action in regard to its members killed and wounded, and the secret societies are all making arrangements for the funeral of their unfortunate brothers. It will be difficult to get a sufficiency of carriages and hearses to-morrow for all the funerals, although private vehicles will all be brought out for the use of the afflicted families of the victims. So great is the general grief occasioned by the disaster that the Legislature, though pressed for time in view of the preparations for May elections, will not meet again this week.

To the Associated Press.

RICHMOND, April 27.—A terrible accident occurred here this morning. The floor of the Court of Appeals, in the State Capitol, gave way, and precipitated the hundreds gathered therein assembled to hear the decision in the Mayoralty case of ELLYSON and CHAHOON upon the Conservative caucus, then sitting in the hall of the House of Delegates below. It is impossible to ascertain the extent of the injuries at this hour. Among the killed are P. H. Aylett, a distinguished lawyer; Dr. J. B. Brock, reporter on the *Enquirer & Examiner*; Samuel Eaton, Clerk to Mayor Chahoon; Capt. Wm. A. Charters, Chief of the Fire Department; N. P. Howard, a lawyer; Ash Levy, a Richmond merchant; Charles Watson, of the Danville Railroad; Hugh Hutchinson and Lewis N. Webb, of this city; —Schofield, a brother of Gen. Schofield; R. H. Maury, Jr.; Senator Bland, (colored,) and Powhatan Roberts. It is supposed that twenty members of the State Legislature are killed and wounded. The Judges of the Court of Appeals all escaped unhurt. Ex-Gov. WELLS was badly injured. L. H. CHANDLER, counsel for CHAHOON in the Mayoralty case, was injured. JAMES MASON and Judge MEREDITH, counsel for ELLYSON, were also badly injured. About two hundred persons were hurt by the accident. The greatest excitement prevails. Hundreds of persons are on the Capitol-square, weeping and wailing as the dead and dying are brought in from the building. Gov. WALKER escaped unhurt, though on the Court-room floor at the time.

Further Particulars of the Richmond Disaster—Fifty-Nine Killed and One Hundred and Seventeen Wounded.

RICHMOND, Va., April 27.—In addition to the particulars sent this afternoon the following are given: About 11 o'clock this morning the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia was crowded with eminent citizens and many local politicians, and a great many of the public at large, who were drawn there by curiosity to hear the result of the late hearing of the question of the Mayoralty of Richmond. The friends of Messrs. ELLYSON and CAHOON, who comprise the prominent Republicans and Conservatives of the city, had assembled to hear the decision which it was expected would be given today. Among the many prominent men present were Ex-Gov. WELLES, Ex-Congressman NEESON, Judge JOHN A. MEREDITH, PATRICK H. AYLETT, Ex-United States District-Attorney for this district, Ex-United States District-Attorney L. H. CHANDLER, and others. At 11 o'clock, the gallery of the Court-room, which was crowded, fell in. The floor followed, and descended thirty feet to the floor below, which was the floor of the House of Delegates of Virginia, on which some few of the members of a caucus were waiting. There was a general crush of all the timbers and the falling of the inside walls.

The following persons were killed:

Patrick H. Aylett.
Capt. Charters, Chief of the Fire Brigade.
E. M. Schofield, City Assessor, and brother of Gen. Schofield, late Secretary of War.
Dr. J. B. Brock, editor of the Richmond *Enquirer*.
Julius A. Hobson, City Collector.
S. Dugger, member of the House of Delegates.
T. A. Brewis, commission merchant, of Alexandria.
Samuel Eaton, of Boston, Mass., and former theatrical manager of the Boston Theater.
Powhattan Roberts, Commissioner in Chancery of the Court of Common Pleas.
Jas. A. Blandne, of Berlin, Prussia.
S. E. Burnham, of Syracuse, N. Y.
N. P. Howard, lawyer.
Ash Levy, merchant.
J. W. D. Bland, (colored,) Senator from Prince Edward.
J. Watson, merchant, of Danville.
Thomas H. Wilcox, Ex-Confederate General.
Samuel H. Hairston, wealthy land-holder of Henry County.
Charles J. Grinnan, of Washington, D. C.
Robert H. Maury, Jr., land agent.
Edward Ward, of England.
William H. Davis, coal merchant.
John Robertson, (colored,) Baptist minister.
Col. Pushigrew, Woolfolk.
T. H. Foley, Deputy United States Marshal.
W. E. Randolph, of New-York.
R. E. Bradshaw, grocer, and thirty-three others, among them one Captain, one Sergeant, and nine privates of the Police, who were on duty in the building.

THE WOUNDED.

Among the wounded were:

Ex-Gov. Wells, ribs broken and otherwise internally injured.
Major H. K. Ellyson, slightly.
Major Chahoon, slightly.
L. H. Chandler.
Judge John A. Meredith.
James Neeson.
John Howard.
Rush Burgess, Collector of the District.
William C. Dunham, Agent of Virginia and New-York Steam-ship Line.
Hon. Thomas S. Bocock, Ex-Speaker of the United States House of Representatives; leg amputated.
Gen. M. D. Corse, Ex-Major-General Confederate Army.
Col. George W. Brent, of Alexandria.
Capt. George W. Allen, Port-warden.
W. C. Elam, newspaper corrrespondent and broker.
Thomas S. Baldwin, merchant, from Newark, N. J.
W. D. Chesterman, of the Petersburg *Index*.
William H. Sopher, merchant, of Baltimore, and about one hundred others.

SCENES ABOUT THE BUILDING—REMOVING THE VICTIMS.

Directly after the disaster occurred the fire-alarm was used to give notice, and the hook and ladder companies of the city at once repaired to the scene. A cordon of police was drawn around the building and the ladders were thrown up to the windows. For three hours the scene was full of horror. Minute after minute there appeared swung out by a rope tied around the middle, the body of some popular favorite who, after being swung on top of the shoulders of one of the Fire Brigade, mangled and dead, were brought down the latter into the green of the public park, where it was instantly surrounded by two or three thousand of those who had gathered to recognize the slain. The park was filled with anxious, weeping women and anxious men until 2 o'clock, when the last victim was drawn from the building. After this the police closed the park and refused admittance to any one, the bodies of the dead having been sent out.

MOURNING IN THE CITY.

All the stores in the city were closed, and placards put upon the doors, "Closed in consequence of the disaster at the Capitol." No more business was done during the day. To-night meetings were held of the members of the Press Association, members of the late military organizations, members of the Bar and of the citizens generally. To-morrow will be observed as a day of general mourning.

Some Particulars of the Victims of the Disaster.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—A gentleman of Richmond, now here, gives the following particulars of some of the persons who were killed in the calamity: PATRICK HENRY AYLETT was formerly a Confederate States District-Attorney, and since has been one of the editors of the *Examiner and Enquirer*. He was the great grandson of PATRICK HENRY, of revolutionary fame. EDWIN M. SCHOFIELD is the youngest brother of Major-Gen. SCHOFIELD. He was a United States army officer during the war, and was appointed by the military commander as Assessor of the City of Richmond. JULIUS A. HOBSON was an old citizen of Richmond, and for the past ten years has been City Collector. SAMUEL A. EATON, formerly of Boston, was an old member of the Boston Press; was some time ago attached to the *Herald* of that City; was once a theatrical manager, has also been Mayor's clerk since the war. Mr. POWHATTAN ROBERTS is a native of Virginia, and one of the leading members of the Bar. Mr. J.W. D. BLAND, (colored,) Senator from Prince Edward County, was man of much ability, and a leading man among his race. He was before the Reconstruction Committee in connection with the reconstruction of Virginia. Mr. S. DUGGAR was the Republican member of the House of Delegates, and was from Brunswick County. Among the wounded was H. H. WELLS, Ex-Governor, formerly of Michigan, and was in command of the Defenses at Washington south of the Potomac. He was appointed by Gen. SCHOFIELD as Military Governor of Virginia, and was defeated at the late election by the present Governor, Mr. WALKER. Mr. HENRY K. ELLYSON was one of the proprietors of the Richmond *Dispatch*, and was elected by the City Council, under the new Enabling act, to succeed Mr. CHAHOON as Mayor of Richmond. Mr. GEORGE CHAHOON, formerly of Pennsylvania, was appointed by Gen. SCHOFIELD Mayor of Richmond. The contest for the Mayoralty between these two gentlemen was the occasion of the densely-crowded Court-room. Mr. L. H. CHANDLER, of Norfolk, formerly from Maine, was United States District-Attorney for Virginia until July last, and since the war was elected member of the United States Congress from the Norfolk District, but was not admitted to a seat. He has recently been a practicing lawyer and well known at the North as a standing public speaker in behalf of the Republican Party during the late Presidential canvass. Mr. JOHN H. MEREDITH was formerly Judge of the Circuit Court for Richmond. He was removed by Gen. SCHOFIELD. He was the leading counsel for ELLYSON. Mr. JAMES NEESON, formerly of West Virginia, was a member of the Confederate Legislature, and late Assistant United States District-Attorney, and was associate counsel for ELLYSON. Mr. JOHN HOWARD is one of the leading lawyers of Richmond. Mr. WM. E. DUNHAM is agent of the Old Dominion Steamship Company at Richmond and member of City Council. Mr. THOS. BOCOCK, formerly member of the United States Congress, and opponent of Mr. SHERMAN for the Speakership, was Speaker of the Confederate Congress, and is now practicing law at Lynchburg. Col. G. W. BRENT, of Alexandria, was Adjutant-General to Gen. JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON during the war. Mr. RUSH BURGESS is Collector of Internal Revenue for Richmond. Mr. W. D. CHESTERMAN is connected with the Richmond *Enquirer* as reporter. A private telegram from Richmond says that the Court was about to deliver its opinion in favor of Mr. ELLYSON, one of the Judges dissenting, as the floor fell.

Proposed International Boat Race—Challenge from the Hudson Amateur Rowing Association to the London Rowing Club.

The following challange has been forwarded to the London Rowing Club:

NEW-YORK, April 20, 1870.

To the Members of the London Rowing Club:

GENTLEMEN: The Hudson Amateur Rowing Association, an organization comprising the principal rowing clubs of the cities of New-York, Jersey City, Hoboken and Albany, as well as clubs of other localities on the Hudson River, have resolved, as a meeting of the Board of Delegates, to invite a six-oared crew, members of your club, to visit this City, and compete in a six-oared shell race with a crew composed of members of this Association; the race to take place on or about the 1st day of October next. The course to be three miles, one and a half mile to a stake-boat and return, to be rowed over the Association Course on the Hudson River, and to be optional with either crew to carry or dispense with a coxswain. The contestants to be subject to the following law of our Association: "No man who has rowed for money, or has rowed in regattas open to all comers, or has been at any time ready or willing to be matched for money against any oarsman, shall be allowed to row in any race under the auspices of this Association."

In communicating to you this action of our Association, it may not, we trust, be improper to state that the result of the late contest between the Oxford and Harvard crews on the Thames has in nowise dampened the enthusiasm of our amateur rowers, and confidence still exists in the belief that we have here the material to successfully compete in oarsmanship with the gentlemen rowers of England; and in extending this invitation to a crew belonging to an organization so famous as your own, we feel that in the event of its acceptance, we should be brought into friendly rivalry with the best crew of amateur oarsmen that England could produce—assuming this in the knowledge of your many triumphs over both Oxford and Cambridge, and of the proud title which you bear as champions of the Thames.

The Association is prompted to ask your acceptance of this invitation in the desire to test their abilities against a first-class English crew in American waters, as well as by experience that beneficial art of rowing; and should the conditions herein stated meet with the objections, and our invitation receive from you a favorable consideration, we should be pleased to arrange for the passage of your crew, from London to New-York and return, at such date as you may designate. Promising you a hearty and courteous welcome, in behalf of the Hudson Amateur Rowing Association, BENJAMIN F. BRADY, Commodore.
GEO. F. FORTMEYER, Secretary.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE CUNARD STEAM-SHIP CHINA.

The steam-ship *China*, from Liverpool April 16 and Queenstown April 17, reached this port yesterday. Her advices are fresher by one day than were those recently by the *Cimbria*.

A letter from Rev. NEWMAN HALL, dated from Nazareth, had been received at the Surrey Chapel. The reverend gentleman speaks hopefully of his health, and practically refutes the prevalent rumor of his intended retirement from Surrey Chapel and residence in the United States, by stating that he hopes, on his return to London, "to preach the Gospel with greater power and more energy than ever."

A Berlin letter has the following: "Mr. BROWN, Secretary to the Chinese Embassy, brought to Europe by the late Mr. BURLINGAME, has been here for some days, and is to leave immediately for St. Petersburg. Since the death of the late chief the mission has been represented by the two native diplomatists. These will shortly proceed to Brussels for an exchange of declarations or explanatory notes similar to those which passed at Berlin between Count DE BISMARCK and Mr. BURLINGAME. Some journals of Berlin have announced that Mr. BROWN was to remain here for some time to negotiate a formal treaty which the mission had hitherto only prepared, but there is no foundation for such a statement."

The Austrian Marshal, Baron VON HESSE, whose death has just been announced, was born in 1788, and entered the military service in 1805. He distinguished himself greatly at the battle of Wagram, and went through a most brilliant career. As Field-Marshal-Lieutenant in 1842, he remained attached to the Army of Italy, and the war of 1848 furnished him with an opportunity for displaying his strategical sequirements. In the war of 1859, after the defeat of Magenta, he was called to replace Gen. GIULAY at the head of the Austrian forces; and he it was who drew out, with the Emperor FRANCIS JOSEPH, the plan of the battle of Solferino. He was named Field-Marshal on the 12th of July following.

The Paris correspondent of the *Standard*, writing on April 13, says: "It is given out that during his interview with the Emperor yesterday, Marquis D'ANDELARRE said that he and his friends were afraid of "a Polignac Ministry" after a Martignac Ministry—alluding to the downfall of CHARLES X. The Emperor assured him that nothing of the kind was to be apprehended. But this assurance, though it has been made known very widely, has not reassured the public, who compare the Senatus Consultum and its *plebiscite* provisos with the Emperor's letter to M. EMILE OLLIVIER on the 21st of March. Of a well-known political celebrity it has been said,—'*Il est en dissimuld qu'on ne peut pas croire meme le contraire de ce qu'il dit*,' which for the benefit of those who don't understand French may be translated, 'He is so unreliable that you can't believe even the reverse of what he says.' I leave you to make the application."

The *Gaulois* says that some workmen engaged in demolishing an old house in Paris, came upon a nest of adders containing some hundred of these reptiles, at the bottom of an exhausted well. In the midst of this snake nest was found a skeleton, which had probably fallen into the well years ago, and the flesh of which had been devoured by the adders. Strange to say, in the hand of the skeleton was a pocket-book of red morocco leather, in which, when opened, there were found forty bank notes for 1,000f. each, a woman's likeness, and a letter which had been almost entirely eaten by the reptiles, the only fragment remaining decipherable bearing the words, "Do not make known the plot." A judicial inquiry had been commenced.

The Abbé GRATRY, charged, in his quality of Director of the French Academy, with the duty of asking the Emperor's approbation of the late election of M. EMILE OLLIVIER and M. JULES JANIN, was received at the Tuileries with much favor. His Majesty having in the course of conversation questioned the visitor as to his opinion on the present political crisis, the Abbé, taken a little by surprise, said: "Sire, I cannot better reply to the question than by repeating the phrase of Plutarch quoted in my speech, namely, that the greatest glory for a prince possessing the reality of absolute power is to give liberty to his people." During the interview the demeanor of the Emperor was marked by great urbanity; and, in point of fact, it was the first time that the Academy had received at a first ballot, and almost unanimously, one of his Ministers. The Sovereign could scarcely have avoided showing himself pleased by so kind a disposition.

The *North Eastern Correspondence* says that the Crown Prince of Prussia, who is suffering from the preliminary symptoms of disease of the li

The Belo-Work Times, Tuesday, April 28, 1870.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Barnard, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.

Nos.
318—Dobbs vs. Ryan.
325—Post, Trustee, &c. vs. Van Ost, Admrx.
172—Doppel vs. Gardiner.
326—Bass vs. Bass.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Brady, J.—Calendar call at 11 A. M.

Nos.
19—Tenbury vs. Cook.
16—Tenbury vs. Townsend.
196—Northe vs. Townsend.
196—Northe vs. Waring.
196—Kentady vs. Foster.
196—Lindsay vs. Bruce.
196—Ostdick vs. Ostdick.
326—Pyne vs. Pyne.
326—Pyne vs. Pyne.
326—Pyne vs. Pyne

decidedly more caution shown than last season, in running the market up, and however confident the talk of higher prices may sound, the speculators in this direction are not quite certain of the supply that may come upon the market in the next two months, or its effect, even though there should be an export demand for Gold on a further rise in Exchange.

New-York Central Stock and Scrip advanced about 1@1½ ₱ cent. on the sales made yesterday, on the so-called defeat of legislation at Albany in favor of the Road. Its best advised friends expected nothing from that quarter, but were confident, on the contrary, that the Stock and Scrip would advance soon after the legislature dispersed. The Philadelphians have taken strong hold of Reading, and have considerable support from parties in this market. The Northwest transfers closed for the June election of Directors today, and the Common Stock sold up to 77½ ₱ cent. There will be no classification of the Directors of the Road, and the selection will probably result in accord with the Rock Island party, so called, in the Stock. Their own Stock advanced today to 92½ ₱ cent., ex dividend, partly on the increased traffic in April, which is said to promise about $70,000. The speculation in Lake Shore, supported by orders from the interior, was carried up to 95 ₱ cent., and Ohio and Mississippi advanced to 35 ₱ cent. New-Jersey Central has suddenly gone up to 108 ₱ cent. The St. Paul Stocks have not yet moved with great activity, but both Common and Preferred were decidedly higher today. On the Miscellaneous list the bidding is higher, and there is more business in Pacific Mail, the Express Shares, Cumberland Coal, &c.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made as compared with Tuesday night. Gold left off firm, the Funds steady and the Railways excited. Tennessee New Bonds are ¾ ₱ cent. higher.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS, APRIL 27.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
United States 10-40s	107	106¾
United States 5-20s of 1862	114¼	115
United States 5-20s of 1867	111⅞	113
American Gold Coin	113⅜	114⅜
Bills on London, 60 days	109¼	109⅛
New Bonds of Tennessee	55¾	56⅛
N. Y. Central and Hudson	94⅞	95¾
N. Y. C. and H. Debt Certificates	91⅞	92⅛
Reading Railroad	101⅛	102
Chicago and Rock Island	119	120⅛
North-western Common	77	77⅝
North-western Preferred	87⅛	88⅛
Pacific Mail Company	40¾	42⅛
St. Paul Preferred	76⅛	77⅛
St. Paul Common	62¼	63⅝
Lake Shore	93⅝	95⅜
Erie	23¾	23¾
Ohio and Mississippi	34⅝	35⅜
New-Jersey Central	106⅛	108

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, April 27,

General balance yesterday	$88,453,469 68
Gold receipts	610,694 90
Gold payments	12,942 72
Gold balance	86,511,275 46
Currency receipts	276,046 66
Currency payments	188,947 57
Currency balance	2,745,598 73
General balance	87,870,917 73
Customs	470,000 00

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₱ ct. reg., '81	116	5-20 coupon, n. l., '65	112⅝
6 ₱ ct. coupon, '81	116⅛	5-20 reg., '67	113⅛
5-20 coupon, '67	109¼	5-20 coupon, '67	113
5-20 coupon, '62	115⅛	5-20 coupon, '68	113
5-20 coupon, '64	113¼	5 ₱ ct. reg., '74	106⅛
5-20 reg., '65	110	10-40 reg.	107
5-20 coupon, '65	110	10-40 coupon	109
5-20 reg., n. l., '65	110	6s currency	112⅛

And the following for the State Bonds:

Tennessee 6s, ex coup.	59⅛	Illinois Canal bds., '70	100
Tennessee 6s, new bs.	56⅛	Illinois coup. 6s, '87	100
Virginia 6s, ex coup	60⅛	Illinois coup. 6s, 1879	100
Virginia 6s, new bds.	60⅛	Illinois War Loan	100
Georgia 6s	96	Indiana 5 ₱ cent.	97
Georgia 7s, new bds.	89¼	Michigan 6 ₱ ct., 1875	94½
North Carolina 6s	67	Michigan 7 ₱ ct.	104
N. Carolina 6s, new bs	23⅛	Mich. 7 ₱ ct. War L'n	101
South Carolina 6s	59	N. Y. Reg. 6'by L'n	110
S. Carolina 6s, new bs.	51⅛	N. Y. Coup. 6'by L'n	110
Missouri 6s	92⅛	N. Y. 7s, Canal L'n	70.104⅛
Louisiana 6s, levy bds.	62	N. Y. 6s, Canal	75.104
California 7s	112	N. Y. 6s, Canal	73.102
Cal. 7s, large bonds	111	N. Y. 6s, Canal	74.106
Connecticut 6s	100	N. Y. 6s, Canal	75.105
Rhode Island 6s	117	N. Y. 6s, Canal	77.104
Alabama 5s	103	N. Y. 6s, Canal	78.103
Ark. 7s, L. R. & Ft. S. 1s	75	N. Y. 6s, Canal	74.101
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., 1875	102	N. Y. 6s, Canal	75.100
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., 1881	102	N. Y. 6s, Canal	76.100
Ohio 6 ₱ cent., 1886	106		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	99	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	99
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87	99	Gal. & Chic. 2d	93
N. Y. Cen. 6s, sinker'd	80	Chic. & R. I.	94⅜
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	103	Chic., R. I. & Pac.	96⅝
Erie 1st Ext.	102	Morris & Essex 1st	97
Erie 7s, 2d ind., '79	95	Morris & Essex 2d	87
Erie 7s, 3d ind., '80	91	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	100
Erie 7s, 4th ind., '82	84	N. Y. Cen. Mort.	97⅝
Erie 7s, 5th ind., '83	81¼	Pitts., F. W. & C. 1st	101
R. N. Y. & E. 1st, '77	90¼	Pitts., F. W. & C. 2d	95¼
Harlem 1st	103	Pitts., F. W. & C. 3d	93
Mich. C. 1st & '78	91	Pitts., F. W. & C. 4th	92
Mich. S. & N. I. 1st	103	Clev. & Pitts. 1st	99
Mich. So. 7 ₱ c. 2d	97	Clev. & Pitts. 2d	92
Pac. R.'s, guar by Mo.	96	Clev. & Pitts. 4th	77
Cen. Pac. Bonds	92⅛	Chic. & Alton R. F.	100
Union Pac. 1st Bonds	93⅛	Chic. & Alton 1st	97½
St. Louis, A. & C., '70	116	Chic. & Alton 2d	87
Alton & T. H. 1st	94⅛	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st	90
Alt. & T. H. 2d Pref.	84	Penin. R. R. Bonds	89
Chic. & N. W. S. F.	90	St. L. & Iron Mt. Ba.	93⅛
Chic. & N. W. 1st	91	Mil. & St. P. 1st	102⅛
Chic. & N. W. 2d	84	Mil. & St. P. 1st Pref.	103
M. & St. Jos. L. C. 1s	103	Mil. & St. P. & M. C.	88
Del., L. & West. 1st	97	Mil. & St. P. 2d	87½
Del. & Hud. 1st Ext.	92¼	Col., C. & Ind. 1st	80⅝
Del. & Hud. 1st Reg.	92	Col., C. & Ind. 2d	60
Del. & W. Equip. 1s	80	Col., C. & Ind. 3d	40
Del. W. & W. C. U. S. F.	80⅛	Bos., H. & Erie guar.	38
Ot. West. 1st, '68	101	Tol., Peo. & W. F. D.	83⅛
Ot. West. 1st, '83	85	Tol., Peo. & W., W. D.	79
Ot. West. 2d, '91	81⅛		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks and Miscellaneous Shares:

New-York	130⅛	Commonwealth	114
Manhattan	142	Importers' & Traders'	150⅛
Merchants'	125	Park	108
Mechanics'	120	Central National	112
American	140	Fourth National	106⅛
City	116	Ninth National	110
Phenix	108	Tenth National	106
Tradesmen's	104	Oriental	150⅛
Mech's' & Traders'	115	Bkrs' & Brokers' Ass.	109⅝
Nassau	110	Nat. Citizens' Bank	113
Merchants' Exch'ge	86	Cumberland Coal Pr.	30⅛
Commerce	128⅛	American Coal	97
Mech's' Banking Ass.	122	Canton Co. Baltimore	73⅛
Ocean	90	Western Union Tel.	22⅝
Mercantile	100	Quicksilver Mining	33⅛
American Exchange	110	Quicksilver Pref.	14⅝
Chatham	107	Mariposa Mining	7
Bank of N. America	103	Mariposa Preferred	14
Hanover	100	Mariposa Trust Cert.	42⅝
Irving	100⅛	Pacific Express	104⅛
Metropolitan	140⅛	Wells, Fargo Express	30½
Grocers'	116	American Express	53⅛
East River	110	United States Ex.	44⅝
Shoe and Leather	108	Merchants' Union Ex.	6
Continental	94⅛	Pacific Mail	41⅝
St. Nicholas	110		

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS, APRIL 27.
Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, Old	102	102¼
City 6s, New	102¾	103¼
Camden and Amboy	122	122¾
Pennsylvania Central	116⅛	116½
Reading	101⅜	101⅝
Lehigh Valley	55⅞	56
Catawissa Preferred	37⅛	37¾
Philadelphia and Erie	28½	28⅝
Northern Central	44½	45
Lehigh Navigation	84⅜	84¾
Lehigh Gold Loan	92⅛	92¾

The Gold Coupons of the Chicago and South-western Road, due May 1, will be paid at the American Exchange Bank. See notice.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS
OF THE
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF IOWA
At 98, free from tax.

After a full examination, we have accepted an Agency for the sale of the above First Mortgage Bonds, and desire to recommend them to our customers AS A THOROUGHLY SAFE, AS WELL AS PROFITABLE, INVESTMENT. They are issued at the rate of only $16,000 per mile, or only at about one-half the rate of some other roads.

The recent advance in Governments offers a large inducement to investors to make an immediate exchange for these Bonds.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
NEW-YORK.

Subscriptions will also be received at BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, Banking-house of HOWES & MACY, and at the OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, No. 32 Pine-st., where pamphlets and full information may be had.

W. B. SHATTUCK, Treasurer.

☞ HILL'S PATENT CANCELING MACHINE, Adopted by the Government. Price $15. DISCOUNT at office. No canvassing. J. M. TOWER, No. 194 Broadway.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ GOLD INTEREST BONDS.

FIRST MORTGAGE
SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS
of the
WEST WISCONSIN RAILROAD COMPANY,
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD,
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.
FIFTEEN YEARS TO RUN FROM JANUARY, 1870.
LAND GRANT OF OVER 1,500,000 ACRES FROM GOVERNMENT,

Upon which, together with road and all its property, these bonds are a First Mortgage.

70 MILES OF ROAD FINISHED AND RUNNING,

from which income is already derived, with rapidly increasing receipts.

This road, with its connections, forms an AIR LINE FROM ST. PAUL TO MILWAUKEE, and is a SAVING OF NEARLY 100 MILES on the great North-western route to Chicago.

ELEVEN COUNTIES along the line of this road DONATE $80,000 EACH, with right of way for construction.

This Company is EXEMPTED FROM TAXES UPON ITS LANDS FOR FIFTEEN YEARS, by special act of Legislature.

These bonds have the option of being converted into stock, and are receivable at par, as cash, for the purchase of any of the lands of the Company.

The immense tonnage of grain and lumber accumulating weekly at St. Paul must, upon completion of this road, be carried to Milwaukee and Chicago by this direct route.

The advantages, resources, connections and land grant of this Company are fully set forth in a pamphlet which can be obtained at our office.

A large number of these Bonds have been placed in Europe, and we now offer a LIMITED NUMBER IN THIS MARKET AT 90 FLAT, and recommend them with confidence to our friends and capitalists, fully believing them to be one of the safest and cheapest investments ever offered.

WHITE, MORRIS & CO.,
Bankers and Financial Agents,
No. 20 Wall-st.

☞ LOUISVILLE AND NASHVIL RAILROAD
FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS AT 90 AND INTEREST.

We have only a limited amount to offer at this price.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
No. 18 Wall-st.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall-st.
J. B. ALEXANDER & CO.,
No. 19 Nassau-st.

☞ THE SOUTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD is now completed the entire distance from Oswego to Ashland, the popular and prosperous Agricultural and Manufacturing district is thus efficiently provided for. The local business of the Southern Central will be very large both in freight and passenger traffic. The rich Agricultural country through which it runs, the flourishing manufacturing establishments at Auburn, whose water-power is the best in the State, and the enterprising towns along the line, will always secure to this road a good income.

We, Fisk & Hatch, as the Financial Agents of the Road, offer the remaining unsold portion of the Bonds with the greatest confidence, believing them to be as good a security as any that has ever been placed on this market.

The Bonds bear Seven per cent., have thirty years to run, and they are convertible into stock at the option of the holder.

☞ THE BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND MINNESOTA RAILROAD COMPANY

Offer for sale the FIRST MORTGAGE Bonds of this Company, due May 1, with be paid in gold coin, free of Government tax, on and after that date, on presentation at the banking-house of HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-st.

JOHN M. DAVEY, Treasurer.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 27, 1870.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pks.	43	Leather, sides	9,973
Cotton, bales	1,995	Spirits Turp., bbls.	221
Cotton-seed Oil, bbls.	25	Tar, bbls.	237
Cotton-seed, bags	95	Resin, bbls.	357
Eggs, bbls.	2,957	Pork, bbls.	65
Elaine Oil, bbls.	48	Cut-meats, pks.	10
Flour, bbls.	12,800	Lard, pkgs.	200
Grain, bushels	11,400	Butter, pkgs.	1,618
Grain-meal, bushels	2,800	Cheese, boxes	1,725
Corn-meal, bbls.	100	Oil-cake, pkgs.	100
Corn-meal, bags	1,050	Starch, boxes	350
Oatmeal, bbls.	400	Tobacco, hhds.	170
Hemp, bales	35	Tobacco, bxs. & cs.	53
Hay, bales	80	Whisky, bbls.	350
Hides, No.	310	Wool, bales	35
Hides, bales	4		

The export clearances since our last, reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *Russia*,' for Liverpool—85 pks. Rubber, 20 cases Tobacco, 42 bales Hair, 181 bars Regulus, 180 bales Cotton, 158 cases Meats, 5 pks. Drugs, 2 pks. Lard, 50 bbls. Pork.

By the steamer *Colorado*, for Liverpool—91 bales Furs, 1,500 green-salted Hides, 30,567 bushels Wheat, 7 boxes Clocks, 13 cases Linens, 1,826 bales Cotton, 25 cases Bitters, 94 bbls. Oysters, 6 bales Rags, 80 boxes Cheese.

By the ship *Oliver Cromwell*, for London—54,222 lbs. Cheese, 226 bbls. Meats, 656 gallons Sherry Wine, 100 cases Sarsaparilla, 1,923 bbls. Flour, 444,068 lbs. Oil-cake, 26,728 bushels Wheat, 500 cases Salmon, 70 bbls. Shoe Pegs, 527 boxes Clocks, 127 pks. Wooden-ware, 44 pks. Castings, 97 pks. Hardware, 30 casks Oxide Zinc.

By the ship *Ocean Rover*, for London—794,390 lbs. Oil-cake, 1,200 bbls. Flour, 2,400 Staves.

By the steamer *Iowa*, for Glasgow—51 hhds. Tallow, 2,000 bbls. Flour, 697 bbls. Resin, 32,022 bushels Wheat, 150 tcs. Beef, 97 bbls. Pork, 21 boxes Bacon, 2,250 Staves, 100 bags Meal.

By the brig *J. H. Kennedy*, for Gibraltar—2,000 bbls. Petroleum.

By the bark *Fury*, for Gibraltar—75 hhds. Tobacco, 276 boxes Tobacco, 12 cases Tobacco, 1,250 cases Petroleum, 1,000 bbls. Flour, 1,000 bbls. Lagnumvitæ, 76 logs Mahogany, 50 boxes Merchandise.

By the ship *Competitor*, for Melbourne—12 boxes Drugs, 78,036 lbs. Tobacco, 161 bbls. Fish Roes, 50 cases Salmon, 69,580 gallons Petroleum, 814 bbls. Beer, 36 cases Cordials, 1,000 cases Soap, 1,000 cases Leather, 100 pkgs. Plaster, 248 cases Sewing-machines, 600 cases Condensed Milk, 94 cases White Lead, 200 cases Naphtha, 150 cases Hardware, 4 pks. Pumps, 10 cases Wooden-ware, 9 pks. Glass-ware, 165,000 feet Lumber, 50,000 lbs. Oil-cake.

ASHES—Have been quiet, but steady, at from $6 50 @$7 25 for Pots, and $9 25@$9 75 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Rio has been firm, but quiet. Maracaibo has been in some demand, and 500 bags have been taken for Philadelphia account. Other kinds have been inactive, but held with confidence. We quote: Java at 26c. @28c.; Maracaibo at 16½c.@19c.; Laguayra, 16½c.@18½c.; Rio, 15c.@16c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17½c.@19c.; Jamaica, 15c.@16½c.; Singapore, 19c.@19½c.; Costa Rica, 16c.@17½c.; Mexican, 16c.@16c.; Savannilla, 16c.@17½c.; San Domingo, in bond, 9½c.@10c., gold, ₱ lb.

COAL—At the auction sale of Scranton Coal, 20,000 tons were disposed of at earlier prices, including 30,000 tons Grate at $4 50@$4 60; 10,000 tons Grate at $4 55@$4 45; 12,000 tons Chestnut at $4 27½@$4 35; 12,000 tons Steam-boat at $4 20@$4 25; 10,000 tons Egg at $4 52½@$4 67½; and 10,000 tons Lump at $4 20@$4 25, ₱ ton of 2,240 lbs., deliverable at Elizabethport, N. J.

COTTON—The market has been quiet and heavy since our last. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,826 bales, including 655 bales to shippers, 582 bales to spinners, 9 bales to speculators and 250 bales in transit; also 100 bales for forward delivery, including 300 bales, deliverable during April, at 24½c.; 150 bales do., for May, 23c.; 150 bales do., for June, 21¾c. @22c.; 100 bales do., for October, 19¼c., ₱ lb.

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	19	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
Good Ordinary	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅜
Low Middling	22⅜	22⅝	22⅝	23
Middling	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	24⅛
Good Middling	24¾	24¾	25	25¼

Movements of Cotton at this Port. Bales.

Receipts thus far this week	5,112
Receipts last week	13,541
Receipts this month, 1 week	18,654
Receipts since Sept. 1	876,355
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1870	962,100
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1869	624,730
Export clearances since our last	1,826
Exports since Sept. 1	801,886
Exports for the year ending Jan. 1, 1870	886,097
Exports for the year ending Sept. 1, 1869	572,676
Estimated stock here	45,000

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in fairly active demand for export and home use, at rather steadier prices. The offerings of desirable grades have been very moderate. Sales have been reported since our last of 14,350 bbls., part to arrive, including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $4 20@$4 75, the latter rate for very choice; very inferior to good Extra State at $4 80@$5 10; good to choice Extra State at $5 10@$5 75, and poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Ohio at $4 80@$5 25 ₱ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$4 20@$4 75
Extra State	4 80@ 5 75
Extra Illinois, &c.	4 75@ 5 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop shipping brands	4 80@ 5 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	5 20@ 7 50
Extra Ft., shipping	4 90@ 6 00
Extra Genesee	5 75@ 7 50
Poor to fancy extra Missouri	4 60@ 7 25

Southern Flour has been salable and firm. Sales have been reported since our last of 760 bbls., in lots, at $5 45@$6 25 for Poor to Good Ordinary, and $6 25@$8 75 for Good Ordinary to Choice Extra, ₱ bbl. Rye Flour is in demand at $4 90@$5 45 for inferior to choice, ₱ bbl.; sales, 200 bbls. Corn-meal has been moderately inquired for at $4 40@$4 80 for Western; $4 85@$4 90 for Jersey; $5 10@$5 75 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.; sales, 800 bbls.

GRAIN—A more active inquiry has been reported for desirable lots of Wheat, chiefly for export, as a further improvement in prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 197,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 40@$1 50, Red and Amber Western at $1 34@$1 37½, in store and delivered, chiefly Amber at $1 37@$1 38, in store, and $1 37½, afloat; No. 1 Spring at $1 32@$1 33, in store, and $1 19@$1 19½, delivered; No. 2 Spring at $1 12½@$1 16, in store and delivered; No. 3 Spring at $1 09, rejected Spring at $1 03, White Genesee, part at $1 40@$1 45; Amber State at $1 37½ ₱ bushel. Corn has been quiet and less buoyant in price. Sales have been reported since our last of 39,500 bushels at $1 12@$1 16 for Old Mixed Western, in store and delivered; $1 07@$1 12 for sound to choice New Mixed Western; $1 10@$1 16 for Yellow Jersey, Pennsylvania, Western and Southern, and $1 20, in part, for choice Round Yellow, ₱ bushel. Rye has been very quiet, at 97½c.@$1 06 for Jersey and Western; $1 02@$1 07 for State, afloat and delivered. Barley has been quiet and steady. Sales have been reported since our last of 2,000 bushels at $1 20@$1 25 for Two-rowed State, and $1 45 for Canada West, ₱ bushel. Barley Malt has been quiet but at about previous quotations, ranging from 90c. @$1 10 as to the extreme. Oats have been in steady demand. Sales have been reported since our last of 54,000 bushels at 80c.@82c. for Mixed Western, in store and delivered; 84c.@86c. for White Western, in store and delivered; 87c.@89c. for State, in store and delivered, and 85c.@87c. for Canada West, ₱ bushel. The export clearances have been 30,337 bushels. The export clearances since our last have been 30,337 bushels of Wheat for Liverpool, 1,421 bbls. Flour and 6,000 bushels Wheat for Glasgow, 1,000 bbls. Flour and 6,000 bushels Wheat for Cowes, and 20,000 bushels Wheat for Gibraltar.

HAY—Sole Hay continues in demand at steady rates, for shipping, and $1 07½ @$1 10 for choice Clover, and $1 15@$1 20 for choice Timothy, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue in request at steady rates, including New-York at 15c.@35c.; Eastern at 14c.@24c.; Ohio at 13c.@20c.; Michigan at 14c.@20c.; Wisconsin at 14c.@22c.; Iowa at 15c.@20c.; Old Olds at 12c.@30c., ₱ lb., gold, including choice to fancy.

MOLASSES—A better inquiry has been reported today, with sales of 400 hhds. Muscovado at 30c., and 200 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 30½c., 60 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 31c., 100 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 31½c., and 100 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 32c., ₱ gallon. Old and New Crop Cuba, 32c.@34c.; New Crop English Islands, 32c.@34c.; New Orleans, 40c.@45c., ₱ gallon.

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba, Centrifugal and Mixed	30c.@32c.	30c.@32c.
Cuba, Clayed	30c.@32c.	32c.@33c.
Cuba, Muscovado, refining grades	—@—	37c.@38c.
Cuba, Muscovado, grocery grades	—@—	40c.@42c.
Porto Rico	No. 30c.	40c.@42c.
English Islands	—@—	32c.@33c.
New Orleans	—@—	30c.@32c.

PETROLEUM—The demand for Crude has been quite active for prompt and forward delivery, chiefly in shipping order, here, and prices have been quoted 8½c. @8¾c. for a cargo, in shipping order, for prompt delivery at about 8¼c.; and some 18,000 parts in shipping order, for forward delivery, on private terms; and of Philadelphia, on private terms; and of Wilmington, equal to 12,000 bbls., in bulk, for early delivery, at 7½@7¾c. ₱ gallon. Refined Oil has been in fair request and limited in price, there is nothing with rather more steadiness. Sales have been reported since our last, of 1,000 bbls. Standard White, for early delivery, at 9¼c.@9¾c.; 1,000 bbls. do., May delivery, at 9¼c.@9¾c.; and 4,000 bbls. do., June, at 9¼c.@9¾c. ₱ gallon. The receipts of Refined Oil here have been — bbls.; at Philadelphia, 3,150 bbls. The export clearances have been 1,800 bbls. and 1,800 cases for Gibraltar; and 60,436 gallons for Melbourne. Refined Oil in cases has been in fair request chiefly for export, at from 23c.@25c. ₱ gallon. Naphtha continues in demand at 10c., in shipping order, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate demand, opening at stronger prices, but closing less buoyantly. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 11,000 bbls., in lots, at $23 25@$23 50 for New Mess; $21 75@$22 for Thin Mess; $21 87½@$22 for Prime Mess; $21 62½@$21 75 for Prime, ₱ bbl. Also, 1,500 bbls. for May and June, at $22 50 ₱ bbl. Cut-meats have been saiable and buoyant; sales have been reported of 300 pks. at 11c.@11½c. for Shoulders; 15c.@17c. for Hams, ₱ lb. Bacon continues scarce and quiet at unaltered prices. Lard has been in rather light stock and held with increased confidence, and has not been in much request. Sales have been reported since our last of 450 bbls. and tcs., and 200 bbls., in lots, at from 13½c.@17½c. for poor No. 1 to choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 15¾c.@16¼c. for City, and 16¼c.@16¾c. for fair to choice Western Steam, ₱ lb.; also, 120 tcs. prime Steam, for forward delivery, including sellers' May, at 14¾c., and seller June, at 15c.@15⅛. Beef has been in fair demand at buoyant prices; sales have been reported of 500 bbls., in lots, at $6@$11 50 for Plain Mess, $14@$17 50 for Extra Mess, and $16@$18 for inferior grades, ₱ bbl. Tierce Beef has been in fair request at $24@$27 50 for Prime Mess, and $20@$24 50 for Prime, ₱ tierce; sales, 550 tierces. Beef Hams are salable and firm at $27@$33 50 ₱ bbl.; sales, 180 bbls. Butter continues in fair demand at full rates, including State, inferior to prime, at 18c.@27c., and Western, inferior to prime, at 16c.@26c., ₱ lb.; the day's receipts were 5,614 pkgs. Cheese is selling more freely at from 9c.@17½c., as the extremes, for very common to fancy Factory; the day's receipts were 1,738 boxes.

RICE—Sales, 1,400 bags Calcutta Linseed, at $2 15@$2 16, gold, ₱ Bushel. Market rather stronger.

SUGAR—The market for New has been quoted weak on freer offerings and a moderate inquiry, sales have been reported of 853 hhds. Cuba and Porto Rico at from 9¼c.@11c., in bond and Havana, at 9¼c.@9¾c., and 14,600 bags Manila at 8¼c.@8¾c. We quote fair to good refining grades Cuba at 9c.@9¼c.; fair to good grocery grades at 9¼c.@9¾c.; good to choice grocery grades at 10c.@10¼c. ₱ lb. Porto Rico grocery grades ranged from 9¾c.@10¼c.; No. 12 Boy Sugar, 8¾c. @9c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars have been in fair demand, ranging from 11¾c.@13½c., as the extremes, ₱ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales have been reported since our last of 56,000 lbs. Tallow at 9¾c.@9¾c.; 60,500 lbs. Stearine at 15c.@17½c., and 39,500 lbs. Grease at 8¼c.@9c. ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Has been dull and heavy; sales 770 bbls., in lots, at 94c.@96c. for wood and iron-bound Western and State pkgs. ₱ gallon; receipts, 435 bbls.

FREIGHTS—The business since our last has been on a moderate scale; rates have been quoted rather stronger. For Liverpool there were taken 650 bales Cotton, by steamer, at 8d. ₱ lb.; 78,000 bushels Wheat, at 6½d. ₱ bushel; 1,250 bbls. Flour, at 2s. 6d. ₱ bbl.; 1,000 bbls. Refined Oil, at 2s. 6d. ₱ bbl.; 1,000 bbls. Yellow Corn, by steamer, at 5½d. ₱ bushel; 500 bbls. Resin at 2s. ₱ 280 lbs. For a direct port in the United Kingdom, a British ship with equal to 4,800 quarters Wheat at 4s. 9d. ₱ quarter. For Rotterdam, Lisbon, Oporto and Marseilles, 15c. ₱ bbl. For Continental ports direct, two vessels with Petroleum, hence, on private terms.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

Board of Aldermen—Stated Session.

[OFFICIAL.]

MONDAY, April 25, 1870.

The Board met in their Chamber, number fifteen City Hall, pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Thomas Coman, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Aldermen John Moore, Cauley, Reilly, Hughes, Miller, Murray, Welch, Cullen, O'Brien, Wellman, Barker, McKiever, Cregier, Croker, Jackson, Cunningham, Long—15.

The minutes of meetings held April eleven and eighteen were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Long—

Of owners of property on One Hundred and Fifth-street, between Second and Third avenues, to have grade of said street altered.

Referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Cunningham—

Of residents and property-owners on Forty-fourth-street, between Second and Third avenues, with resolution, that on both sides of Forty-fourth-street, between Second and Third avenues, curb and gutter stones be set and sidewalks flagged.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Moore—

Petition of merchants doing business on Water-street, with resolution, that Water-street, between Wall-street and Old-slip, be paved with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Petition of owners and occupants of property on Pearl-street, with resolution, that Pearl-street, from Whitehall-street to Coenties-slip, be paved with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

PETITIONS.

By the President—

That Fifty-seventh-street, from Third to Sixth-avenue; Sixty-second-street, from Fifth-avenue to East River; Seventy-eighth-street, from First to Fifth-avenue; Fifteenth-street, from Fourth to Sixth-avenue; Thirty-second-street, from Fourth to Sixth-avenue, and Fifty-eighth-street, from Sixth to Ninth-avenue, be paved with Stafford wooden pavement.

Which were severally laid over.

By Alderman Moore—

That a street-lamp be placed and lighted opposite number twenty-one Park-row.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Cullen—

That a gas-lamp be placed in front of numbers one hundred and twenty-two and one hundred and twenty-four Forty-first-st.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Miller—

That sidewalks opposite numbers fifty-two, fifty-four and one hundred and forty-nine Bank-street, and seventy-three Christopher-street, be flagged full width.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman O'Brien—

That two gas-lamps be placed in front of New-York Swimming Academy, corner of Thirtieth-street and Sixth-avenue.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Cunningham—

That sewer be built in First-avenue, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Cunningham—

That the vacant lots on south-west corner of Fifty-fourth-street and Fifth-avenue be fenced in.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Long—

That Third-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-ninth to One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, be paved with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Cullen—

That permission be given to Timothy Burns to erect a watering-trough in front of his premises, southeast corner of West Twelfth-street and West-street.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Cunningham—

That Samuel Schroll be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds vice George L. Loutrel, who failed to qualify.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

That the Department of Public Works be requested to carry into effect, as at early a day as possible, the provisions of resolution approved by the Mayor, December thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, for paving First-avenue, from Thirty-sixth to Sixty-second-street, with Belgian pavement.

Which was adopted.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Reilly moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from further consideration of petitions and resolutions; that permission be given to Martin K. Thompson to erect telegraph poles in certain streets and avenues.

Which was carried, and the paper laid over.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.

Resolutions, To permit Japhet M. Thorpe to regulate and grade sidewalk, &c., in front of his premises, north side of Eighty-sixth-street, Twenty-five feet east of First-avenue; to permit James C. Smith to place a watering-trough on the north-west corner of Ninety-third-street and Second-avenue; to permit Edmund A. Thorpe to regulate and grade, &c., in front of his premises, north side of Eighty-eighth-street, two hundred and fifty-six feet east of First-avenue; to permit Frank Reddy to flag in front of his premises, number five hundred and forty-eight Eighth-avenue; to place and light gas-lamp opposite number thirty-four Madison-street.

Which were severally adopted.

Resolution, To pave Twenty-ninth-street, from Broadway to Eighth-avenue, with Belgian pavement.

Which was referred to the Committee on street Pavements.

Resolutions, To build sewer in Front-street, between Montgomery-street and Governeur-slip; to collate, compile, prepare for publication and print five thousand copies of the leading cases in which the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York have been concerned as plaintiffs or defendant; to print 10,000 copies of the Fortieth-street, from Eleventh-avenue to North River; to print five thousand copies of report of Central Park Commissioners; to lay crosswalks from number one thousand one hundred and thirty-four Broadway to opposite number one hundred and thirty-five Broadway; to place and light five gas-lamps in front of German United Brothers Evangelical Church; to flag sidewalks in front of numbers six hundred and forty-seven, six hundred and forty-nine and six hundred and fifty-one Lexington-avenue, and on west side of Fifth-

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1870.

Amusements this Evening.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Montague-st., near Court.
THE MAGIC FLUTE. (Italian Opera.) Characters by Miss Carlotta Patti, Miss Canissa, and Messrs. Hermanns, Habelmann, Formes and others.

BOOTH'S THEATER. 23d-st., corner 6th-av.
A WIDOW HUNT and TODDLES. Leading characters by Mr. John S. Clarke.

WALLACK'S THEATER. Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, Gilbert, Marlowe, and Miss Henriques, Miss Mestayer and others.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. Broadway, near Houston-st.
PIPPIN; OR THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson, Miss Pauline Markham, Mr. Harry Beckett, &c.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. 8th-av., corner 23d-st.
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS. Leading characters by Mr. George L. Rignlon, Miss Molly Pearl and Miss Rental.

FRENCH THEATER. 14th-st., near 6th-av.
THE LADY OF LYONS. Leading characters by Mr. Charles Peniter and Miss Carlotta Le Clercq.

OLYMPIC THEATER. Broadway, near Bleecker-st.
MACBETH. Leading characters by Mr. George L. Fox and Miss Longmore.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER. 24th-st., near 5th-av.
FROU FROU. Leading characters by Messrs. Geo. Clarke, Davidge, Lewis, and Miss Agnes Ethel, Miss Fenn, Davenport, and Mrs. Gilbert.

BOWERY THEATER. Bowery, near Canal-st.
THE FOREST OF BONDY and NEW-YORK IN 1869-70.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE. Broadway, corner 30th-st.
THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities.

THE TAMMANY. 14th-st., near 3d-av.
VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS. No. 585 Broadway.
NEGRO MINSTRELSY. Birch, Wambold, Berard, Beckus, &c.

ASSOCIATION HALL. 23d-st., corner 4th-av.
GRAND CONCERT. Artists: Miss Anna Mehlig, Mrs. Jenny Kempton, Messrs. S. B. Mills, Theodore Thomas and others.

STEINWAY HALL. 14th-st., near 4th-av.
GRAND CONCERT. Artists: Miss Ronconi, Miss Mehlig, Messrs. Ronconi, Nassrie and Werner.

THIRTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY. Broadway, junction of 6th-av.
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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after six o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 84 West 14th-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ Messrs. DREXEL, HARJES & CO., Bankers, No. 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.
We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

Our Circulation.

The subscription list and the daily sales of the TIMES are now greater than at any period within the last twelve months, and are rapidly increasing. The fact is mentioned for the information of friends and in reply to the misstatements of enemies.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

A Spanish paper says Prince FREDERICK of Prussia is the Government candidate for the crown of Spain, but that the Emperor NAPOLEON has intimated that such a choice might be the cause of war between France and Prussia. A Madrid dispatch says Prince FREDERICK is the most prominent candidate at present. SERRANO is represented to be willing to accept a Republic if PRIM agrees to it.... A Paris dispatch says Count DARU advises the people to vote affirmatively in May. *Le Pays* demands the expulsion of the Italian banker in Paris who contributed 100,000 francs to the anti-plebiscitum fund. M. THIERS advises the people not to vote....M. ALEXANDRE THOMAS MARIE, President of the Assembly in 1848, died on Tuesday at the age of seventy-three....The Sublime Porte has protested to the European Powers against the raising of a loan by the Viceroy of Egypt.... The Austrian and Hungarian Bishops, according to a London dispatch, have hastened their return to Rome to vote against infallibility. A Berlin dispatch says the other Powers will support the action of France regarding the decisions of the Council....Count BISMARCK is convalescent. The treaty of commerce between North Germany and Mexico has been ratified.... The representations made to the Greek Government by European Powers have caused the resignation of the Greek War Minister....The bill permitting marriage with a deceased wife's sister was passed, in Committee, in the British House of Commons....The Mordaunt divorce case was argued yesterday in London, and decision was reserved....Several districts in Ireland have been "proclaimed," under the recent act to enforce the laws.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, during the early part of the session, speeches were made by Messrs. PRATT and MCCREERY in reference to the settlement of claims for property taken from loyal citizens of the South during the war for the use of the Government. A bill was reported, among others, to organize the Territory of Oklahoma, and to consolidate the Indian tribes under a territorial form of government. A Committee report was also received in favor of adopting the House bill fixing the time for the election of Representatives. The bill for enforcing the Fifteenth Amendment was made a special order next after the Franking bill. A Committee of Conference was appointed on the House bill relative to the Hot Springs Reservation in Arkansas. At 2½ P. M. the calendar of bills was taken up, and a number of a private character passed. The Senate adjourned at 4:40 P. M.

In the House, the Tariff debate again occupied the greater part of the morning, and an evening session, the various sections relating to iron being still under consideration. During the debate an announcement of the Richmond calamity was made, and a motion made to adjourn, which, after deliberation, was withdrawn. During the morning hour a long debate took place upon a bill reported, and finally passed, relieving certain persons in Texas from political disabilities. The question in dispute was in reference to the report of a General Amnesty bill, in the place of private bills of a similar nature. Several other bills of minor importance were also passed, and one introduced looking to a reduction of import duties. The roll call at the beginning of the session was negatived by a vote of 115 to 91. The evening session at 10 P. M. adjourned.

GENERAL.

The floor of the Court of Appeals in the Capitol at Richmond, Va., fell yesterday while the Court was in session on the Mayoralty case, precipitating hundreds of persons to the floor below, where, in the hall of the House of Delegates, a caucus of the conservative members of the Legislature was in session. Many persons were killed and wounded, and the wildest excitement prevailed while the victims were brought out of the building to Capitol-square. Among the killed are F. H. ATLEE, a leading lawyer; Dr. BROCK, editor of the *Inquirer & Examiner*; SAMUEL BATON, clerk of Mayor CHAHOON; Capt. CHARTRAN, of the Fire Department; M. P. HOWARD, a lawyer; ASH LEVY, a Richmond merchant; a brother of Gen. SCHOFIELD, Senator BLAIR, (colored.) Ex-Gov. WELLS was badly injured. About twenty members of the Legislature are believed to be killed or wounded. Later accounts bring the melancholy intelligence that fifty-nine persons were killed and about 117 wounded by this dreadful accident.

The Democratic State Convention, to nominate Judges of the Court of Appeals, met yesterday at Rochester. Hon. SAMUEL J. TILDEN called the Convention to order, and announcing that the duplicate organization would be dispensed with, called Judge GRAY, of Chemung, to the chair. On the completion of the organization the Convention nominated Hon. Sanford E. Church for Chief Judge, and William F. Allen of Oswego, Rufus W. Peckham of Albany, Charles A. Rapallo of New-York, and Martin Grover of Allegany, for Associate Justices.

A dispatch from Havana says Spanish reports are given of a nine hours' fight in the Macio Mountains, in which the insurgents under MODESTO DIAS were defeated. Three battalions of Spanish troops were engaged.

Early yesterday morning Officer MAX, of Philadelphia, attempted to separate two men engaged in fighting, when both turned upon him and beat him severely. The officer used his revolver, at last, and shot both the ruffians dead. Their names are HUGH MUSTHROUGH and JAMES WELSH. They belonged to an organized gang who have given the Police much trouble, and the fight is believed to have been a sham in order to have a pretext for beating the policeman.

A stave-machine manufactory, in Rochester, was burned on Tuesday night, and MICHAEL FLUNERTY, the watchman, was burned to death.

The Alumni of Union College, at a banquet in St. Louis, on Tuesday night, passed a resolution in favor of the immediate publication of the writings of Dr. NOTT.

The City Council of St. Louis has increased the bonds of the City Treasurer from $20,000 to $200,000, and the salary from $3,000 to $4,000. The Committees of both political parties have recommended candidates for the office.

Ex-Alderman MESSENGER, of Boston, died in that city yesterday.

The Republican State Convention, to nominate Judges of the Court of Appeals, meets today in Rochester.

MAYOR HALL yesterday appointed Mr. RICHARD B. CONNOLLY City Controller and head of the Finance Department for the next five years, by virtue of the power conferred on him in the TAX LEVY.

The MCFARLAND case was continued in the Court of General Sessions, before Recorder HACKETT, yesterday. The defense rested after the examination of Dr. HAMMOND, and the prosecution opened the case in rebuttal, calling HORACE GREELEY as the first witness.

The body of an unknown man has been found in a field, near Englewood, N. J., with his throat cut from ear to ear. The indications are strong that he was murdered, but by whom is, as yet, a mystery.

The Trial of Democracy.

The adjournment of the Legislature affords a legitimate opportunity for canvassing the acts of the party in power which we are not inclined to forego. After an interval of sixteen years, that party came into full political control of the State by means of a series of frauds upon the ballot-box which have no parallel in our political history. The Government of a great State was usurped in the most shameful manner, and a band of hungry politicians turned into every department of its administration. Under such circumstances it was not to be expected that any very high standard of political virtue would be adopted. We did expect, however, that a politic regard for their future interests would have held the Democratic Party up to at least an average of propriety. But we have been mistaken in that hope. The party has been on trial at Albany since the 1st of January, and is waiting for the popular verdict. When it shall be rendered, we feel confident that it will be one of condemnation.

We are told that the Legislature which has just adjourned has been exceptionally corrupt, and that it has achieved a bad eminence over its predecessors. Competent observers declare that there have been more buying and selling, more log-rolling, and more corrupt combinations than have been known at any previous session in twenty years. One explanation of this is doubtless to be found in the fact that the party has been so long in the minority and has accumulated so great a budget of necessities and griefs. The Legislature convened with an avowed purpose to reverse all the distinctive work of the Republican Party in the State, just as the Democracy asserted its intention of doing in Federal affairs, and as it would have done if SEYMOUR and BLAIR had been elected in 1868. The inharmonious feeling which was developed between the City and country representatives seemed to complicate matters, and rendered illegitimate influences necessary to accomplish certain things which had been determined upon.

As might have been anticipated, the most venal bargains were made between the advocates of various schemes of legislation to secure mutual success. There was a degree of open log-rolling going on during the whole session which was unprecedented, even at Albany. The way in which the Railroad Aid bills were passed was a good illustration of this. The local interests of each were used for all, regardless of principle or general interest. The same may be said of a great number of other bills. It is also asserted that large sums of money were used, and other forms of bribery resorted to, with very slight regard to secrecy. We do not mention these things with any idea that they are novel, but only to show that the Democratic Party is utterly and permanently unfit for power. Unfortunately, it is not to be denied that much corruption has been practiced at Albany under Republican rule; but we claim that it has never emanated from the councils of the party, nor been tolerated by the rank and file, as we know it has been with our adversaries.

The trial of the Democracy which has just ended has been most disastrous to them, and we feel certain that at the very next occasion for the expression of the popular will the party will be condemned. The prospect not only affords a salutary lesson to Republicans, but also presents an opportunity for retrieving their fortunes in the next canvass. With a moderate display of acumen and activity the Republicans can carry the State next November. Unless some new complications arise, which are not now discernible, that result is assured. The shrewdest political observers concede this at the same time that they admit the chief danger to lie in Washington. If Congress will but prove true to its duty, and respond to the pressing requirements of the country, New-York may be rescued from its present disgraceful control.

The Three Routes.

While hopefully awaiting the final result of the Darien explorations now in progress, we should remember that if it be unfavorable two resources are open to us for connecting the Atlantic and Pacific by water, and so diverting the trade of China, Japan and the East Indies toward our own continent. There are two other possible routes besides that by the Isthmus of Darien, namely, that of Tehuantepec and that of Nicaragua. As regards the Tehuantepec plan, Mexico has certainly extended every facility. She has conceded to an American company the privilege of establishing interoceanic communication at that point by a railway, and now offers to add a similar privilege for a ship-canal. A resolution has consequently been submitted to the United States Senate to authorize the Secretary of War to detail a corps of engineers to make the necessary surveys with a view to practical work. It is greatly to be feared, however, that such a proceeding would prove futile. The length of this route, some two hundred miles, might be no insuperable obstacle; but on the summit level of the Tehuantepec transit, it is morally certain that there is not enough water to supply a ship-canal. A railway at this point may be feasible, but water communication is out of the question.

The Nicaragua project, on the other hand, has always been a favorite one with engineers because of its fine natural advantages. The two oceans here are not more than one hundred miles apart; but the configuration is such that the route as traversed would measure about twice that distance. It would begin, on the Atlantic side, on the Mosquito coast, at Greytown, starting from the mouth of the San Juan River. This is already navigable for small steamers throughout its whole length to Lake Nicaragua, although some work would be necessary in the region of the Castillo Rapids. Lake Nicaragua, a splendid inland fresh-water sea, enables the Pacific to be approached within fifteen miles, through which a ship-canal could be cut; or, if found more expedient, a canal could be carried northward to Lake Monagua, and thence westward to Realejo. The Emperor NAPOLEON III., who has a keen eye for such enterprises, eloquently advocated this line in a pamphlet published before his election as President of the French Republic, and predicted in glowing terms the future magnificence of Nicaragua as becoming the portal, as it were, of all the rich commerce of the East that flows to the Christian civilization of Europe and America.

It is probable that in time all these routes will be to some extent availed of. There will doubtless be railways, that is to say, where there are no canals; for the Chinese and East Indian traffic, once deflected in this direction, will require all the facilities of transport that can well be supplied for it. Just as the original Pacific Railroad that we talked of may be multiplied in the sequel by four, or five, or even six, so the trans-Isthmian schemes that have so far found realization in the Panama Railroad, and the other Californian lines, will doubtless be represented at no remote day by as many means for rapidly transporting goods and passengers from one ocean to the other. The important point is that the United States should not be behind Europe in similar enterprises, and should have a far-seeing eye to consequences in whatever is authorized by their Government or undertaken by their people.

An Impending Danger.

When Mr. FERNANDO WOOD first publicly proposed to set up an independent government for the City of New-York, of which he privately proposed to be the ruler, he was met by a burst of incredulous laughter, and the plan was neatly folded up and laid away in the pigeon-holes of the past. Nobody thought then or since, except indeed a few admiring henchmen, that this notable project of the whilome Magnus Apollo of the local Democracy would ever end in anything but smoke. Yet there may be such a thing as over-confidence. The danger that comes slowly seems to most eyes no danger at all. Men are all too apt to be lulled into security, and to listen to the voice of the charmer until they are turned into beasts. Mr. WOOD was audacious, but there may be one more audacious than he. The devices his adroit mind failed to conceive, a more fertile and sagacious genius may turn to account in the most conclusive manner. Besides, admitting his exceeding cleverness, his case resembles that of the almost successful *Man in the Iron Mask*, in DUMAS' romance: "He wanted only us," said d'Artagnan, speaking for himself and his brother guardsmen at the grand dénouement. Mr. WOOD, perhaps, only wanted a powerful corporation like Erie at his back to have become King of Manhattan.

The people have been warned of the risks lurking in the growing power of huge corporations; but the danger draws near slowly, and hence gives little alarm. There are, however, other indications of peril that may come home more directly to popular experience. History teaches us that great men who have contemplated rising to supreme power, and who have succeeded in doing so, have bent their energies in the first place to gaining control over three things—the national purse, the national soldiery and the national pleasures. Now for a modern adventurer to prosper in a like effort, it might probably be needful—considering the patriotic tendencies of the age—to add to these three *desiderata* some control over the popular means of locomotion. Let us see how far these conditions have been attained by the hypothetical monarch our perhaps too sensitive apprehension sees looming in the future. As regards the common treasury, he has not had the chances of certain politicians, but the millions of his giant corporation, added to the fruitful rewards of many a skillful enterprise, may well outweigh even the frugal savings of a City official. But this is not all; for, by the ingenious substitution of corporators in the Stock Exchange act, pushed forward in Albany last week, it is clear that Wall-street itself is hereafter to be controlled in the same towering interest; so that untold gold may be thrown in the scale to swell the sums wielded by the Erie corporation at any critical moment when it shall be wanted. For the military element—and here public unwariness has nearly touched fatality—the bristling battalions of the Ninth Regiment obey a Colonel who, in this dashing organization, has the choicest kind of nucleus for expansion, let exigencies take what shape they may. The amusement of the people will meanwhile be sumptuously provided for at the two theaters already under control, while others may be secured to give breadth and variety to a scheme of pleasure calculated to delight the senses and allay discontent. Finally, by the sway maintained not only over the Erie Road, but over lines running to Newport, Long Branch, and other resorts where influential citizens chiefly congregate, the means will be kept in hand to cut off or facilitate at an instant's warning their communication with the City.

This concentration of vast and diversified powers may be looked upon with an eye of levity, and our warning may be scouted as superfluous; but just such a massing of facilities, and just such an unsuspecting condition of the public mind, have repeatedly been the heralds of revolution; and as touching the occasional caprices of the chief actor in this possible drama, we must remember that BRUTUS is not the only great man in our annals who has thought fit to put an antic disposition on by way of mask to more weighty designs to come. The drama may turn out a farce, and all this dazzling splendor, this imposing accumulation of forces, may end in nothing save to amuse the crowd; but if so, there was scarcely ever such colossal preparation with so little result, or such whimsical disproportion of means to ends.

The Arcade Railroad Bill.

As there was money in the Arcade Railroad bill, the Legislature could not of course adjourn without its passage. The bill received a check after it was received from the Senate on the first motion to take it up out of its order, because, doubtless, some particular set had been neglected; but all difficulties were composed, and while a little before the House was immovable, it became so determined, that no parliamentary tactics could arrest its passage. The Speaker, with the sound of the vote in its favor still ringing in his ears, told the House that it had discharged its trusts "with fidelity, with honesty, with integrity!"

The character of the legislation of the State conforms to that of the representative, and as one sinks in the descending scale the other becomes equally degraded. The only bills which pass freely are grants to the Roman Catholic institutions. To these the doors are readily opened on "golden hinges moving," but all others must pay some one, and there is scarcely a limit to the grants which may thus be obtained. It has come to this, then, that parties outside fix the precise scope of legislation, on the ground that they must have what they pay for to the lobby. The painstaking interest that used to be manifested in the Legislature to perfect the phraseology of acts,—to guard all interests, even those of the weak and obscure, and to protect the community from wrong,—are no longer the motives of action. The hope expressed by the Speaker in his parting words, "that God will spare us to long years of usefulness," was spoken to the House of Assembly, with its corrupt and shameless invasion of private rights fresh before the State!

The theory upon which persons are named in acts intended to create corporations is this, that they should distribute the stock of the corporation among the community on the basis of a subscription open to all. But this act makes the corporators specified the incorporation, and bestows upon them complete existence in advance of any stock subscription. As this has been doubted by strangers to the bill, and is important, it ought to be carefully examined. The bill, after stating that the fifty-seven persons named in it, their *assigns* and successors, are created a body corporate, calls for an election of thirteen directors within ninety days from the passage of the act, who are to manage "its business affairs and property." The fifth section provides: "Said Board of Directors shall be elected by the persons named as corporators in the first section of the bill. * * After said first election, the directors shall be elected annually by the stockholders." The provision in section 19, that no ground shall be disturbed under the act, *except below Wall-street*, until the whole amount of ten millions of dollars shall have been subscribed, and twenty per cent. paid in, was intended as a legislative recognition of the complete right of the corporation to organize and to proceed below Wall-street instantaneously, and without stock subscription. The Bowling-green can be taken under assessment, and at nominal damages, immediately; but the *surface area* of the Battery may not be taken until Commissioners (any two of whom may act) appointed, one by the Governor, one by the Mayor and one by the Commissioner of Public Works, shall have indicated it by metes and bounds; but this does not apply to the excavation underneath. But the appointment of these Commissioners may be compelled in order to enable the Company to acquire the title to the surface area, which they may do to the extent of five hundred by one hundred feet, in addition to what may be pierced underneath.

There is no example of an act of this description which names all the corporators and makes to them a distinct grant of property and rights. If this can be done to fifty-seven persons it can be done to one or a few. The residue of our parks, and whatever avenues may be left, if there are any which the covert clauses of the bill do not embrace, may be taken by the first lot of speculators who are willing to pay the Legislature for the privilege. The act makes a free gift of City property to specified persons under the cloak of a corporate character. It involves the assertion of a principle of the utmost danger. Every park is exposed by it, not only here, but elsewhere; for the pernicious example of New-York will be followed by other communities, and will greatly discourage the tendency toward the creation of the breathing-places which the public now demand. What can be more flagrant than the legislative declaration contained in this act that the use of our parks for depot buildings, which shut out light and air, is "consistent with the uses" for which the City holds these places of recreation?

The bill is now in the hands of Gov. HOFFMAN, who is competent to understand its provisions and who will see that it is the commencement of a new inroad upon sacred rights. We look to him for the protection of interests which to New-York are vital.

Gov. Hoffman's Veto.

The veto message sent to the Assembly on Tuesday by Gov. HOFFMAN is strong, not only in its logic, but also in the scathing rebuke to the Legislature which it contains. In behalf of the general interest, as well as of the principle involved, we thank the Governor for his action. The influences which were arrayed in favor of the Railroad Aid bills were exceedingly powerful, and came from such a variety of sources that it required not a little courage to disregard and defy them. That fact enhances our admiration for Gov. HOFFMAN'S stamina and adherence to principle. He doubtless appreciated fully the danger to himself as well as to the party he represents, which was involved. There are thousands of ardent friends of the several roads seeking aid who will carry their resentments into political action, and who will treasure them up against Gov. HOFFMAN, to be used whenever he shall again seek popular favor. Of course, such feelings are unworthy, and will not be acted upon by any fair-minded person, but human nature is retaliatory, and we do not doubt that Gov. HOFFMAN will soon have a personal experience of the fact.

With good citizens generally he will, however, be strengthened by this veto. He certainly ought to be. The budget of bills which he refused to sanction formed a scandalous piece of legislation from beginning to end, besides being indefensible on principle. It involved a raid on the Treasury to the extent of nearly five millions of dollars, in favor of purely local interests, and at a time when the people are laboring under a fearful depression of financial and material interests. The arguments used in behalf of the bills were weak and specious. They were such as might be used with equal force in favor of almost any scheme of local improvement and development. Such a precedent, once firmly established, and involving so large an amount, would stimulate similar enterprises in every direction, which could with difficulty be resisted. It would furnish a good argument for all new-comers after State aid, which does not now exist. The sections of the State not directly benefited by the construction of the roads to which they are forced to contribute, could not fairly be denied similar requests in their behalf, and the result would be the ultimate financial ruin of the State.

We were somewhat surprised at the meek reception of the vetoes by the Legislature, for we had heard it stated that the friends of the roads were in sufficient force to pass the bills over the Executive, and that they were prepared and determined to do so promptly. It seems, however, that this must have been bravado on their part, intended for effect only, for not the slightest effort was made in that direction. We trust that we have now had an end of these schemes—that they will not be revived next Winter, despite the confident assertions to the contrary now indulged in by their promoters.

It is all very well to call the roll of the House of Representatives, in order to frighten the absentees—but when all the members are collected together, what is the use of it? Who will lead them in their duties? We are in the fifth month of the session, and the same story has come back from Washington—all play and no work. Of course some bills have been passed. But the most important questions of the day have all been either utterly neglected, or made the subject of endless discussions, which seem destined only to bewilder all who take part in them, and still more all who attempt to read them. When we come to reckon up the work actually done, what is there to show? Can Gen. SCHENCK, who is whipping up the absentees, make them stick to business when he has brought them together once more?

People who supposed that the Coercion bill for Ireland was only intended for show and not for use will be undeceived by the telegram which we publish this morning. Several districts in Ireland have already been "proclaimed," and are consequently liable to all the provisions of one of the most cruel acts passed during the present generation. In those proclaimed districts there is scarcely an arbitrary and tyrannical deed which is not henceforth possible. A man who is caught astride his own horse after dark may be arrested and shut up in prison—a newspaper may be seized—anybody may be compelled to swear against his neighbor. And the Irish Land bill, which was to heal the wrongs of centuries—where is that? Still dragging its slow course through the House of Commons. Can Mr. GLADSTONE hope to preserve his fame when this is the poor result of all his "pledges?"

Both Houses of Congress are reported to be averse to an increase of the army to 35,000 men, as has been proposed, in view of an apprehended Indian war. We are inclined to question the necessity or expediency of doing so. It would be opposed to the declared policy with which Congress set out of retrenching in every possible way. What we need more than anything else so far as the army is concerned is permanency. The service is in danger of being injured by the uncertainty and anxiety in which it is kept. The continual tinkering which is being done is calculated to destroy its efficiency, and is a great injustice to the officers. If any radical changes are demanded—which we very much doubt—they should be made at once, and an assurance should be given that it may be relied upon as permanent, at least as long as no special emergency arises.

The Democratic Convention to nominate candidates for Justices of the Court of Appeals, which convened yesterday, at Rochester, seemed to be controlled by a very unusual disposition toward harmony. It got to work with very little delay, and disposed of the Chief-Judgeship very shortly. The nomination of Hon. SANFORD E. CHURCH seemed to have been settled in advance, and was made by a very flattering vote. The selection is an excellent one, and if the Republican Convention today shall make as good a one, we shall be more than satisfied. There certainly seems to be a disposition on both sides to select good men, which in view of the important interests involved, is most commendable. With regard to the Judiciary we are not inclined to hold strictly to party allegiance, although, everything being equal, we should prefer our own political household. The remark which was made in the Convention yesterday by one of the delegates, to the effect that politics should not be forgotten in making such nomination, was out of place, and had far better have been omitted. There was a report yesterday that Judge COMSTOCK had peremptorily declined a second position on the ticket, but there are those who desire to have been put in nomination as one of the Associate Justices, and they deny his reported refusal to accept.

An inspector of public buildings is an officer much needed in more cities than one. If there had been such an officer in Richmond, and he had performed his duty, the disaster we report today would never have occurred. A large crowd assembled in the upper portion of the Capitol building to hear a judicial decision. In a moment the floor gave way, and the spectators fell through to the House of Delegates, more than twenty being killed or severely wounded in the fall, while upward of two hundred were injured. There are many buildings in which crowds assemble liable to the same kind of accident almost any day. Would it be too much trouble to have a proper inspection of them made from time to time?

The Assembly Railroad Committee at Albany could not resist the temptation of having a fling at Mr. BURT before bidding him farewell. It therefore made a report to the effect that Mr. BURT put "an important paper" into his pocket without the consent of the Committee. Now, this "important paper" was nothing more nor less than a speech of Mr. CROUCH, the champion of the Erie Ring, and the said speech was so little a secret that it appeared in some shape or other in most of the New-York papers the following morning. Mr. BURT was distinctly told to take this precious speech and read it for his private edification during the evening—and afterward this charge was trumped up against him. We warned him some time ago to look out for tactics calculated to make him stare. Now he has had a sample of them—and it is to be hoped he likes it. His friends, however, need not suppose that the accusation was ever intended to do more than make him feel uncomfortable, and perhaps induce him to resign a very unpleasant office.

M. DE LESSEPS now acknowledges in his report of the Suez Canal, printed in *Galignani*, that of over 146,000 tons already borne through it, over 86,000 tons were in British bottoms, and he congratulates himself and the shareholders that the dock-yards of England are building and transforming vessels every day to take advantage of the new thoroughfare. The Frenchmen are no doubt very happy to let John Bull go in for the lion's share in her old way; and as regards that other vast project of the Darien Canal, at which he now scowls so impressively, it may be safely prophesied that in the end he will go through it as cheerfully as the rest, paying his way, as usual, very handsomely.

Mr. LOWE'S annual financial statement is generally pronounced to be a "humdrum" affair. The national accounts of Great Britain are in a state which must be satisfactory to the people, for they show that money is pouring in from all directions. Last year the receipts from taxation were upward of £75,350,000,—as Mr. LOWE said, the largest revenue ever raised in England with the exception of the three last years of the French war. The revenue from stamps, from excise, from income and property tax, considerably exceeded the amount estimated. This elasticity is attributed by Mr. LOWE, partly to the cheapness of corn, but still more to the system which he introduced of substituting excise duties for assessed taxes. He wishes to apply the same principle to the collection of the income and house taxes. The collectors, it appears, are "utterly indifferent to the interests of the Exchequer," and are often illiterate and corrupt. It is much better for a man to go to an office and make a proper return of his income, and pay his tax there and then upon it. Nobody seems to understand precisely what Mr. LOWE is driving at, except, as the *Spectator* says, that he "means to glean with a much finer rake." Surely he does not propose that people shall pay income tax before they have earned any income? And yet that seems to be the drift of his allusion to the licenses. For the present he lightens the general burden of taxation by four millions—we have already explained in what way. The Budget, take it altogether, has disappointed the British public, who think that Mr. LOWE has made a very poor use of his opportunities.

It was a very safe prediction to make that the *Tribune* would lose the control of its senses before the McFarland trial came to an end. The "galled jade" has "winced" to an extent which has made it the talk of the town. When the volatile philosopher of the *Tribune* begins to scream out, "You're a liar," everybody knows that he has been driven into a corner. It is his last resource. Still, it is a pity that in the present tempest he is allowing the *Tribune* to dictate to the jury on the McFarland trial the verdict they shall return. The paper is constantly doing this by all sorts of innuendoes. For instance, it took up yesterday a murder case tried in St. Louis, and says that one of the witnesses testified on the question of insanity "with a nice distinction not unfamiliar to legal gentlemen retained for the defense in such cases." Having thus established an indirect reference to the McFarland affair, it goes on to say: "The sum total appears to be that a man may be sane enough until he commits a murder; but that the very fact of his having killed somebody, mysteriously changes his whole previous career into that of a maniac." There is something infamous about this attempt to influence the minds of a jury in whose hands the life of a fellow creature is placed. After Mr. RICHARDSON'S death, the *Tribune* published a series of extracts from provincial papers with ferocious headings of its own, such as "Let the Murderer Swing," and so forth. It is now repeating an outrage which will be even more revolting to the public mind than the spectacle of a "Republican editor" offering himself for sale to Mr. JOHN MORRISSEY.

WASHINGTON.

Removal of Political Disabilities from Officers in Texas—A Scene in the House—The Postal Telegraph—The Feeling in San Domingo—Testimony in the Georgia Bribery Case—Hearings in Committees.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—A scene which convulsed the House occurred this morning, during the consideration of a little bill from the Reconstruction Committee, which removes the disabilities from certain officers in Texas, who are required to take the oath of office upon the inauguration of the State Government. There was first a long wrangle as to the regularity of the report of the bill, it having been agreed to individually by a majority of the Committee, instead of being considered regularly in Committee. The House decided to entertain it, however, and FERNANDO WOOD'S captious objections were silenced. Pending the reading of the engrossed bill, a partisan debate on the general question of amnesty sprang up, in which BROOKS, COX and MORGAN took prominent part. On this question Mr. COVODE always has a Scriptural illustration, which he relates with great unction, of the danger of granting pardon to enemies. While Mr. FARNSWORTH was speaking, COVODE was "set up" by some members in his vicinity, and obtained the floor for the purpose of preaching to his Democratic brethren. In a high, shrill tone he began to relate the misfortune which befell Ahab, King of Israel, who was seduced by false prophets and slain; and then he warned them, too, of the fate of Ahab's sons—more numerous, he said, than those of the gentlemen from New-York—who, to the number of seventy, were beheaded by the Syrians. This lecture brought down the house, and the hilarity was much increased by the remark of MORGAN, of Ohio, when COVODE sat down, that he didn't think his party could be benefited by the devil quoting Scripture. The bill then passed the House, and before 4 o'clock it had passed the Senate, been enrolled and sent to the President for signature. Inasmuch as the Legislature of Texas meets today, and as some of the gentlemen named in the bill are officers thereof, this relief is very timely, and is due in the main to the efforts of the Texas delegation in the two Houses.

THE POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

The Select Committee on the Postal Telegraph met this morning and listened to a very interesting statement from ex-Minister HARRINGTON, as to the working of the system in Switzerland, where it has been in operation since 1852, and where it has met with a greater degree of success than in any other country. Mr. HUBBARD made a speech of an hour in advocacy of his bill, and will conclude to-morrow. The Chairman was requested to notify the officers of the Western Union of the desire of the Committee to give them a hearing.

THE BUREAU OF JUSTICE.

The further discussion of the bill to establish a Bureau of Justice in the House today, developed the fact that it is regarded with much favor, and will undoubtedly pass. The principal objection seems to be against including the Judge Advocates of the War and Navy Departments; but that will probably not impede the passage of the bill, upon which Mr. JENCKES will move the previous question to-morrow.

FEELING IN SAN DOMINGO.

The intelligence received here by the last arrival from San Domingo is of an encouraging character. The following is an extract from a letter of a prominent native merchant at Santo Domingo City:

SAN DOMINGO, April 17.—The Spanish steamer from Havana called here on the 12th, bringing the news of the treaty having been rejected by the Committee of Foreign Affairs of the Senate. It caused a very alarming impression, more so because it came accompanied by mischievous and false interpretations of the state of affairs at Washington, all gotten up by the enemies to our Government, and to annexation. Fortunately next day, the 13th, it came the Times, with a true and real account of all that had occurred with regard to the treaty; and as soon as it was spread over the town everybody felt more lively, and hopes for the future were more buoyant. You will have heard of some disturbances having taken place at Puerto Plata, but they amounted to very little—tranquility was promptly restored. As for CABRAL and his doings in the south, it is always the same thing. His position is what it was two years ago, and here is not for the help he gets from his friends the Haytians, in spite of all the promises made by the Haytian Government to Admiral POOR, his career would have come to an end long since. The political state of affairs is good, and there is nothing to fear at present. Official dispatches have been received from AJUA. The Haytian Gen. GERMONT, with others, had been taken prisoners by the Government troops. In the Cibar district everything was quiet. Not only the people of San Domingo, but the islands in general are awaiting with anxiety the ratification of the treaty. I have letters from St. Thomas merchants wishing to know when it will take place, as such an act is considered as the first step toward welfare and progress in all the West Indies.

The subject of taking up the San Domingo treaty was considered by some of its friends in the Senate today, in an informal manner, and it is probable that the treaty will be called up again next week and pressed to a conclusion.

STEAM-SHIP SUBSIDIES.

The Select Committee on the Decline of American Tonnage met this morning and further discussed some of the steam-line subsidy projects before them, and which they intend to report favorably as soon as the Committee shall be called. Col. SMITH, of New-York, had a hearing in favor of the subsidising of the line of steamers from New-York to Vera Cruz, touching at Havana and Sisal. The Mexican Government subsidizes this line at present to the extent of $22,000 per month, but it is found insufficient, and they ask a subsidy from the United States.

THE GEORGIA BRIBERY CASE.

The Senate Judiciary Committee, today, in the investigation of the alleged Georgia bribery case, examined three witnesses, two of them being the proprietors of Willard's Hotel, Messrs. SYKES and GARDINER, and a clerk of the same establishment. They were questioned as to the cashing by them from time to time of large checks of Gov. BULLOCK. The Committee, it appears, obtained from Riggs' Bank in this city, drafts to the amount of several thousand dollars, which were paid by this company. They testified that Gov. BULLOCK was a guest of the hotel for some months, and that they cashed his drafts for several thousand dollars since March 6, and that was all they knew about the matter. Those friendly to Gov. BULLOCK say that he was under very heavy expense in bringing a delegation from the State here, upward of thirty in number, &c., and in paying all their expenses while in the city. A member of the Committee stated to-night that so far nothing has been in evidence tending to criminate any one, or to show that improper means had been used to influence legislation.

NATURALIZATION OF VESSELS.

The Joint Committee on Commerce of the Senate and House, in reference to the registration and naturalization of vessels, met this morning, and heard a long argument from Mr. FORBES, the steam-boat builder of Boston, in reference to American shipping generally

nication between the Mississippi River and Lake Michigan. The amount required for this work is upward of four millions of dollars, and there is not much probability that the work will be undertaken this session of Congress.

IN THE SENATE.

The Senate did some good work today on the calendar. More than a dozen bills were passed, mostly of a private character, however. During the morning hour, Senator PRATT made a speech in favor of remunerating the Southern loyalists, whose property was taken during the late war for Quartermaster and Commissary supplies. Mr. MCCREERY made a speech in reply, advocating the payment of all claims, whether of loyal people or not, which was for mere political effect, and the subject dropped.

SERIOUS INDIAN TROUBLES IMMINENT.

Gen. SHERMAN has received no information later than what has been published, from the Indian country. The Sioux, it appears, have had their war dance, and are now certainly on the war path. Their number is estimated at 2,000. The troops are en route to the scene of operations, and it is thought that their appearance will quell the insurrection. The President and Secretary of War agree with Gen. SHERMAN in thinking that it will be necessary to maintain a strong force on the frontier this Summer to maintain order.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Collector JOHN L. THOMAS, of Baltimore, and a number of other prominent Maryland Republicans, have been here today making arrangements in reference to the ensuing campaign in that State, and the proper enforcement of the Fifteenth Amendment there. In the Senate today the bill of the Judiciary Committee enforcing the Fifteenth Amendment was placed on the calendar of special orders, which insures its consideration at an early day.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE INCOME TAX.

The President is misrepresented by those papers who say that he is opposed to the continuation of the income tax. He has said no such thing, but adheres to the views he has held from the first, to wit: that the rate of the tax ought to be reduced, and the amount of exemption increased, so as to relieve the tax of its oppressive features. But inasmuch as there are many other taxes which should be abated in any event, and which bear directly on transportation and business, the President is of the opinion that we cannot afford to strike off the thirty-six millions yielded by the income, in addition to the other reductions which are imperative. He will, therefore, be found by anybody who chooses to inquire, in favor of continuing the tax in a modified form, relieved of those features which bear harshly upon the business men and men of small income.

THE TARIFF.

The Ways and Means Committee did not consider the Funding bill today, but took up the Tariff instead, for the purpose of striking out some of their previously agreed propositions on iron and manufactures of iron, especially where the rate is increased or the classification changed, so as to avoid the tenacious and unlimited debate which occurs on every paragraph which is changed from the present law in the upward direction. This will undoubtedly have the effect to expedite the consideration of the bill somewhat. Today the usual slow progress was made. Mr. ALLISON's motion to strike out the paragraph increasing the duty on sheet and plate iron, which was pending from last night, was carried. This leaves the duty on both classes of this iron the same as now—a cent and a half per pound. A long and sharp debate followed on the next paragraph: Hoop-iron, including cotton-ties, in which the Southern members took a leading part. (The bill proposed to fix it at two and a half cents per pound, but on motion of Gen. LOGAN it was fixed at one and three-quarters. The motion of Mr. BUCKLEY, of Alabama, to make it one and a half, failed by only two votes, 58 to 60. At the evening session the first paragraph in the iron list which has not been changed from the rate reported by the Committee, was reached and passed. It was that on angle iron and iron rolled or hammered in forms of T, L, and H, one and a quarter cents per pound. This is no change from the present rate. On the next paragraph the question of railroad iron was prematurely brought in, and led to a stormy discussion. Mr. BENJAMIN moved to fix the duty at sixty cents per hundred pounds, saying that as this article was not in the bill he presumed the Committee intended to leave the duty as at present, to wit: seventy cents per hundred pounds. In this he was mistaken, as on the next page it is included under the following:

"On iron of any size or description, not included, embraced or enumerated in this act, one cent per pound."

This increases the rate thirty cents per hundred pounds. After half an hour of very acrimonious discussion, Gen. SCHENCK sought to close the debate. The Committee rose for this purpose, when the Democrats became indignant and resorted to filibustering to force an extension of the time for discussion. They prevented a quorum on the demand for the previous question, and succeeded in getting the yeas and nays on a motion to adjourn. Finally, without concluding the question, the House adjourned.

THE RICHMOND DISASTER.

The announcement of the terrible calamity at Richmond in the House, today, produced a deep feeling of sorrow and sadness. The inquiries as to the number and names of the killed and wounded were incessant, and their mention struck closely home to many hearts, who had been associated in business, politics or war, with the victims of the catastrophe.

PERSONAL.

Lord WALTER CAMPBELL, son of the Duke of ARGYLLE, and CYRUS W. FIELD, called at the White House today, but were unable to see the President, owing to press of business. The President leaves here for New-York to-morrow morning. He will probably go to West Point, and return to Washington on Monday.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

IMPORTANT TO PASSENGERS FROM EUROPE.

The Secretary of the Treasury directs by circular that every passenger arriving at any port of the United States from a foreign port, is required to make a brief but comprehensive and truthful statement of the number of his or her trunks, bags and other pieces of baggage, of contents of each, and of articles upon his or her person. Such statement must be made on a blank designated "Passenger baggage Declaration." To avoid detention in landing such statement should be carefully prepared before the arrival, so as to be promptly delivered to the revenue officer upon demand. The numbers of the several pieces of baggage will be given in proper place and their contents entered under two heads, first, baggage not dutiable; second, dutiable merchandise. Upon arrival the declaration will be delivered to the revenue officer. Any piece of baggage containing over $500 worth of dutiable merchandise will not be delivered on board, but sent to a public store for examination and appraisement. All baggage is subject to actual and thorough examination, and the persons of of all passengers are liable to be searched. Any fraud on the part of passengers, any concealment of fact or secreting of articles in the trunk, etc., or on the person, or attempt to bribe a revenue officer, will render the baggage liable to detention and confiscation, and subject the owners to other legal penalties; any complaint against revenue officers in the discharge of their duties, must be made to the Collector of the Port, who will promptly investigate all charges made.

NOMINATIONS.

The following nominations were sent in today:

Richard H. Beall, to be Surveyor of Customs at Nottingham, Md.; Evarts W. Farr, to be Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Third District of New-Hampshire.

Personal.

Ex-Gov. Pierpont, of Virginia; Dr. J. F. Gilbur, of San Francisco, Hon. A. Landon, of Michigan; E. C. Voules, of London, and David Lyman, Esq., of Connecticut, are at the Astor House. Gen. A. S. Buford, of Virginia; Hon. H. G. Fant, of Washington, and J. W. Davies, of Poughkeepsie, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel; Judge Cooley, of Washington, Gen. M. D. Harpin, of the United States Army, and Hon. J. S. Newbold, of Philadelphia, are at the Hoffman House; Hon. Wilham H. Barnum, of Connecticut, Hon. J. Doullard, of Buffalo, and Major J. N. Knapp, of Auburn, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel; Hon. O. M. Winslow, of Boston, John W. McMillan, of Edinburgh, Scotland, and Mr. S. Atkinson, of Baltimore, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE...WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 27.

On motion of Mr. RICE, a Committee of Conference was ordered on the House bill relating to Hot Springs Reservation in Arkansas.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. EDMUNDS, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill for the removal of causes in certain cases from State Courts to United States Courts, and for other purposes.

It provides that whenever any case in any civil or criminal suit may be pending in any Court of any State, against any person, in which suit such person shall intend to make any defense based upon the authority of a law of the United States, or of any Department of the Government, such person shall be entitled, upon compliance with certain prescribed forms, to have the suit transferred to the Circuit Court of the United States for the district in which it is pending.

Mr. MCDONALD, from the Committee on Territories, reported with amendments the bill to organize the Territory of Oklahoma, and consolidate the Indian tribes under a Territorial Government.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Judiciary Committee, made a report upon fixing the time for the election of Representatives and delegates in the Congress of the United States, postponing indefinitely the Senate bills, and in favor of the House bill on the same subject.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CAMERON introduced a bill to incorporate the connecting railways of Washington, D. C.

Mr. HAMILTON, of Maryland, introduced a bill to extend until July, 1876, the letters of patent issued to RICHARD M. HOE. Referred to the Committee on Patents.

ENFORCING THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Mr. STEWART desired to have the bill for the enforcement of the Fifteenth Amendment made a special order.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, desired it to be understood that as soon as the pending calendar was gone through with, he would move to take up the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill.

Mr. FERRY said the bill to enforce the Fifteenth Amendment would occasion considerable debate, and could as well be acted upon at any time during the session. The third section in effect repealed every Registry law in the United States. He would vote for the bill, but thought other equally pressing business should not be pushed aside. He called for the yeas and nays on the motion to make the bill a special order.

Mr. STEWART desired to have the bill passed, so as to be made operative in time for certain State elections soon to be held.

Messrs. EDMUNDS and CORBETT favored the motion of Mr. STEWART, which was then agreed to—yeas 39, nays 13.

The CHAIR announced that the bill would come up in order as soon as the first special order, the Franking bill, was disposed of.

SETTLEMENT OF WAR CLAIMS.

Mr. PRATT, on leave, then addressed the Senate upon the principle involved in the bill for the settlement of claims for Quartermaster and Commissary stores furnished to or taken by the United States within the States in rebellion during the late war. He said that much of the property and subsistence given to the torch in furtherance of the Government policy during the war, in various portions of the South, belonged to men who not only adhered to the Union, but were all the time within the Union ranks fighting to uphold it. In some instances this property was not destroyed, but sold, and the proceeds converted into the United States Treasury, and the owners had not been compensated to the extent of one cent. These claimants were at the bar of the Senate demanding justice, and it was for the Senate to say what would be done with their case. He detailed various instances of hardship and proceeded to review the objections to the payment of these claims. The main objection was that by reason of the rebellion having assumed the magnitude of a public war, all persons within the rebel jurisdiction were to be regarded as constructive enemies, and that property taken within these limits before the supremacy of the law was re-established, was to be regarded as prize of war, for which, whether sold and the proceeds paid into the Treasury, or destroyed outright, the Government ought not to make compensation. But the advocates of this theory could not make distinction between public war, as between nations and civil war, as between members of the same society, otherwise called a mixed war, being public on the part of the established Government, and private on the part of the people resisting its authority. While the Rebels were recognized as belligerent *de facto*, they were not so recognized *de jure*, because to concede the latter would be to make them, instead of traitors, an independent nation; and, if upon considerations of humanity and policy, the lives of traitors were spared, why should not the Government, upon like considerations, hasten to make good the losses of its friends who were stripped of their property by itself, while they were fighting to uphold it? He then referred to various acts of Congress to illustrate the distinction between loyal men and rebels which had marked the legislation of Congress during the war. He said that within the revolted States there had been 48,072 white enlistments, and 93,346 colored enlistments for our army, making a total of 141,418 persons who enlisted in the Union service in the South, whom it was now proposed to treat as constructive enemies.

Mr. MCCREERY announced his willingness to go much further than Senator PRATT, who, he thought, occupied a half-way position. He would move to strike out the word "loyalty" wherever it occurred in the bill, which would make it more extended in its operations. He hoped neither the motion nor reasons in support of it would fall harshly upon the ears of the Senate. It was time for statesmen of the country to engage in measures to promote the prosperity and welfare of the whole people, but that object would not be attained by a discriminating law. If party success was to be regarded as paramount to all other considerations, sound policy would dictate the necessity of milder measures toward the Southern people, for conciliation followed kindness as naturally as alienation followed revenge.

The bill was then laid aside and the calendar was proceeded with and a number of private bills were passed.

REMOVAL OF POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

Mr. HAMILTON, of Texas, called up the House bill for the removal of political disabilities of certain members of the Texas Legislature. The bill was passed.

The Senate then at 4:40 o'clock adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. SCHENCK moved a call of the House, which was negatived; yeas 54, nays 113.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. KERR, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill for additional terms of the United States Courts at New-Albany and Evansville, Ind. Passed.

Mr. DAWES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a bill giving construction to a provision of the act of April 20, 1870, in reference to the more efficient government of the rebel States. Passed.

POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported a bill removing disabilities from Charles J. Stockbridge, Charles E. Bollis, Hugh C. McIntire, George T. Haswell, Camilius Jones, James G. Seawell, John D. Jones, L. W. Cooper and Hugh G. Scott, all of Texas.

Mr. WOOD made the objection that the bill had not been considered by the Committee.

Mr. FARNSWORTH had read an indorsement on the bill by a majority of the Committee, including three of the four Democratic members, consenting to its being reported.

The Speaker put the question to the House whether the bill should be received as the report of the Reconstruction Committee, and it was so ordered.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, asked when the Reconstruction Committee would present a general bill on the subject.

Mr. FARNSWORTH said he was prepared to support such a bill at any moment; but he was only acting as Chairman of the Committee in the absence of the Chairman, Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts.

Mr. COBB, of Wisconsin, moved to include the name of H. B. SIMEONDS, Texas. Agreed to.

Mr. PETERS moved to include the name of RICHARD JORDAN, of Texas, formerly of Maine. Agreed to.

Mr. COX declared for himself and his colleague, Mr. BROOKS, who opposed these partial bills, that they were in favor, as the great body of the House was, of a general system of amnesty. These bills were confessedly got up for the purpose of enabling men to take office, and were nothing more nor less than premiums given to certain parties for their profligacy in politics. The negroes of the South were far more generous toward their white brethren than the House of Representatives was. He would rather trust their kindness of heart and their generosity of disposition than he would trust the white representatives, who were postponing and postponing till the day of judgment.

Mr. MORGAN condemned the course of the two gentlemen from New-York (COX and BROOKS) in reference to the Disability bills, and he wanted the fact to go to the country that only two or three gentlemen on the Democratic side of the House objected to the removal of political disabilities from the people of the South.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, said that he did not object to the removal of political disabilities.

Mr. MORGAN—Yes, Sir, you do. You object incessantly. You have never lost an opportunity to object. I know that you have taken the ground of wanting a bill of general amnesty; but nevertheless you have constantly and persistently objected to the removal of disabilities from the Southern people.

Mr. BROOKS said it was well known that he had been in the very front rank of those who desired to remove individual disabilities, but he found them in the main removals for party purposes, while those who belonged to the Democratic Party were refused removals of their disabilities. He believed that the hour had come for universal amnesty, from what he heard say in Southern negro Legislatures; he would rather insist for amnesty to the Americans of the South than he would to the majority of the House. The whole object of his policy in opposing bills for individual amnesty had been to awaken and arouse the attention of the House to the injustice of that mode of procedure, and to procure early action for the removal of all disabilities.

After further discussion the bill was passed without a division.

ANOTHER LOUISIANA ELECTION CASE.

Mr. STEVENSON, from the Sub-committee of Elections, made a report in the election case from the Fifth Congressional District of Louisiana, that there was no lawful election in that district, and that neither GEORGE W. MCCRANIE, FRANK MOREY nor P. J. KENNEDY was entitled to the seat. He gave notice that he would call up the report to-morrow.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

The House then went to the business of the morning hour, being the bill reported yesterday from the Committee on Retrenchment to establish a Department of Justice. (The bill, of which a synopsis was given in yesterday's proceedings, is a consolidation of two bills prepared and introduced by Messrs. JENCKES and LAWRENCE.)

Mr. JENCKES addressed the House in explanation and advocacy of the bill. It was further advocated by Mr. LAWRENCE.

During the discussion the morning hour expired.

THE TARIFF.

Unglazed Sheet-iron.

The House then, at 3 o'clock, went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff bill, Mr. WHEELER in the chair, the pending paragraph being that taxing sheet or plate iron not glazed or polished, which paragraph Mr. ALLISON has moved to strike out.

Mr. SCHENCK said the Committee of Ways and Means did not object to its being struck out. The paragraph was struck out.

The next paragraph was that taxing iron hoops and cotton ties made of hoop-iron cut to lengths, all sizes and descriptions, two and a half cents per pound.

Mr. BUCKLEY moved to reduce the tax to one cent per pound. He advocated it in the cotton interest, the use of iron hoops for binding bales diminishing materially the rate of insurance on cotton.

Mr. SCHENCK opposed the amendment, but was willing to agree to two cents per pound, which was only one-quarter of a cent more than the duty on hoops.

THE RICHMOND CALAMITY.

The proceedings were interrupted to allow Mr. PLATT to announce the calamity which occurred this morning at Richmond, Va., by the falling of the floor of the Court-room in which the decision was being announced on the question of the constitutionality of the Enabling act. He read a dispatch just received by him stating that there were nearly forty persons killed and a very large number wounded, including Gov. WELLS, fatally, and since reported dead. Mr. COX suggested that, as after such intelligence the House was in no condition to transact business, it had better adjourn.

Mr. SCHENCK said the intelligence was very sad and distressing, but he did not think the House could do any good in the matter by adjourning. Mr. COX withdrew the suggestion.

THE TARIFF DEBATE RESUMED.

The discussion on Mr. BUCKLEY's amendment was resumed.

Mr. LOGAN moved to make it one and a half cents, which was rejected by a vote of 58 to 60.

Mr. LOGAN then moved to make it one and three-quarters cents, which was agreed to.

Mr. BUCKLEY's amendment as thus amended was agreed to.

Mr. CONNOR moved to strike out the paragraph, which, he said, would leave the tax as it stands at present, thirty-five per cent. ad valorem, equal to about one and a half cent. per pound. The increase of the duty would be a blow at the Southern section of the country.

Without disposing of the motion, the Committee at 4½ o'clock took a recess until 7½ o'clock this evening.

EVENING SESSION.

The Committee of the Whole resumed its session on the Tariff bill at 7½ o'clock, (Mr. WHEELER in the chair,) the pending paragraph as amended being:

"On iron hoops, and on cotton ties made of hoop iron, cut to lengths, all sizes and descriptions, one and three-fourth cents per pound."

After discussion, the motion to strike out the paragraph was rejected—33 to 83.

The next paragraph was, on motion of Mr. SCHENCK, modified so as to read:

"On all iron rolled or hammered in shapes, and on iron known as angle iron, whether in T, L and H or in other forms than round, square or flat, not otherwise provided for, but not including iron rails for railroads, one and a quarter cents per pound."

Mr. BURCHARD moved to make the tax $20 per ton, and advocated this amendment.

The amendment was opposed by Mr. TOWNSEND and was rejected.

Various other amendments were rejected.

The Committee then rose in order to have debate closed.

Mr. SCHENCK moved to close the debate in half a minute.

Mr. HOLMAN moved to extend the time to fifteen minutes, and called for the yeas and nays.

Mr. SCHENCK suggested a compromise on ten minutes.

Messrs. HOLMAN, ELDRIDGE and other Democrats rejected the proposed compromise.

Mr. SCHENCK—Very well. Then you won't have any time.

Mr. HOLMES' motion was rejected on a vote by yeas and nays.

The motion to stop debate in half a minute was agreed to, and the House again went into Committee.

Mr. COX moved a proviso, that no duty under the paragraph shall exceed fifty per cent. ad valorem.

Mr. ELDRIDGE moved as an amendment, that it shall not exceed thirty-five per cent. ad valorem.

Both amendments were rejected, and the Committee passed on to the next paragraph, which, on motion of Mr. SCHENCK, was modified so as to read:

"On railway splice-bars, side-bars, fish-plates, and finger-bars, punched or unpunched, one and one-half cents per pound; on wrought iron, railway-chairs, frogs and frog-points of iron, two cents per pound."

Mr. BENJAMIN moved to add to it:

"On railroad iron made to pattern and fitted to be laid down, sixty cents per 100 pounds."

Mr. INGERSOLL moved to reduce it to fifty cents.

After argument by Messrs. INGERSOLL, BENJAMIN and ASPER in favor of cheap railroad iron, and by Messrs. KELLEY against the amendments, Mr. INGERSOLL's amendment was rejected by 51 to 66.

Mr. SCHENCK moved that the Committee rise in order to close the debate.

Several MEMBERS—No, no. This is the most important part of the bill.

The Committee rose and Mr. SCHENCK moved to close the debate on the pending paragraph in ten minutes and moved the previous question.

Messrs. COX, ELDRIDGE and INGERSOLL rose simultaneously to move an adjournment.

The Speaker *pro tem.* declined to entertain the motion while the House was being counted.

On a count by the Chair there was no quorum voting, and the Speaker appointed tellers.

Mr. ELDRIDGE again moved to adjourn.

The Speaker *pro tem.* declined to entertain the motion.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—I appeal from the decision of the Chair.

The Speaker *pro tem.* declined to entertain the appeal while a vote was being taker..

Mr. ELDRIDGE (excitedly)—This is the most arbitrary proceeding I ever heard.

The Speaker *pro tem.*—The gentleman is out of order, and will take his seat.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—The Chair is out of order. [Laughter.]

On the count by the tellers, the Democrats generally abstained from voting, and no quorum voted.

The Speaker *pro tem.* then explained that he had not recognized the motion for adjournment while the House was ascertaining whether there was a quorum present.

Mr. SCHENCK moved for a call of the House.

Mr. COX, at 9:45, moved that the House adjourn; and Mr. ELDRIDGE moved that when it do adjourn it be until Friday, and on that he demanded the yeas and nays.

The motion was rejected—5 to 143; and then, at 10 o'clock, the House adjourned.

The Sheltering Arms Bazaar.

The Fair continues on its way rejoicing, although the signs of its approaching dissolution are beginning to manifest themselves in the shape of various orders from the Executive Committee Rooms. Consideration for Major MONTGOMERY and his energetic associates will suggest pleasurable feelings at the speedy demise of the Bazaar, although its popularity continues undiminished. The fact that the very best things can be bought for less, at the Fair, than anywhere else, is becoming more and more appreciated. The megalethoscope, loaned by Admiral FARRAGUT, with numerous views of Europe, shown by moonlight, gaslight and daylight, attracts much attention. The following notice has been issued: "The Bazaar will close on Saturday evening, April 30, at 11 o'clock P. M. On Friday evening, commencing at 7½ o'clock, an auction will be held for the disposal of such goods as may remain unsold. Messrs. BLEECKER & CO. have kindly offered their services as auctioneers. The auction will be continued on Saturday afternoon, from 2 until 6, and in the evening from 8 to 10."

On Saturday evening, at 8½ o'clock, a promenade concert will take place in the picture gallery. LANDER's Band will perform several choice selections, and Mme. SALVOTTI and Signor MORA will assist. The restaurant branch of the refreshment saloon will close on Thursday night at 11 o'clock. A splendid basket of flowers is offered at the floral temple to the lady receiving the largest number of votes. Voting is by ballot, and the result will be announced at the close of the Fair. On Friday afternoon the children of the "Sheltering Arms" institution will visit the Bazaar.

The voting for the Weber piano is beginning to be spirited. Mrs. Potter has 70 votes; Mrs. Montgomery 54, and Mrs. Washburne 15. The voting for the watch stood at 10:30 last evening: Dr. Weston, 550 votes; Dr. Washburne, 485; Dr. Conrad, 464; Pope Pius IX., 340; Dr. Potter, 299; Dr. Montgomery, 174; Dr. Peters, 43. The polls close at 5 o'clock this afternoon, and Mr. HAMMERSLEY announces that from 3 to 5 o'clock of Thursday, April 28, none but musical tickets will be received for the watch. The result of the vote will be announced as soon as counted, and announced. With regard to the figures, the door, yesterday, received $813 75; the restaurant, $200; picture gallery, $300; Church of the Incarnation, $257; book table, $97. Over $3,000 was received for the Sheltering Arms by the exhibition of the Belmont Gallery, Mr. KNOEDLER having handed to the managers his check for that amount. LANDER's programme for tonight will be found in our advertising columns.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM-SHIP ALASKA FROM ASPINWALL.

The steam-ship *Alaska*, from Aspinwall April 19, reached this port yesterday. Her advices contain important intelligence in regard to the Darien Canal. The *Alaska* brings the subjoined

SPECIE LIST.

Wells, Fargo & Co..	$94,760	Lees & Waller.....	$10,000
Ribon & Munos.....	8,826	Order	10,000
Total.....			$53,585

United States of Colombia—Tidings from Bogota—Marine Disaster—Two Robinson Crusoes—Miscellaneous Gossip.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ASPINWALL, ISTHMUS OF PANAMA, U. S. C., Monday, April 18, 1870.

The mails from Bogota reached Carthagena in time to be sent forward by the Royal Mail steamer *Elbe*, over two weeks ago, but the Colombian officials would not pay the charge for transporting them by steam, and so forwarded them by a trading schooner, which, after stopping at Caledonia Bay and San Blas, reached Aspinwall Sunday, the 17th inst.

My letters are dated Bogota, March 13, 1870, and contain little of interest. Gen. SALGAR, the newly-elected President, was not expected to arrive at the capital until the 20th. The canal treaty was meeting with some opposition in the Senate, but it was expected that with Gen. SALGAR's influence it would be adopted by the Columbian Congress. The health of the city was good, and the interior States quiet.

MARINE DISASTER.

By the arrival of the *Ocean Belle*, from San Andres, this evening, I am enabled to send you news of the loss of the American bark *Kremlin*, of Boston, Mass. She left this port on the 18th of March, bound to Cuba. I copy the following from the Captain's letter dated:

ISLAND OF ST. ANDRES, U. S. C., March 20.

At 10 P. M., on the night of the 22d, we were piled up on the Seranna Keys; by my reckoning we were a long way to the westward of it, and I felt assured we were going all clear, but it proved otherwise, so we remained on board until morning, when the bark began to break up. We then took to the boats and landed on the south-west Key to get ready for our voyage to Old Providence, but what was our surprise to find on the Key two negroes and a big dog; they had been there over a year digging guane for a Philadelphia firm. The vessel which brought them to the Key was to return in three months' time and take the guane, but she has not been there since. According to their story, they left Philadelphia Jan. 18, 1869. They have subsisted on birds' eggs alone for over three months. They did not know what day or what month it was, and they were so emaciated and weak they could not walk down to the beach. We took them along with us, and landed them in Old Providence, where they are improving rapidly. I firmly believe they would have died in a fortnight more. Myself, mate and one man are going home on the schooner *Samuel R. Fubens*. We shall touch at Old Providence, where I shall get more particulars from those poor fellows, and report the case when I get to New-York. The United States commercial agent here will send the remainder of my crew to the American Consul at Aspinwall."

MISCELLANEOUS GOSSIP.

I am informed that the statue of COLON (COLUMBUS) presented by the Empress of France to Gen. MOSQUERA, when President of this Republic, has been forwarded by the steamship *Imperatrice Eugenie*, due at this port on the 26th of April; and I also learn that the French Admiral at Martinique has received instructions to send a man-of-war to Aspinwall, for the purpose of rendering any assistance required in landing the statue and placing it in position. As this city is called Colon, (by the Colombians,) it would seem appropriate to erect the statue of COLON here, but rumor says it will be taken to BOGATA....The Panama Railroad Company have commenced the erection of a large granite monument, in honor of the projector of said railroad, on the green between their stone church and the Washington House, and when completed will add much to the beauty of the green....The health of the Isthmus is perfectly good, the weather pleasant and the country is at peace.

THE DARIEN CANAL.

Progress of the American Expedition—Favorable Reports—Much Accomplished in a Short Time—Enthusiasm of the Officers and Men.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ASPINWALL, Isthmus of Panama, Monday, April 18, 1870.

From the Darien Surveying Expedition I am able to furnish you with news to the 11th of April. On the 30th of March the following telegram was sent from the furthest camp, No. 9, dated

ON THE SUMMIT OF THE DIVIDING RIDGE BETWEEN THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SLOPE, ISTHMUS OF DARIEN, March 30, 1870—A. M.

To Lieut.-Commander E. P. Lull, United States Steamship Guard, Caledonia Bay:

The entire column of the Surveying and Telegraphic Corps unite in sending you and all friends on board, a greeting from the summit of the dividing ridge. Looking to the westward we see the long, looked for slope of the Pacific stretching far away, seemingly an impenetrable forest; to the northeast Caledonia Bay and the *Guard* is plainly visible; immediately around me I see Lieut. Schulze, Mr. J. A. Sullivan, Ensigns Ogden and Eaton, of the *Guard*, Messrs. H. L. Marindin, J. P. Carson, T. H. O'Sullivan and Calvin MacDowell, and as I telegraph this message they are singing "Jordan is a hard road to travel."

[Signed,] W. H. CLARKE.

The reply was as follows:

UNITED STATES STEAM-SHIP "GUARD," CALEDONIA BAY, March 30, 1870.

To W. H. Clarke, Chief Electrician, on the Summit of the Dividing Ridge, Isthmus of Darien.

The Hydrographic Corps, the Graphic Corps, (consisting of KARCHER,) the Typographic Corps, the mariners and soldiers send their congratulations to their brothers at the front on having reached the dividing ridge, and if we had the power we would confer the Cross of the "Legion of Honor" upon you all, for you have certainly earned it.

(Signed,) E. P. LULL.

On the 5th of April, the surveyors, levelers and telegraphers had all reached the banks of the Sucubti River, on the Pacific side of the mountains, about fifteen miles from its mouth, when Mr. SULLIVAN, Assistant Engineer United States Coast Survey; Lieut. SCHULZE, executive officer of the *Guard*; FRED. COLLINS, Ensign of the *Guard*; Mr. J. P. CARSON, mineralogist, now in charge of the barometrical levels, together with fifty marines under command of Major GEO. PORTER HOUSTON and Lieut. M. C. GOODRELL, with six Machetta men, started for the Chuiguanaque for the purpose of determining the heighth and position of the mouths of the Navigandа, Asuati, Morti and Sucubti Rivers. They expected to return in eight days. The country over which the expedition has passed is of the roughest kind. The construction of a telegraph line of uninsulated wire through such a country, and with a force of only four men, is a feat not easily performed. Capt. SELFRIDGE has a party now surveying on a line extending inland from Sasadi, on the upper part of Caledonia Bay, toward the head-waters of the Morti River; they have advanced about nine miles and met with great success. There will be a telegraph line built over their trail at once. A telegram was received on board the *Guard*, on the 5th inst., from Camp No. 9 on the Sucubiti, announcing the illness of Assistant Surgeon GRIFFITH. On the seventh he was brought down to the *Guard*, very sick with fever; he was receiving every possible attention, and was not considered in a dangerous condition.

A party of Sucubti Indians visited Camp No. 9, headed by one of their Chiefs. They were the first of that tribe met with since Commodore SELFRIDGE made his reconnoissance to their village, in February last. It will be remembered that they then objected to his sending a party through their country to the Chuiquanaque, but now they seemed extremely friendly. The Chief entered the head-quarters of Camp No. 9 and broke bread and divided it between the officers, saving a piece for himself, and then made signs that they should eat it as a token of friendship. The Indians were astonished to see with what rapidity and accuracy the Yankees could discharge their carbines and six-shooters, but when Lieut. SCHULTZ poured water into one of the carbines and then fired it, their eyes grew large, and they set up a regular pow-wow. The telegraph was explained to them, and when they were told it was used to talk with the big chief on board of the ship, they could not comprehend it, but felt it very sensibly when the Chief Electrician invited them to taste the current, they being barefooted and the ground damp, the effect of a connection between the wire and tongue caused the poor Indians to "see stars."

When parting they shook hands heartily, and expressed perfect friendliness. The Sucubti Indians are the tribe from whom Commander SELFRIDGE feared the strongest opposition to his passage across the Darien, and it was expected they would fight, but everything is passing off quietly. Our people respect every species of property belonging to the natives, and always treat them with great respect and friendship. The Indians never molest the surveyors or their property, not even to the value of a cent's worth. The Sucubti Indians are far superior in appearance to any the explorers have met on the Isthmus. Among this tribe some of the handsomest men can be seen, equal to any in the most favored land.

The surveys on the Sucubti have terminated; the head-waters are at an elevation of 535 feet above the mean level of the Atlantic, which shows the folly of supposing there is a pass in the Cordilleras under that elevation. This forever stamps that route as being impracticable for a ship-canal. The officers composing the first line of survey, who commenced their labors on the 23d of February, terminating on the 7th of April, 1870, on the banks of the Sucubti, have been out every day, and have evinced great pluck and endurance, and in fact proved themselves heroes. They have traveled through rivers, creeks, mud and rain every day since they started, and many a night have slept with two and three inches of water in their bunks. Their names deserve notice, and so I give a list: Lieut. G. C. Schulze, commanding party; J. A. Sullivan and H. G. Ogden, Assistant United States Coast Survey; W. H. Clarke, Chief Electrician; J. P. Carson, Naturalist; Ensign Fred. Collins, Sketcher of Survey route; Ensign A. Elliott, Recorder of Notes; Calvin McDowell, Telegraph Constructor; Ensign J. G. Eaton, with transit; H. L. Marindin, in charge of level.

On the 8th, news from the Morti River party continued favorable; they had reached the Morti River, on the Pacific slope, having encountered very low elevations, and from what I can learn, I am inclined to think that this Morti route will be found feasible for constructing a ship-canal. The Indians in the Morti country are proving friendly. Commander SELFRIDGE expects to make a thorough *reconnaissance* of the entire Morti region as soon as possible after the Chuiquanaque party return. Various discoveries of gold, silver, copper, iron, &c., have been made, and there is no doubt in my mind but what the entire mountain region is filled with valuable deposits of precious metals. Coal has not yet been discovered.

Telegraph operations are progressing rapidly on the Morti route, and it is hoped that by the time the party return from the Chuiquanaque the line will be in operation. The Sucubti River line will then be taken down, and the main office moved from "Nipsic" Point—Isle de Oro—to Sasadi. The *Guard* will join the *Nipsic* at Sasadi, and as soon as work on the Morti is finished, the *Nipsic* will move up to San Blas, when Commander SELFRIDGE will commence operations, and the *Guard* will go to the Carthagena to return the donkeys and machete men, which the *Nipsic* brought from there, and proceed thence direct to New-York.

The United States steam-ship *Nyack* reached the Bay of San Miguel on the 13th inst. to cooperate with the Darien Expedition. The United States flag-ship *Saranac*, Rear-Admiral TURNER, arrived at Panama on the night of the 13th, from San Francisco. The United States steam-ship *Tuscarora* has been ordered to Key West, where it is supposed she will receive instructions to proceed to Cuba. The *Tuscarora's* relief had not arrived up to the hour of her sailing on the 13th inst. It is the first time for a long while that Aspinwall has been without a United States man-of-war to guard American interests, and it is to be hoped that the *Seminole* will soon be in the waters of this bay. A schooner left here this morning for Caledonia Bay, carrying the mails for the Darien Expedition, which were received per *Alaska* on the 13th inst.

LATEST ADVICES.

The following bulletin has just been issued by the Panama *Mail* office:

PANAMA, Saturday, April 16, 1870.

A schooner arrived at Colon from Caledonia Bay on the evening of the 14th, having left the bay on the 11th.

The surveying party had reached the Chucunaque River, and the telegraph had been laid to the Sucubibi, nine miles from the landing place in Caledonia Bay. The cutting a canal by that route has been found to be perfectly impracticable. One hill, 1,180 feet high, formed an obstruction, and from its extent there was no means of going round it. The *Nipsic* was at Sasardi Bay; her party had reached a distance of nine miles, and were still proceeding, but had met with obstacles on the coast, which render it almost certain that no practicable route in that direction will be found. A telegraph line had been already constructed for four and a half miles from Sasardi Bay. The *Guard* was to leave Caledonia Bay and join the *Nipsic* at Sasardi, and remain there two weeks, and then, in the event of no route being discovered, would proceed to San Blas to continue explorations. Our accounts of the order and discipline maintained by Commander SELFRIDGE are most complimentary—the perseverance and energy shown by all unprecedented.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatrical.

MR. FECHTER AT THE FRENCH THEATER.

Mr. FECHTER made his reappearance last night before a crowded and highly enthusiastic audience. He was received with cheers of welcome, and went through the part of *Claude Melnotte* with a fervor that gave little indication of the illness from which he has lately been suffering. The performance was, in truth, more unmistakably impressive, in a popular sense, than was the first impersonation of either of the other three parts which Mr. FECHTER has previously acted here. Of its particular merits as a work of art we shall speak hereafter; observing only for the present that there are certain qualities in the nature of BULWER LYTTON'S impassioned French peasant which seem peculiarly congenial to the temperament of the actor, and which, consequently, afford fine opportunities for that electrical effect which is Mr. FECHTER'S most potent force and charm. Judging from the numbers and delight of the audience of last evening, the "Lady of Lyons" may be depended on to crowd the French Theater for nights to come.

OLD COMEDIES AT WALLACK'S.

SHERIDAN KNOWLES' comedy of "The Love Chase" was acted last evening at Wallack's. Though it can hardly be classed with the old comedies in point of years of existence, it bears more apparent marks of age than "The School for Scandal," to which it is inferior by reason of its greater intricacy of plot and weaker dialogue. With so satisfactory an interpretation as it had last evening, though, its half-antiquated air is no impediment to its good impression and renewed popularity. "The Love Chase" had not been acted at Wallack's for six years. Its reproduction was very brilliant. Miss MADELINE HENRIQUES' personation of *Constance* is without doubt the most finished as well as the most effective of her efforts this season, while Mr. WYNDHAM'S rendering of *Wildrake*, though it might have been strengthened by a greater brusquerie, was almost as conspicuous for study if not for result. These artists wrought the success of the entertainment, and Miss HENRIQUES' skillful gradation of comical anger in the scene in the fourth act, in which *Wildrake* speaks to her of an imaginary love-suit, secured

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange yesterday the sales were not numerous. A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & Co. disposed of the following property: A three-story high-stoop brick house and lot, on the north side, No. 215 West Twenty-fourth-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues; lot 21.5½x98.9; mortgaged for $3,000; sold for $12,150. A four-story English-basement brick house, on the south side, No. 240 West Forty-third-street, between the same avenues; lot 16.8x100.4; mortgaged for $4,500; sold for $11,400. Both these pieces of property belonged to the estate of HENRIETTA VAN DEWEILE, deceased, and were sold by order of the executrix. Two lots on the north side of West Fifty-seventh-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; each 25x100.5, and jointly mortgaged for $10,080; sold for $5,900 apiece; and two lots on the south side of Fifty-eighth-street, same size, adjoining the above lots in the rear, jointly mortgaged for $6,440, sold for $4,100 each. A three-story high-stoop brick house in West Twenty-third-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, known as No. 37 London-terrace, situated on a lot under a lease having seventeen years to run, with covenant for renewal, sold for $10,000. The lot is 24x117.6, and is subject to a yearly ground rent of $242. The house and lot No. 211 West Fourteenth-street, advertised for yesterday, was withdrawn, an injunction having been put upon the sale, and the property taken into Court.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & Co. sold a two-story brick house and lot, east side, No. 2 Willett-street, near Grand, for $8,900. The lot is 19x50, and the property is said to rent for $1,000 a year. Five lots in One Hundred and Thirty-seventh-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, twenty feet front by a depth of half the block, brought $2,350 each. The sale of three lots on St. Mary's-avenue, in Stapleton, S. I., was postponed. A four-story house and lot in East Seventeenth-street, near Union-square, was put up, and the bidding had already reached $37,500, when the owner declined to dispose of the property, and it was withdrawn. The same firm also sold, under an order of the Supreme Court, an unfinished house and lot on the west side of Fifth-avenue, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets, for $5,000. The lot is 50x125, and is one of the Columbia College leases. The property is heavily mortgaged, and was sold and bid in to perfect the title.

ROBERTS & MCGUIRE sold a two-story brick house and lot known as No. 25 Broome-street, 75 feet west of Mangin-street, for $4,650. The lot is 25x75. The house and lot No. 144 Second-avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, which was down for yesterday, was not offered, having been privately disposed of. Also, by ROBERTS & MCGUIRE offer to-day a large lot of improved property on Chambers, Mott, Elm and Marion streets.

D. M. SEAMAN sold, at referee's sale, a lot in West Tenth-street known as No. 277, for $37,000. The lot is 22 feet front by 16 in the rear and 56 feet in depth.

The sales of lots at Passaic, N. J., yesterday, by A. A. MORRIS, JR., & BROTHER, was quite successful. Twenty-four lots were disposed of at what were considered very fair prices. The particulars will be found in the summary below.

At private sale, P. CALLAGHAN has sold two lots near Central Park for $90,000. The lots are situated as follows; 25 feet on Fifty-ninth-street, fronting the Park, 200 feet 10 inches fronting the Plaza or Fifth-avenue, and 25 feet fronting on Fifty-eighth-street.

W. H. RANDOLPH has also effected a private sale of four lots on the north-west corner of Avenue A and One Hundred and Third-street, each 25x100, and also eight full lots in the rear, fronting on One Hundred and Third-street, for $7,000. These lots lie in the salt-water swamp, but no water rights are included in the sale. He has, in addition, sold four lots on the south-west corner of Eleventh-avenue and Eighty-fifth-street, each 25.6½x100, for $3,000 each, or $12,000 in the aggregate.

Summary of Yesterday's Sales.

NEW-YORK.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

Three-story house and lot No. 215 n. s. of 24th-st., 267.1 ft. w. of 7th-av., lot 21.5½x98.9, house 21.5x50..... $12,150

Four-story house and lot No. 240, s. s. of 43d-st., 388.4 ft. w. of 7th-av., lot 16.8x100.4, house 16x45..... 11,400

3 lots n. s. of 57th-st., 225 ft. w. of 9th-av., each 25x100.5, $5,900 apiece..... 11,800

2 lots s. s. of 58th-st., 225 ft. w. of 9th-av., each 25x100.5, $4,100 apiece..... 8,200

Three-story house and lot No. 435 West 23d-st., (London-terrace,) between 9th and 10th avs., lot 24x117.6..... 10,000

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.

Two-story house and lot, e. s., No. 2 Willett-st., between Broome and Grand sts., 60 ft. from latter, lot 19x50, house 19x35..... $8,900

5 lots, s. s., 127 ft. w. of 8th-av., each 20x lot and half the block, $2,350 each..... 11,750

By Roberts & McGuire.

Two-story house and lot, e. s., No. 25 Broome-st., 75 ft. w. of Mangin-st., lot 25x75..... $4,650

By D. M. Seaman.

1 lot No. 277 West 10th-st., 22x56x16..... $3,700

PASSAIC, N. J.

By A. D. Melbick, Jr., & Brother.

3 lots, 25x100 ft., fronting on Bond-st., each $227 50..... $682 50

3 lots, 25x100 ft., fronting on Howard-st., each $180..... 540 00

3 lots, 25x100 ft., fronting on Bond-st., each $117 50. 352 50

3 lots, 25x100 ft., opposite last, each $235..... 705 00

3 lots, 25x100 ft., adjoining, each $240..... 720 00

3 lots, 25x100 ft., opposite last, each $225..... 675 00

3 lots, 25x100 ft., adjoining, each $217 50..... 652 50

3 lots, 25x100 ft., e. s. Bond-st., each $217 50..... 652 50

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK CITY.

City Hall-place, s. s., 122.6 ft. w. of Pearl-st., 19.10x99.11..... $14,700

Cherry-st., No. 172, 25x94, h. and l..... 12,000

Laurens-st., e. s., 103.7 ft. s. of Broome-st., 21.2½x82.6, h. and l..... 35,000

Laurens-st., e. s., 82.5 ft. s. of Broome-st., 21.2½x82.6, h. and l.....

Suffolk-st., e. s., 150 ft. n. of Broome-st., 25x100.. 12,000

26th-st., n. s., 413.6 ft. w. of 5th-av., 17.5x75.3.... 25,000

21st-st., 695 ft. w. of 5th-av., 18x92, h. and l..... 30,000

33d-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 1st-av., 25x98.9, h. and l. 6,500

33d-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 1st-av., 25x98.9, h. and l. 8,500

33d-st., s. s., 386 ft. w. of 7th-av., 15x75..... 15,000

29th-st., n. s., 777.1 ft. w. of 9th-av., 21.5x98.9.... 32,500

87th-st., n. s., 66.8 ft. e. of 11th-av., 16.8x100, h. and l..... 15,000

65th-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of 2d-av., 18.9x100, h. and l.. 7,600

71st-st., n. s., 149.6 ft. w. of 2d-av., 18.6x102.2..... 16,000

72d-st., n. s., 290 ft. e. of 3d-av., 25x102.2..... 4,500

106th-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x100.9..... 2,700

106th-st., s. s., 300 ft. e. of 5th-av., 50x100.9..... 4,810

123d-st., s. s., 81 ft. w. of 3d-av., 19x51.10, h. and l. 5,000

1st-av., w. s., 84.8 ft. s. of 34th-st., 21.1x100, h. and l. 9,250

84th-st., 100 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25x102..... 3,000

5th-av., e. s., 75.5 ft. s. of 63d-st., 25x100..... 35,000

5th-av., e. s., 50.5 ft. s. of 63d-st., 25x100..... 35,000

6th-av., e. s., 63.5 ft. s. of 29th-st., 40x75..... 85,000

11th-st., No. 118 West, 25x94.10, G. W. Beers to his wife, Summer residence and farm at Islip, L. I.

8th-av., w. s., 25.5 ft. s. of 71st-st., 50x100..... 30,000

Leases Recorded.

Grand-st., No. 313, 9 years, per year..... $1,200

Grand-st., No. 313½, 9 years, per year..... 1,200

Park-row, No. 21, (4 rooms,) 3 years, per year.... 1,350

1st-av., No. 145, 5 years, per year..... 1,600

1st-av., e. s., 120 ft. s. of 37th-st., 184x235, 10 years, per year..... 4,500

2d-av., No. 542, 5 years, per year..... 2,500

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Bergen-st., n. s., 180 ft. w. of Nevins-st., 20x100.. $10,000

Bridge-st., e. s., 177.5 ft. n. of Tillary-st., 22x100.3, h. and l..... 6,000

Devoe-st., n. s., 115 ft. w. of Lorrimer-st., 17.6x75 3,900

Devoe-st., n. s., 80 ft. w. of Lorrimer-st., 17.6x75.. 3,250

Elm-place, s. e. s., 46 ft. n. e. of Livingston-st., 21x125, h. and l..... 25,000

Elm-st., n. w. s., 581.4 ft. s. w. of Wyckoff-av., 25 x..... nom.

Fort Greene-place, w. s., 249.6 ft. n. of Fulton-av., 20x100..... 8,750

Grand-st., s. s., 25 ft. e. of 3d-st., 25x100..... 6,000

Grand-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Graham-av., 25x125. 8,000

Hamilton-st., e. s., 775 ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 18.9x100, h. and l..... 7,000

Hanover-place, w. s., 80 ft. n. of Livingston-st., 20x100..... 7,500

Hoyt-st., e. s., 71 ft. s. of Fulton-av., 25x105.9..... 10,000

Monroe-st., n. s., 116.8 ft. e. of Yates-av., 16.8x100. 4,000

Monroe-st., s. s., 250 ft. e. of Raibh-av., 50x100, h. and l..... 8,500

Oxford-st., e. s., 201.6 ft. s. of De Kalb-av., 66.10x100..... 20,000

Oxford-st., e. s., 121.10 ft. s. of De Kalb-av., 22x100. 30,000

Quincy-st., n. s., 206 ft. e. of Franklin-av., 20x100. 2,000

Raymond-st., e. s., 228.2 ft. n. of Fulton-av., 44x126.10..... 16,000

Skillman and Lorrimer sts., s. w. corner, 80x20, h. and l..... 6,000

Skillman-st., w. s., 99 ft. s. of De Kalb-av., 20x100..... 6,000

State-st., e. s., 104 ft. w. of Court-st., 18.6x80.... 13,000

St. Felix-st., e. s., 120 ft. n. of Hanson-place, 20x70..... 8,600

Union-st., n. s., 80 ft. w. of Smith-st., 45x100, h. and l..... 14,000

Walworth-st., w. s., 356 ft. n. of Tilary-st., 25x100..... 800

Willoughby-st., n. s., 65.7 ft. e. of Jay-st., 21x100, h. and l..... 9,500

Wyckoff-st., n. s., 300 ft. e. of Pacific-st., 50x100.... 210

6th and Fillmore sts., s. w. corner, 18.10x71.4x17.8 x68..... 9,000

8th-st., n. s., 222.10 ft. e. of 6th-av., 75x100..... 16,000

9th-st., n. s., 330.11 ft. w. of 3d-av., 16.1x100..... 2,600

South 9th and 8th sts., s. w. corner, 24x75..... 8,100

10th-st., n. s., 100 ft. South 8th-st., 22x100..... 1,200

Cortelyou, Hawthorne, Nostrand, Brooklyn, Huron, Albany, Troy, Schenectady ave's, lots Nos. 1 to 494 inclusive, J. Pecare's property, ¼ shares..... 18,750

Evergreen-av., w. s., 25 ft. n. of Conselyea-st., 25x100..... 3,000

Flushing-av., n. s., 25 ft. e. of Kent-av., 25x100.. 4,700

Gates-av., s. s., 345 ft. w. of Franklin-av., 143.7x200 30,000

Greene-av., n. s., 180 ft. w. of Throop-av., 20x100. 7,000

Hamilton and Atlantic avs., n. e. corner, 100x 116.3, October, 1853..... 726

Kent-av., w. s., 237 ft. n. of Willoughby-av., 25x 200, bad error in deed..... 6,000

Metropolitan-av., e. s., 475 ft. e. of Bushwick-av., 25x100..... 3,000

St. Nicholas and Wyckoff avs., and Elm, Chestnut, Stockholm, Conselyea, Himrod, Harman sts., lots Nos. 1 to 267, inclusive, J. Pecare's property, ¼ shares..... 14,375

Throop-av., w. s., 100 ft. s. of Whipple-st., 20x50.2 x50.2x20x51.4x61.4..... 1,700

Wythe-av., s. w. s., 40 ft. n. w. of Wilson-st., 20x70 8,000

3d-av., w. s., 60 ft. s. of Wyckoff-st., 20x80..... 10,000

Plot on Barren Island, Indian Creek, 12 chains wide. Plot on Barren Island, adjoining Indian Creek and above plot, 15 chains wide..... about 120 acres. $4,000

QUEENS COUNTY.

Flushing.

Madison-st., s. s., 312 ft. e. of Parsons-av., 101x 149..... $8,000

Oyster Bay.

Newbridge road, e. s., adjoining McHenry's, 2 acres..... $500

Rockville Centre.

Village-av., w. s., adjoining estate of Wright, 50 x200..... $225

Uniondale.

Union-av., adjoining Barnum's, 46 acres..... $3,000

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Bedford.

A. J. Tryon's property, 44½ acres..... $4,000

Eastchester.

West-st., s. e. s., lot No. 271, West Mt. Vernon, 100x100..... $380

Brownville to Tuckahoe road, e. s., adjoining J. M. Prescott's, 4 387-1,000 acres..... 35,000

Greenwich-st., s. e. s., lot No. 396, West Mt. Vernon, 100x100..... 3,000

6th-av., e. s., lot No. 361, Central Mt. Vernon, 50x160..... 225

Greenburg.

Franklin-av., n. s., adjoining N. J. Jones'..... $19,000

Morrisania.

Main-st., n. e. s., 100 ft. n. w. of Morse-av., 50x 100..... $3,000

Yonkers.

Kingsbridge road to Williamsbridge road, n. w. s., adjoining Matson Cobes', 20x138..... $700

Riverdale-place, n. s., 196 ft. e. of Riverdale-av., 48x160..... 800

Sprain road, adjoining Caleb Smith's and Mary Cornell's property, 40 acres..... 1,000

Warburton-av., e. s., 75 ft. n. of Quincey-place, 100x190..... 3,500

NEW-JERSEY.

Newark.

High-st., w. s., adjoining Latmer's property, 20 x100..... $1,120

Stone-st., e. s., 400 ft. from Frelinghuysen's property, 30x95..... 1,100

South Orange-av., n. s., 61 ft. e. from Camden-st., 25x100..... 3,100

Bank-st., s. s., 72 ft. w. from Camden-st., 31x115 1,800

Kinney-st., n. s., adjoining Wells' property, 20x86 10,000

Clinton-av., s. s., 180 ft. w. of Johnson-av., 50x113 10,000

Montclair.

Crane to Moran-st., 1 7-100 acres..... $6,240

Union-st., s. s., adjoining S. Wild's property, 40x 120..... 3,000

Woodside.

Maple-st., n. s., adjoining Weightman's property, 175x200..... $7,500

Livingston.

MacReady to Oliver-st., 30 acres..... $2,000

Orange.

Main-st., s. s., adjoining Brook-alley, 74x284..... $20,000

East Orange.

West-st., w. s., 420 ft. s. of Maple-av., 70x563..... $775

West Orange.

Valley road, w. s., adjoining Williams' property, 5 43-100 acres..... $13,000

Jersey City.

Grove-st., e. s., lot No. 21, block No. 141, map of partition of Cole's estate..... $2,350

Hudson City.

Hague-st., s. s., lots Nos. 10, 11, 12 and 13, block F. Demott Homestead map, 100x100..... $2,000

Lincoln-st., n. s., lots Nos. 10 and 11, block D, Montgomery & Sherman's map, 50x100..... 1,525

Bergen.

Lexington-av., n. s., west of Bergen-av., lot No. 69, block No. 1, C. N. Buck's map..... $2,500

Bach-st., s. s., lots Nos. 19, 20, 24 and 26, map of Sherman's..... 2,800

Madison-av., e. s., lots Nos. 12, 14, 15 and 16, 100x100..... 6,000

Bayonne.

Dummy Railroad, w. s. Abraham C. Van Riker's lot, 52x117 6-12..... $1,000

West Hoboken.

Clinton and Hague sts., n. e. corner, 50x100..... $2,150

Kearney.

Joralemon-st., n. w. s., lots Nos. 113 and 114, map of S. K. Joralemon's property, 50x100..... $250

CITY REAL ESTATE.

VAN RENSSELAER & CRUGER,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
NO. 182 GRAND ST.
Special attention given to the care and management of estates. Houses, stores and offices rented.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY EXTRA-wide brick building on Bowling-Green; size 31x131 with alley-way to stable on Bridge-street, suitable for shipping or journals or offices. For price, terms &c., apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—A FOUR-story brown-stone house, south-west corner of 38th-st. and 7th-av.; house 18 feet 8 inches by 60 feet; lot, 98 feet 9 inches; price, $22,000; $12,000 can remain. Inquire of the owner, J. C. SARES, 122 West 56th-st.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESsion, a first-class two-story private stable, No. 114 West 50th-st, 25x70 feet; lot, 100 feet. Inquire on the premises, or of the owner, J. C. SARES, No. 122 West 56th-st. Price $16,000.

FOR SALE—NEAR THE 5TH-AV., THE four-story brown-stone high-stoop house (25 by 55, with bay windows) No. 9 West 52d-st.; this house is one of the best built and best located in the City. Inquire of I. P. HAYS, No. 72 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT THREE-STORY high-stoop brown-stone house in 47th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; price, with carpets, chandeliers, mirrors, cornices, $30,000. Address HOUSE, Box No. 1,752 Post-office.

MUST BE SOLD—ONE OF THE BEST built houses in West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; size, 20x83.100, four-story brown-stone, elegantly finished in hard wood. HATCH & BIKER, No. 1,272 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS brown-stone front houses, Nos. 32 and 34 West 51st-st.; 21x56. Inquire on premises, or of JAMES BLACKBURST, No. 225 West 48th-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN BROOKLYN, on Greene-av., near Ryerson-st., within thirty minutes' walk of the principal ferries, four new first-class brown-stone houses, with every improvement. For particulars inquire of GEORGE WILSON, Secretary Chamber of Commerce, No. 54 William-st., New-York, or of PATRICK WILLIAMS, No. 162 Ryerson-st., Brooklyn.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

J. L. DUMONT,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT,
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—The country-seat of the late E. Boonen Graves, consisting of about fifty acres, about 1¼ miles from the depot. There are on the premises a very large and costly mansion, containing more than twenty rooms, with all modern improvements; farm-house and two small tenements with barns, hot and cold grapery, greenhouse, filled with plants; stone ice-house, filled; all necessary out-buildings. Buildings and grounds in good order; location high, with fine water and inland views. In addition to former approach to the premises, a road passing under a railroad bridge has been made during the past year, thereby avoiding the necessity of crossing the railroad track.

For further particulars apply to R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st., or J. W. HARTLEY, No. 112 Wall-st., in the City of New-York.

FOR SALE AT GENEVA, ON SENECA LAKE—An elegant brick house, designed by one of the best architects, and built in the most substantial and thorough manner. The interior wood work is of native woods, finished in oil. The house is supplied with water and gas, and warmed by steam, and furnished with all modern improvements, to an extent seldom found away from our larger cities. With the house are twenty acres of land, well planted with fruit and ornamental trees, and tastefully laid out. The views from the house and surrounding country are very beautiful. For further particulars inquire of E. H. HURD, Esq., Geneva, or of the PRESIDENT OF THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK, New-York.

FOR SALE—FARM, THIRTY-THREE acres; good buildings; plenty fruit; three-quarters of a mile from railroad; thirty miles from New-York. Farm, seventy-five acres; good buildings; good soil; three-quarters of a mile from railroad; one and a half hours from New-York. Also house and lot 50x100; house nine rooms; two minutes to depot; one and a half hours from New-York. Each of the above very cheap and on easy terms. Must be sold. E. HUTTON, Nanuet, Rockland County, N. Y.

ONE HOUR FROM CITY HALL—Healthy locality, pleasant neighborhood, New-Brighton, Staten Island, ten minutes from ferry; hourly communication; for sale cheap. By order of executor. House, with two or more acres of land, garden, shade and fruit trees, never-failing stream of pure water runs at foot of lawn; barn and other outbuildings; terms easy; title indisputable. Send for circular. WM. A. COLLINS, No. 33 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AT Coytesville, near Fort Lee, on the Hudson, a large dwelling containing forty rooms, and one acre of ground, beautifully situated, and well adapted for a country boarding-house or private residence; will be sold now at a great sacrifice. Apply to JOHN LINN, No. 38 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

FOR SALE—NEWARK, N. J.—A THREE-story brick house, with all modern improvements, in good order; lot 24 by 125 feet; between Morris and Essex Railroad Depot and Centre-st. Price $18,000; terms easy. No broker need apply. Inquire of BANISTER & TICHENOR, Nos. 218 and 220 Market-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—ON THE SOUTHERLY slope of mountain, an elegant building site of ten acres, commanding magnificent views; fine spring and permanent stream; covered with fine old forest trees; 1¼ miles from depot; neighborhood A 1. Apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner of Pine-st., New-York.

$6,500.—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Brooklyn property, 2¼ miles from Paterson, N. J., 15¼ acres; new house, good outbuildings; suitable for a country-seat or market farm; good land and water, mountain and valley scenery. CHARLES EMMONS, No. 254 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—COMPLETE CORNER residence, stables; abundance of fruit; shade; between depot and Llewellyn Park; will sell low. Photographs and particulars apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner Pine, Orange Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, AT STAMFORD, CONN.—Large double house, stable, garden, &c., in good location; price, $15,000; rent, $1,500; possession May 1, next. Apply at office of Pennsylvania Coal Company, No. 111 Broadway, to GEORGE A. HOYT.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 343 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

RUTHERFURD PARK,

N. J. The most beautiful, healthy and accessible suburb of New-York.

SUPERIOR BUILDING SITES
and four handsome cottages, ready May 1,
For Sale on Rutherfurd Heights,
160 feet above tide water, overlooking the Passaic River and valley, and equidistant from the Delaware and Lackawanna and Erie Railroads. Luxurious accommodations at all hours in 40 minutes,

AT LESS THAN OMNIBUS FARE.

H. A. BAKER, Civil Engineer at Rutherfurd Park, or GEO. E. WOODWARD, 191 Broadway, New-York.

LONG BRANCH.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT the finest cottage on the sea shore, situated near the Stetson House, and upon the sea front; house is completely and elegantly furnished; a most desirable place. FRANK J. BROWN, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR RENT, FURNISHED—In the delightful village of Cazenovia, a fine large house, with grounds. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FLUSHING.—A HOME IN THE COUNtry for sale; beautifully located; modern improvements; barns very easy; don't buy without comparing it. Address J. B. REST, No. 118 Wall-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET—THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE Walter Rutherfurd, being an attractive country-seat, with thirty-five acres of land, most beautifully situated on very high ground on the banks of the Passaic River, one mile from Newark, and commanding extensive views of Orange Mountain and valley, the river and the City of Newark. The dwelling contains fourteen rooms, is in perfect order, and is located 200 feet from the road, with very fine sloping lawn and a variety of shade and ornamental trees; barn and stable; rent, $1,200.
A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

TO RENT, FURNISHED, AT SUMMIT, N. J.—A handsome mansion, containing twenty rooms, with all the modern improvements, billiard-room, &c., &c., carriage-house, stable and all necessary out-buildings; ten acres of land, six of which are in lawn or garden, well shaded and fruited; the house commands extensive and finest views in New Jersey. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—FURNISHED AN exceedingly comfortable, thoroughly furnished house, 13 rooms, furnace, water introduced, about 14 acres of land, fruit, &c., 65 minutes from the City Hall, high ground, healthy, palisades in view, convenient to churches, excellent schools and stores; rent very low, $1,500 a year, or would be rented for the Summer. Apply at No. 4 Hanover-st., to E. P. BOSTWICK or F. B. ELLIOTT.

LARGE HOUSE, PARTLY FURNISHED, TO LET OR LEASE.—Suitable for a large family or boarding-house, at Brentwood, on the Long Island Railroad, within a half mile of station, three miles from Islip and the Great South Bay; extensive grounds and good vegetable garden, well supplied with groceries; for healthfulness the location is unsurpassed; owner going to Europe; rent, $800 per year. Apply at No. 231 4th-av.

TO LET, AT CARMANSVILLE—A large dwelling-house, with all modern improvements, on 152d-st. and 11th-av.; rent, $2,800. Also, another house, north side of 152d-st., near 11th-av.; rent, $1,200. Also, two-story house on the late R. F. Carman, at High Bridge, with all improvements; graperies, bathing-house, &c.; partly furnished; rent, $300 per month, or $3,000 per annum. Inquire of R. C. COMBES, No. 170 Broadway.

CHESTNUT GROVE HOUSE, PARtially furnished, and six acres with beautiful shade trees, to let for boarding-house or hotel, Vanderbilt Landing, Staten Island; five minutes' walk from ferry; location high with fine view of Bay; forty rooms; rent low. Inquire of GEO. J. GREENFIELD, No. 2 Nassau-st.

LLEWELLYN-PARK, ORANGE, N. J.—Handsome brick and concrete residence, containing every modern convenience—gas, water, furnace, stables, extensive grounds, four acres under highest cultivation; abundance of fruit and shade; fine lawns; to rent, fully furnished. HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner of Pine.

TO LET—NOS. 686 AND 688 LEXINGTON-av., two first-class four-story brown-stone houses, between 56th and 57th sts., having all the modern improvements, and in complete order. Can be seen from 10 to 4 by applying at No. 688, or for terms to B. BLANCO, No. 13 south William-st.

FOR RENT—THE ESTATE OF THE LATE C. G. Gunther, Esq., situated in the village of Jamaica, L. I.; large mansion, stable, barn and outhouses, orchard, and six acres. Rent, $1,200. Apply to HAZARD, APTHORP & CO., No. 110 Broadway.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A TWO-STORY and attic high basement house, containing ten rooms, gas, water, &c., pleasantly located on Gates-av., between Franklin and Bedford. Inquire of E. P. DUNN, Phenix Bank, Wall-st., New-York.

TO LET—FURNISHED—A WELL-LO cated house, every way desirable for a family of moderate size. Is in good taste and perfect order. Will be rented low to a reliable person. Address Box No. 194 Post-office.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, AT ELIZABETH, N. J., a house with eight rooms; seven minutes' walk from the depot; well and cistern in the yard; rent $23 per month. For further particulars address H. C., Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

TO LET—ON JERSEY CITY HEIGHTS—Houses Nos. 2 and 4 Belmont-place, Belmont-av.; three stories with basement; in good order; fifteen minutes from ferry by horse-cars; rent $450. Apply at No. 308 West-st., up-stairs.

MONTROSE, ORANGE, N. J.—RESIdence of eight rooms; handsomely laid out; stables; abundance of fruit; shade; views unsurpassed; near depot; price low; will rent. HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner Pine, N. Y.

TO LET—AT ELIZABETH, N. J., FOR THE Summer a neatly-furnished house, with garden; neighborhood superior; to the right party it will be rented cheap. Address S. J., Box No. 2,351 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—SOUTH SIDE OF 90TH-ST., SECond house east of Avenue A; price $600; hot and cold water, range, bath and gas; two-story and basement brick house, newly finished. Inquire of BIDWELL, No. 254 Pearl-st.

TO RENT—THREE COTTAGE HOUSES ON 143d-st., between Boulevard and Broadway; just finished; rent, from $400 to $600; location healthy, and very convenient to Hudson River and 8th-av. cars, or steam-boat. Apply on premises to M. BELL.

RAHWAY, N. J.—TO RENT, A NEW French-roof house; nine rooms, large garden; five minutes from depot. Inquire of JAQUES, No. 208 Broadway, or HARRIS, agent, Rahway.

COTTAGE TO RENT—ON KINGSbridge road, near Tubby Hook or Inwood Station, on the Hudson River Railroad; rent moderate. Apply to CLOSSON & HAYS, No. 6 Broad-st.

TO LET—ON REASONABLE TERMS, SEVeral desirable private dwellings, situate on East 15th-st., Stuyvesant-square and 2d-av. Inquire of CHARLES C. WAKELEY, No. 104 East 10th-st.

TO LET—AT NO. 414 2D-AV., TWO LARGE rooms and two bedrooms on second floor; very pleasant and convenient; adults only. Rent, $22 per month.

TO LET—LOWER PART OF HOUSE NO. 85 King-st.; eight rooms.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET,
IN
TIMES BUILDING.

Fine, handsome offices on second and third floors. Inquire of GEORGE JONES, *Times* Office.

VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF 10 OR 20 YEARS.—A plot of ground on Washington-st., between Franklin and Harrison sts., 60x80 feet, with an L on Harrison-st. 21x75 feet. The Harrison-st. lot contains a three-story brick building.

A plot of ground on West and Washington sts., between Morton and Leroy sts., 75 feet on each street; depth of plot, 316 feet. Also, the bulkhead and water rights. For terms apply to FREDERICK CLARKSON, No. 54 Wall-st.

TO RENT—THE FIRST STORY, STORE AND basement No. 50 Bleecker-st., 27x110, area vault under sidewalk, elevator, &c., and next door to F. Norton & Sons' Publishing House; immediate possession given. For particulars, apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

STORES TO LET—AT NO. 78 MAIDEN-lane; lofts. Also, Nos. 5 and 6 Atlantic Dock, fronting East River. Apply to W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO., No. 170 William-st.

TO RENT—THE FIRST STORY AND THE lofts of the large building No. 55 Maiden-lane; together or separate. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

LOFTS TO LET—SPLENID ONES WITH power, 25x85; windows on three sides. W. M. RAYMOND & CO., 348 Pearl-st., on Franklin-square.

TO RENT—A FINE AND ELEGANT OFFICE on the banking floor of the Park Bank fire-proof building. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

A FINE STORE, WITH BASEMENT, to let; 25 by 75. Terms very low. No. 16 4th-av.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer—Office No. 28 Pine-st.

BY JAMES M. MILLER,
TUESDAY, May 3, 1870,
at 12 o'clock, at the main dwelling-house on the homestead farm of the late Peter Parisé, deceased, in the town of East Chester, Westchester County,
WILL BE SOLD UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
GRATZ NATHAN, ESQ., REFEREE,
the very valuable mansion-house, with elaborate outbuilding and greenhouse, with sixty-six acres of land, situated at the junction of the White Plains and the Bronxville roads, one mile from Bronxville Depot, Harlem Railroad, and 1½ miles from Mount Vernon, on the New-Haven Railroad. The lawns are handsomely laid out with fine shade trees, greenhouse, all kinds of fruit, farm-tenants' house, meadows, orchards, woodland, &c. The grove-house is 50 feet front by 40 feet deep, filled in with brick. The property will be sold in plots, from five to eleven acres each.

Also, three acres of land on the Bedford road, in the town of Harrison; also, a fine collection of plants in greenhouse on the premises.

Seventy per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage, if desired.

Maps and full particulars at the office of the referee, No. 115 Nassau-st., and of the auctioneer, 28 Pine-st.

JOHN H. AUSTEN, Auctioneer.

BY HAZARD, APTHORP & CO.,
Office No. 110 Broadway, New-York.
Positive sale of Villa and
Eighteen adjoining lots, at
RYE STATION,
THIS DAY, April 28, at 2 P. M.,
On the premises. Take New-Haven Railroad trains, at 7, 9 or 11½ A. M., to place of sale.

STANLEY DAY, Auctioneer.

ABSOLUTE SALE AT AUCTION, ON TUESDAY, May 3, at 12 M., at Exchange Sales-room, north-west corner of Houston and Mercer sts.—Three-story attic basement and under-cellar high-stoop brick, 25x60, with extension lot, 25x105. Particulars of STANLEY DAY, Auctioneer, No. 111 Broadway, basement; office A and B.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

SALE BY AUCTION
OF THE
VALUABLE WATER-FRONT WHARF PROPERTY IN BROOKLYN,
Known as
WETMORE'S IRON-YARD,
To close a business,
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.
Will sell at auction
On THURSDAY, April 28,
At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

One-half the block corner of Adams and Plymouth sts., in the City of Brooklyn, being 125 feet on Plymouth-st., 422 feet on Adams-st. to bulkhead line, with pier built 340 feet long and 80 feet wide on pier line, equal with water right to thirty lots. This property has been occupied a number of years as a bonded storage-yard. The ground filled in is equal to ten lots, one-half covered by sheds, and the pier and bulk-head give 800 square feet of dock front, making it, with its accessibility to New-York by different ferries, very desirable for any business requiring facilities for discharging and loading vessels and storage of goods, or for manufacturing purposes. There is of upland about 27,580 feet, and the right about 47,415 feet, making a total of 75,095 feet, or about thirty lots. The pier is 40 feet wide for 164 feet 7 inches, and 50 feet wide for 167 feet. Total length of pier, 331 feet 7 inches. Right of way out to bulkhead line 122 feet 1 inch by 115 feet 3 inches. Two large platform scales and two railway tracks within the yard will be sold with the property.

Maps at the office of the auctioneer.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers, &c.
TUESDAY, MAY 3, AT 2 P. M.,
ON THE PREMISES,
Partition sale of the estate of John Greggs, deceased,
AT
DUNHILLEN,
NEW-JERSEY.

This property comprises a dwelling containing eleven rooms, with seven acres; a dwelling containing seven rooms, with two acres; a store property well located, and ten villa plots, varying from one to five acres. This property is situated in the center of the village, on the main street—and in the immediate vicinity of churches, schools and groves.

Carriages will be in waiting on the arrival of the 12 M. train from New-York.

Maps and full particulars at the office of the auctioneers, NO. 6 PINE-ST.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTRIX'S SALE—SOUTH-EAST CORNER OF LEXINGTON-AV. AND 97TH-ST.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 28, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, sale by order of Jane Lawton, Executrix of Abner Lawton, deceased.

LEXINGTON-AVENUE—The very desirable three-story basement and sub-cellar, high-stoop brown-stone house and lot, No. 308 Lexington-av, southeast corner of 97th-st., house 20x56 feet, party-wall; in good order and contains every convenience; lot 24x80 feet.

Fifty per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage.

For maps and full particulars apply at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Russia, Wednes., April 27 | Malta, Saturday, May 7
Palmyra, Thurs., April 28 | Java, Wednesday, May 11
Nemesis, Saturd'y April 30 | Siberia, Thursday, May 12
China, Wednesday, May 4 | Calabria, Saturday, May 14
Tripoli, Thursday, May 5 | Scotia, Wednesday, May 18

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By the Wednesday steamers, not carrying steerage:
First Cabin....$130, gold. Second Cabin....$80, gold.
First Cabin, to Paris.....$145, gold.
Return tickets.....$230, gold.

By the Thursday and Saturday Steamers.
First Cabin....$80, gold. Steerage....$30, currency.
Return tickets.....$150, gold.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

—Inman Line of Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, April 30, 1 P. M.
ETNA, (via Halifax).....Tuesday, May 3, 1 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.....Saturday, May 7, 10 A. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS.....Saturday, May 14, 1 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	45

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Office. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

ST. LAURENT.....LEMARIE, SATURDAY, April 30
PEREIRE.....DUCHESNE, SATURDAY, May 14
LAFAYETTE.....ROUSSAU, SATURDAY, May 28
VILLE DE PARIS.....SURMONT, SATURDAY, June 11

Rates of passage, payable in gold, (including wine:)
TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $75.
TO PARIS, (including railway ticket,) $160 and $75.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAMER ST. LAURENT,

for Brest and Havre, will leave Pier No. 50 North River, foot of Morton-st., on SATURDAY, April 30, at 7½ o'clock. Passengers are requested to be on board by 7 o'clock at the latest.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE

Favorite Clyde-built passenger steamers are intended to sail as follows:

CAMBRIA.....April 30 | COLUMBIA.....May 21
ANGLIA.....May 7 | EUROPA.....May 28
CALEDONIA.....May 14 | INDIA.....June 4

and each SATURDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $75 and $65.
Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $130.
Steerage, to Glasgow, Liverpool or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $32.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.

For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full power iron screw steamships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY,

as follows:

COLORADO, Captain WILLIAMS...April 27, at 3 P. M.
NEBRASKA, Captain GUARD....May 4, at 4 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Captain FORSTTH. May 11, at 2½ P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. WHINERAY..May 18, at 4 P. M.
IDAHO, Captain PRICE.....May 25, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, Captain GREEN.....June 1, at 4 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80 gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30 currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, From Pier No. 47 North River.

ENGLAND, WEBSTER, Saturday, April 30, at 6:30 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $90 and $70; Steerage, $30, currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $32 currency.

Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:

First Class.	Steerage.
$195 to $170.	$60.

according to location of berth.

These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon.

ON 5TH AND 21ST OF EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

MAY 5—ALASKA, Capt. GRAY, connecting with COLORADO, Capt. FARNSWORTH.

Steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco June 3, 1870, for China and Japan.

All freight for San Francisco will go as fast.

Freight for ALASKA received until 4 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, May 4. Unusual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.

For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River.

F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 22d of every month:

SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt SLOCUM, June 22.
MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, July 22.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

REGULAR LINE

For Puerta Plata, Samana, Santo Domingo City. The United States mail steam-ship

TYBEE,

Capt. E. A. DELANOY,

will leave for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, May 4, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Sailing regularly every THURSDAY at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICK, April 28.
MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS, May 5.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAM, May 12.

For freight or passage apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling Green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICK, May 19, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line—Sailing every twenty days, from Pier No. 17 East River, at 3 P. M. The new steamers

CITY OF MEXICO, Capt. ——, Friday, May 13.
CITY OF MERIDA, Capt. DRAKE, Thursday, June 2.

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 23 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAM-SHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PASSENGER RATES TO ALL POINTS IN THE INTERIOR.

FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,

TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHESEBROUGH, THURSDAY, April 28, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 3 P. M. LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 38 Liberty-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, April 30, from Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 P. M.

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, April 30, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.

R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 92 West-st.

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, May 3, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

(Change of pier to No. 43 North River.)

OLD LINE—LOW FREIGHT.

The well-known, first-class side-wheel steamship

BIENVILLE, J. R. BAKER, Commander,

will leave Pier No. 43 North River on SATURDAY, April 30, at 3 P. M. Freight taken at through rates for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 38 Liberty-st.

SHIPPING.

VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE

THE NEW-YORK, FLORIDA AND GULF STEAM-SHIP LINE WILL DISPATCH THEIR FIRST-CLASS SCREW STEAMSHIP

FLAG,

Capt. LIKEBURROW,

On WEDNESDAY, May 4, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M. Cargo delivered without lighterage at wharf.

Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent, to Mobile.

Through Rates and Bills Lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at LOWEST RATES than any other line.

Passage to Fernandina, $20.

For Freight or Passage apply to

J. H. PARSONS, Pier No. 47 West-st., or to J. H. RAYMOND & CO., No. 25 Wall-st.

Mobile Agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage: in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.

—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 283 Broadway.

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS BY ORDER OF ASSIGNEE IN BANKRUPTCY OF BENJAMIN LODER.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, May 6, 1870, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway,

SALE BY ORDER OF RICHARD WARREN, ASSIGNEE.

1,021 shares Springfield and Deep Run Mining Company, par 100.
200 shares Sullivan and Erie Coal Company, par 100.
1,045 shares Ancram Iron Company, par 50.
300 shares Pittsburg and Marlines Mining Company, par 100.
100 shares National Carbolic Vapor Company, par 100.
100 shares Housatonic and Northern Railroad Company, par 100.
307 shares Staten Island Shore Railroad Company, par 50.
1,000 bonds Ancram Iron Company.
16 First Mortgage Bonds Staten Island Shore Railroad Company, $500 each, coupon attached first interest Jan. 1, 1871.

RICHARD WARREN, Assignee.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS.—BY order of assignee in bankruptcy, E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, May 6, 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway. Sale by order of Richard Warren, assignee.

75 shares Continental Screw Company, of New-York.

1,500 shares Combination Silver Mining Company, of Nevada, par $100.

235 shares European Petroleum Company, par $10.

1,000 shares Philips Petroleum Company, par $10.

600 shares French Self-fastening Button Company, of New-York, par $50.

13 9-12 shares Flint Steel River Mining Company, par $25.

3 bonds Combination Silver Mining Company, $500 each.

RICHARD WARREN, Assignee.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, FINE PIER AND MANTEL MIRRORS, RICH CARPETS, CHINA, GLASS, &c.:

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction, THURSDAY, April 28, at 11 o'clock, at the private residence No. 38 Madison-av., between 28th and 29th sts., all the furniture, &c., of said house, viz: Fine rose-wood parlor suite in crimson plush, tetes and easy chairs to match, etagere, marble-top center and fancy tables, fine figured damask and lace curtains, gas fixtures, mantel ornaments, sofas, lounges, mahogany extension-table, buffet, dining chairs, rose-wood, walnut and mahogany French bedsteads, marble-top bureaus and dressing-tables, Pickhardt and Filmpton bedsteads, fine spring mattresses, feather bolsters and pillows, fine glass, French china, medallion velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, kitchen utensils, &c. Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF INSURANCE SCRIP.—By order of assignee in bankruptcy of Messrs. Clark, West & Co., E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, May 6, 1870, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway. Sale by order of Richard Warren, assignee. The following scrip certificate of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company:

1867, One hundred dollars.
1868, Eighty dollars.
1869, Twenty dollars.
1870, One hundred and fifty dollars.

RICHARD WARREN, Assignee.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE at auction.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction on FRIDAY, April 29, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the private residence No. 49 East 91h-st., near Broadway, the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting of rose-wood buffet marble-top music-stand, black-walnut center and side tables, crimson brocatel and lace curtains, gilt cornices, black-walnut sofa and side chairs, oil paintings, hall-table, linen shades, black-walnut bedsteads, dressing bureaus, black-walnut wardrobe, black-walnut etagere, black-walnut tete-a-tetes, green damask black-walnut sewing and reception chairs, straw and hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, Brussels and Venetian carpets, oil-cloths, &c., together with an assortment of kitchen utensils with which the sale will commence.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c., AT NO. 100 WEST 20TH-ST., CORNER 6TH-AV.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction, THURSDAY, April 28, at 11 o'clock, at the above residence:

All the furniture of said house, viz., rose-wood parlor suite, marble-top center and fancy tables, etagere, sofas, lounges and easy-chairs, bedsteads, bureaus, book-cases, mattresses, bolsters and pillows, two walnut extension-tables, lot crockery and glass, Brussels and ingrain carpets, kitchen utensils, &c.

Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st.

R. SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

S. P. AVERY'S

VALUABLE COLLECTION OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN OIL PAINTINGS.

SAMUEL P. AVERY would respectfully inform his friends, and the patrons of art generally, that he has concluded to close the season with an auction sale of his entire collection of oil paintings.

This does not mean only those works which have been offered and remained unsold, but the greater part will consist of pictures which have not been previously exposed for sale, comprising many painted for me or selected especially for this purpose by the most popular American artists, as well as entirely new invoices of foreign works, some of which were painted to my order, and all selected for me.

This collection is not the largest or the most valuable ever exhibited in this City, but will embrace about eighty excellent subjects by some of the most esteemed painters of our home and foreign schools; and which, if they can be seen at their most important productions of their respective masters, do in some measure well represent their peculiar styles.

Among the more prominent names represented by the American artists, will be found Gay, 2; Kensett, 2; Bonghton, 4; Casilear, 3; J. G. Brown, Mcentee, 2; Gifford, S. R., 3; James Hart, 2; Colman, Durand, 2; Cropsey, Tait, Wyant, Bristol Henry, 3, &c., &c. Among the foreign artists, Coomans, Herbsthoffer, De Jonghe, Ver Warden, Troyer, Montaller, Xabens, Schrodter, Lobrichon, Le Jeune, Roseswaal, &c., &c.

The gallery will be presented in perfect order, nearly all in new and elegant styles of frames, and will be sold in that good faith which has in my former sales won the confidence of the public.

The collection is now on exhibition, and will continue every day and evening until the time of sale, THURSDAY EVENING, May 5, at the Somerville Art Gallery, No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st.

R. SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT NO. 79 5TH-AV.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. B. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 28, 1870, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 79 5th-av., the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of rose-wood parlor furniture, in maroon velvet; rose-wood pianoforte, 6¾ octaves; carved rose-wood etagere, reps and lace curtains, rose-wood and black-walnut marble-top center and side tables, French plate, pier and mantel mirrors, carved black-walnut hall furniture, carved black-walnut extension-table, black-walnut dining-room chairs, black-walnut book-case, carved rose-wood, black-walnut and mahogany bedsteads, rose-wood and black-walnut marble-top dressing bureau and washstands, spring and hair mattresses, feather bolster and pillows, English, Brussels and ingrain carpets, china, glass-ware, &c.

LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & Co., Auctioneers.

COINS, MEDALS AND AUTOGRAPHS.—Clinton Hall Book Sale-rooms and Art Galleries.—THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, April 28 and 29, commencing at 7¼ o'clock, sale of an exceedingly choice and select collection of COINS and MEDALS, many of rarity and in the finest possible condition, the property of a well-known connoisseur; also a few very fine AUTOGRAPH LETTERS. Catalogues ready. Articles on exhibition each day of sale.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY.—HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, at private residence No. 73 West 23d-st., at 10½ o'clock, by S. B. GOODALE & CO.: Velvet and Brussels carpets, pier and mantel mirrors, paintings and engravings, rose-wood book-case, rose-wood and black-walnut suites, Pickhardt and Filmpton bedsteads, marble tables, dressing bureaus, bedsteads, dining-table, chairs, mattresses, bolsters, pillows, &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, AND QUARTERMASTER'S STORES.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, April 26, 1870.

Will be sold at public auction, at Schuylkill Arsenal, on THURSDAY, May 26, 1870, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., under the direction of Capt. William H. GIL, Military Store-keeper, United States Army, a large lot of unserviceable and damaged Clothing, Camp and Garrison Equipage, and Quartermaster's Stores, consisting of

1,587 Blankets, woolen.
1,186 Uniform Coats.
14,011 Uniform Jackets.
88 Great Coats.
946 Sack Coats.
4,313 pairs Trowsers.
125 pairs Drawers.
1,073 Flannel Shirts.
77,862 pairs Stockings.
211 Forage Caps.
626 pairs Boots.
7,903 pairs Bootees.
5,000 Shelter Tents.
2,800 Canteens.
4,304 Knapsacks, strapped.

And other articles.

TERMS CASH, payable in United States currency.

All property purchased must be removed within five days.

Goods will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Catalogues will be furnished on application at this office; or at the office of Capt. GIL, Schuylkill Arsenal; or at the auction-rooms of M. Thomas & Sons, Nos. 139 and 141 South 4th-st.

STEWART VAN VLIET, Deputy Quartermaster-General and Brevet Major-General United States Army.

AUCTION SALES.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, April 29 and 30, at 7½ o'clock each evening, at the Leeds Art Galleries, Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway:

A CHOICE COLLECTION OF MODERN PICTURES, REAL BRONZES, ARTISTIC FANCY GOODS, CARRARA MARBLE STATUARY, ORMOLU AND BRONZE CLOCKS, VASES, &c.

Among the pictures will be found the works of the following celebrated artists, viz.:

Meyer Von Bremen,	A. Boutland,
Charles Hoguet,	Schroeder,
Eugene Verboeckhoven,	A. R. Lelievre,
Otto Bethet,	A. Robbe,
F. Kraus,	E. Hilderbrandt,
Jas. Alexander Walker,	A. Lew,
Carl Hubner,	A. Ronako,
R. De Losse,	Theo. Burgess,
A. F. Fisson,	F. G. Koek Koek,

AMERICAN ARTISTS.

A. Bierstadt,	George H. Boughton,
George H. Hall,	Eastman Johnson,
J. Fairman,	E. F. Beaulieu,
Samuel Colman,	Victor Neilig,
T. A. Richards,	De Haas,
Wm. Hart,	J. H. Dolph,
George Inness,	J. B. Bristol,
F. G. S. Melbye,	And others,

Of equal celebrity.

On FRIDAY EVENING, April 29, will be sold the real bronzes, statuary, &c.

On SATURDAY EVENING, April 30, will be sold the superb collection of pictures.

The above are now on exhibition, free day and evening, till sale, with catalogues.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—ON THURSDAY, April 28, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., at the galleries of

MESSRS. M. J. PALLARD & CO., No. 680 Broadway:

The entire collection of fine paintings of the Dusseldorf, Flemish and French schools, comprised from the artists direct, and ordered to be sold without reserve. This well-known collection comprises the works of

Otto Erdman,	C. Sell,	Tenberg,
Fritz Lange,	L. Toussaint,	A. Arnz,
Leutweber,	E. Grasselhap,	Carl Hoff,
Heeren,	P. V. Koeltzena,	Asbeck,
Willroeder,	Nordemberg,	Decker,
J. W. Lindier,	Pondel,	R. Schulze.
Francks,	Watte Klein,	Adlof,
Prof. Bewer,	Jacobson,	Lauben-writes.

Also pictures by prominent American artists, viz.: Eastman Johnson, Thos. Hill, J. R. Brevoort, A. T. Brieher, V. Granberry, F. Peel, A. Bierstadt, J. Morvilder, Jas. Fairman, H. A. Ferguson, De Haas, and others, with very fine line engravings, richly framed and desirable.

NOW ON EXHIBITION.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On THURSDAY, April 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 202 West 40th-st., between Broadway and 7th-av., the

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CONSISTING OF STODART PIANO, REAL BRONZES, &c.—Royal velvet carpets, superb carved rose-wood double parlor suite, in crimson figured satin brocatel; fine line engravings, artistic rest bronze and black marble Egytian clock and coupes, rose-wood book-case, oak extension table, carved mahogany bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus, do. washstands, enameled cottage suites, hair mattresses, feather pillows and bolsters, crockery, glass-ware, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On THURSDAY, April 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 743 Lexington-av., corner of 59th-st.:

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, rose-wood suite in crimson figured brocatel, rose-wood sewing chairs in green and gold-figured brocatel, gilt-frame French-plate pier mirrors, rose-wood marble-top center-tables, gilt gasandeliers, window shades, rose-wood round tables, black-walnut hall stand, rose-wood bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus, black-walnut suits in green reps, gilt-frame mirrors, lace curtains, portable gas fixtures, rose-wood rockers in hair-cloth, and chairs, mahogany bedsteads, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, plated ice pitcher and goblets, oil-cloths, cottage suites, decorated vases, black-walnut extension table, oak cane-seat chairs, mahogany sofa table, oil-cloths, oil paintings, china, crockery and glass-ware, cutlery, kitchen furniture, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On FRIDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 32 West 21st-st.:

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of Brussels carpets, rose-wood seven-octave piano, made by Steinway & Son; rose-wood suite in silk reps, ormolu-mounted card-table, rose-wood card-table, black-walnut card-table, gilt-frame French-plate mantel mirrors, crimson reps window curtains, lace window curtains, ebony parlor suite in blue plush, black-walnut book-case, elegant bronze clock and candelabras, bronze and parcelain card-receivers, bronze six-light chandeliers, rose-wood fire screen, elegant carved black-walnut extension-table, elegant buffet, carved black-walnut chairs in crimson reps, blue reps window curtains, silver-plated ware, crockery, &c., elegant carved rose-wood and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, carved black-walnut secretary, black-walnut armoire-a-glace, mattresses, cottage suites, rose-wood upright piano, bolsters, pillows, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, On THURSDAY, April 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 72 East 27th-st., between Lexington and 4th avs.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rose-wood suites in brocatel, center-tables, pier and mantel mirrors, brocatel and lace window curtains, card and side tables, bedsteads and dressing bureaus, wash-stands, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c.; stair carpets and rods, window shades, extension table, dining chairs, china, crockery, glass-ware, &c.; kitchen utensils, &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On THURSDAY, April 28, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 164 West 34th-st.:

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of Brussels carpets, carved rose-wood suite in crimson figured brocatel, mahogany center-tables, green reps, window curtains, gas fixtures, carved rose-wood piano, by Steinway & Sons; window shades, gilt cornices, decorated China vases, rose-wood clock, crimson figured brocatel window curtains, carved rose-wood marble-top book-case and etageres, mahogany bedsteads, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, palliasses, patent enameled cottage suites, rose-wood quartettes, engravings, lounges in green reps, pier-tables, oil-cloths, stair carpets and rods, oak extension table, together with a general assortment of kitchen furniture.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On FRIDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 312 West 22d-st.:

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of velvet, Brussels, and ingrain carpets, rose-wood parlor suites, in brocatel; rose-wood marble-top center-tables, window-curtains, shades, and cornices, chinese and clocks, bedsteads, dressing-bureaus, washstands, wardrobes, book-cases, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, stair-carpets and rods, dining-table, buffet, chairs, engravings, china, crockery, glass-ware, kitchen utensils, &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—ON FRIDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 35 Morton-st., collection of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, parlor suite, center-tables, window curtains and shades and cornices, bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, wardrobes, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, stair-carpets and rods, dining-table, chairs, crockery, glass-ware, kitchen furniture, &c.

BIBLIOTHECA AMERICANA.

Messrs. LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Clinton Hall, Astor-place, New-York, will sell by auction, commencing MAY 16, the valuable collection of BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS RELATING TO AMERICA,

belonging to Mr. E. P. Boon. This collection is the labor of many years' research, and is particularly rich in Local Histories of Massachusetts—Lincolniana—Rebellion—Slavery Documents—Trials—Indian Narratives—American Revolution—Early New-England Theology and History—Biographies, &c., &c. The catalogue, 600 pages (3,128 lots,) is now ready, price $1, and may be had of J. Sabin & Sons, No. 84 Nassau-st.; Wm. Gowans, No. 115 Nassau-st.; J. W. Bouton, No. 706 Broadway, or the auctioneer.

JOHNSON & MILLER, Auctioneers.

SPLENDID FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—By order of Earl Beard, Esq., JOHNSON & MILLER will sell at 10½ o'clock, on THURSDAY, April 28, on the premises No. 73 Lee-av., corner of Rodney-st., Williamsburg, all the superb and valuable furniture in aforesaid dwelling, consisting of costly and elegant carpets, magnificent rose-wood, walnut and mahogany parlor; and bedroom suites, kitchen utensils, and in fact every article of furniture used in first-class houses. Catalogues will be ready on Wednesday at JOHNSON & MILLER'S, No. 25 Nassau-st.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

FURNITURE SALES IN BROOKLYN.—By JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., FRIDAY, April 29, at 9½ A. M., at No. 421 State-st., near Flatbush-av.; at 10 A. M., at No. 642 Pacific-st., between Pearsal and Carlton avs.; at 10 A. M., at sales-room, Willoughby corner Pearl-st.; at 11 A. M., at No. 414 Henry, between 1st-place and Carroll-st.; at 3½ P. M., at No. 102 Congress-st., between Henry and Hicks; at 4½ P. M., at No. 71 Montague-st., between Henry and Hicks. For particulars see catalogues at sales-room.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO., THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 28, at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 11 East River:

4,809 boxes fresh Naples Oranges.
Cargo *San Pietro*, from Naples.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE of every description, and Hard Wood Doors, Mantels, Mirror Frames and Wainscotting on hand or made to order, at reasonable prices. G. L. & J. B. NELTY & CO., Importers and Manufacturers, 601 Broadway, New-York.

CABINET FURNITURE.

First-class FURNITURE, in parlor, library and chamber suites of newest styles.

Our entire stock warranted.

BOHNENCAMP & SOSSAU, MANUFACTURERS, No. 234 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., New-York. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE in the lofts No. 15 4th-av. Apply on the premises to CONKLINS & BAYLES.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of RICHARD D. LATHROP, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of appointment of himself as assignee of Richard D. Lathrop, of New-York City, State of New-York, who has carried on business in the City, County and State of New-York, and district aforesaid, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—New-York, April 14, 1870.

ap14-law3wTh* RICHARD WARREN, Assignee.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New-York.—In the several matters of S. J. JOSEPH, GEORGE G. ROOT, MOSES HENRIQUES and J. J. JOSEPH. Order on docket final unless objections filed.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD.—A YOUNG GENTLEMAN AND wife, living near Central Park, on West 59th-st., in an elegant four-story first-class brown stone house, and being lonely, will let apartments, consisting of four beautiful rooms, to a small genteel family of adults; no other persons taken; everything new and elegant; terms moderate; best references exchanged. Address Post-office Box No. 3,922.

BOARD.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR two single gentlemen can secure a choice second-story front room, handsomely furnished, in a quiet private family; table and attention first-class; terms low; location, Lexington-av., near 42d-st. Address BROWN, Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, JUST MOVED in their own house, will accommodate one or two gentlemen and their wives desiring first-class board, with a choice of rooms, at moderate prices; location, 30th-st., near 3d-av.; no other boarders. Address COMFORT, Box No. 122 *Times* Office.

NO. 122 WEST 12TH-ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS.—Handsome suite of rooms and hall room, with board, together or separate, to gentlemen or gentleman and wife; references exchanged.

NO. 309 5TH-AV.—A SECOND FLOOR, newly and handsomely furnished, consisting of four bedrooms, parlor, dressing and bath room, to rent with board; floor can be divided to accommodate two families; undoubted references.

NO. 7 GRAMERCY PARK, CORNER OF East 20th-st., handsomely-furnished suite of rooms with private table, bath, closets, &c.; French man cook; also, rooms for gentlemen, with or without board.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—On FRIDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 83 Morton-st., collection of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, parlor suite, center-tables, window curtains and shades and cornices, bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, wardrobes, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, stair-carpets and rods, dining-table, chairs, crockery, glass-ware, kitchen furniture, &c.

BIBLIOTHECA AMERICANA.

Messrs. LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Clinton Hall, Astor-place, New-York, will sell by auction, commencing MAY 16, the valuable collection of BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS RELATING TO AMERICA,

belonging to Mr. E. P. Boon. This collection is the labor of many years' research, and is particularly rich in Local Histories of Massachusetts—Lincolniana—Rebellion—Slavery Documents—Trials—Indian Narratives—American Revolution—Early New-England Theology and History—Biographies, &c., &c. The catalogue, 600 pages (3,128 lots,) is now ready, price $1, and may be had of J. Sabin & Sons, No. 84 Nassau-st.; Wm. Gowans, No. 115 Nassau-st.; J. W. Bouton, No. 706 Broadway, or the auctioneer.

JOHNSON & MILLER, Auctioneers.

SPLENDID FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—By order of

THE O'DAY MURDER.

Surrender of Philip Cooney to Superintendent Jourdan—He Says He Acted in Self-Defense.

The details of the tragedy enacted on Sunday morning in the saloon of LAWRENCE MCDERMOTT, No. 81 King-street, are yet fresh in the public mind, and it will be remembered that of those engaged in the affair in which DAVID O'DAY lost his life, all except PHILIP COONEY, who was supposed to have actually done the deed, were arrested by Capt. MCDONNELL on the day of the affray. COONEY was searched for diligently, but not found, and on Tuesday Superintendent JOURDAN obtained a warrant for his arrest from Judge BEDFORD, and thereafter personally took part in the search for him. He soon learned that he had not left the City, and COONEY, finding that all hope of long eluding the pursuit was gone, last evening about 8 o'clock, went to the house of Superintendent JOURDAN, No. 198 Prince-street, and surrendered himself to that officer. The Superintendent immediately took him to his office at Police Headquarters, where Judge BEDFORD happened to be, and the prisoner was committed to await the action of the Coroner.

From the statement of the circumstances of the murder which COONEY made to Superintendent JOURDAN it appears that he first joined the O'Day party about 6½ o'clock on Sunday morning at the corner of King and Varick streets, and with them went into the saloon of one PEARSALL, in that vicinity, and afterward to another saloon, and then to the saloon of MCDERMOTT. O'DAY was quarrelsome, and especially bent upon a quarrel with COONEY, beginning in the saloon of PEARSALL. When they went into the saloon of MCDERMOTT he continued his abuse, calling him all sorts of vile names, and at last picked up a tumbler which he threw at COONEY, and that not taking effect, threw another which grazed his head. O'DAY then sprang upon COONEY, seizing him by the throat, and throwing him to the floor fell upon him. It was at this moment, and when the two persons were in these relative positions, that O'DAY received his death-wound; but although COONEY does not deny that he stabbed him outright, yet he says that he has no recollection of having done so. The knife which he had he says was a pen-knife, one blade of which was quite large, and he claims that he found it a few days before the occurrence, in Spring-street. The prisoner is a man of small stature and light build, and claims that throughout the tragedy in which he was a chief actor he was constantly acting on the defensive. He gave O'DAY no provocation whatever, and made no resistance to his actual attacks until he found himself being crushed under a man twice his weight. He further states that he is a boiler-maker by occupation, and lives at No. 217 West Thirteenth-street, where he has a wife and three children.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Progress of the Organization—Judge Bosworth Chosen President—Dismissal of Employes—Routine Proceedings.

The Board of Health met yesterday at the usual hour, Mr. MANIERRE in the chair as President *pro tem.* After the minutes had been read, Commissioner BOSWORTH offered a series of resolutions all of which were unanimously adopted.

In substance they were as follows:

First—That the City Sanitary Inspector have the powers and perform the duties lately had and done by the Sanitary Superintendent, so far as the same are authorized or granted by the new charter.

Second—That the rules and regulations of the Metropolitan Board of Health, so far as they are not in conflict with the new law, be adopted by the Board until further order.

Third—That a committee of five be appointed to conform the rules and regulations to the new law, on which committee were Messrs. Brennan, Manierre, Gross and Drs. Smith and Chadwick.

Fourth—That the services of the following-named employes of the Metropolitan Board of Health be dispensed with from and after the 30th inst.: Drs. S. D. Wadsworth, R. Tabsky, Ira R. Read, Geo. E. Smith, Chas. T. W. Hesse, A. Rolle, W. T. Carpenter, A. Sintard, C. D. Murray, O. G. Smith. Also, Wm. H. St. John, Silas W. Pearsal, Benjamin Warden, Chas. H. Mugeseer, Wm. H. Gulrich, C. C. Newkirk, E. D. Regna, Henry Heeny, Nelson Hartram, (Excise Inspector,) C. J. Wade, E. H. Pelling, W. C. Roberts, Mrs. Ann Kavanaugh, (nurse,) W. H. Littlepage, Charles W. Fitch, John Norton, T. V. Taber, Edmund Robinson, W. E. Ross, James S. Gouch.

Fifth—That the Bureau of Vital Statistics be organized, and the terms of the old law used in defining its duties, which are to keep records of births, marriages and deaths; also, that the Register of Vital Statistics be the officer to grant burial permits, instead of the Sanitary Superintendent, as heretofore.

Mr. MANIERRE then tendered his resignation as President, and the Board proceeded to ballot three times, without result, for President, the vote each time being Gross, 1; BRENNAN, 3; BOSWORTH, 4. Dr. SMITH at this time entered, and the next vote being 5 for BOSWORTH and 3 for BRENNAN, Judge BOSWORTH was, upon motion, unanimously declared President.

The members of the Board then opened an impromptu lottery for a choice of seats, which matter being satisfactorily disposed of, the President named Drs. CECCARINI, SMITH and Mr. MAGNUS GROSS as the Sanitary Committee, and a motion was carried that the President and Secretary be authorized to prepare a seal for adoption by the Board.

A large number of papers from the office of the late Sanitary Superintendent were passed upon, among which was a lengthy report by A. LIANTARD, a Sanitary Inspector, relating to the alleged prevalence of glanders and farcy in the stables of this City. It appears that he thoroughly inspected eleven of the largest stables of railroad and stage lines, in which were 4,257 horses, but only fifteen cases of glanders and three of farcy were found. The afflicted animals were ordered to be destroyed. He found the ventilation good in most of the stables, and all the arrangements for cleaning were good.

Money Matters in the New-York Liberal Club.

The New-York Liberal Club held its regular weekly meeting at No. 23 Third-avenue last evening, President WEHLE in the chair. Mr. C. L. BALCH read a paper on "A New System of Money." Money, he said, lay at the base of all our social, spiritual and temporal welfare. The present monetary system, he contended, was unjust. At the present time there is $5,000,000,000 in the world, half of which amount is the national debt of the United States. In forty years the national debt of the United States, with interest added, would amount to $6,500,000,000; thus the United States has promised to pay within forty years more gold than exists in the whole world. Taking as an example a bank with a paper circulation of $10,000,000 on a gold basis of $100,000. The Government borrows of this bank $5,000,000, having a basis of $50,000. For this the bank receives interest in gold to the amount of $300,000 annually, or six times as much in gold as the amount represented by the loan. The attempt to pay the national debt in gold was an absurdity and an impossibility, and the attempt would tend to drain the land of its whole substance. Money was made solely as a medium to exchange property, and the people who produce the property should also be the judges as to the medium of exchange. The Government could not fund the debt without the consent of the people and the commercial interest. The annual products of the country are the only wealth which the people possess, and all the derangement of our present system is due to the recognition of gold as a money basis. He reviewed the length the early system of barter which was at one time practiced even in Virginia, and the different kind of money used in various portions of the world. Gold was no more money for a savinged nation than was tobacco or clam shells, which were used as money in other countries, and can be changed at the will of those desiring to use it, and that right extends to the abolition of gold as a basis, and the substitution of a paper currency in its stead. Several gentlemen participated in the discussion of the subject on both sides, after which the meeting adjourned.

Appointment of Richard B. Connolly as Controller.

The Tax Levy gives the Mayor the power of appointing a City Controller, to hold office for a term not exceeding five years. Yesterday morning Mayor HALL, having received an official copy of the Tax Levy, appointed Mr. RICHARD B. CONNOLLY as Controller of the City of New-York and head of the Finance Department, his term to extend to the 1st of January, 1875. Mr. CONNOLLY, on the receipt of his appointment, at once stepped over to the Mayor's Bureau and took the oath of office.

Mr. CONNOLLY was elected to the office of Controller two years ago, and his term would not have expired until January next. It is understood that he will not make any changes in the clerical force of his department.

Departure of Ole Bull for Norway—Farewell of His Friends.

OLE BULL, the world-renowned master of the violin, left this City yesterday to return to his home in Norway. His friends were determined that he should not leave without receiving some demonstration of their esteem and affection, and accordingly escorted him to the foot of Whitehall-street, and about fifty of the most intimate accompanied him on board a revenue cutter to the *Russia*, which was lying in the North River. Of the party were Dr. DOREMUS and the other officers of the Philharmonic Society, Gen. Banks, Senator Conkling, Prof. Hereford, Rev. Dr. Gallaudet, Col. Frank E. Howe, Mr. Wm. Macdonald, the popular tenor singer of the late Ole Bull Concert Troupe, Alexander Bull, son of the celebrated musician, Mrs. Doremus, Mrs. Belknap, Miss Adelaide Phillips, Alida Topp, Mrs. Bowers and other celebrities.

The cutter took a circuitous route over the waters of our beautiful bay, while a band, furnished by the Philharmonic Society, played inspiring airs, and on its way to the steamer a Norwegian flag, with the American colors skillfully wrought in miniature in one corner, was presented to OLE BULL in the name of the Philharmonic Society. The presentation was made by the fair hands of Mrs. DOREMUS, her husband making the presentation speech, in which he alluded in terms of the highest admiration to the triumphant musical career of the distinguished recipient, and the service he had done to his art, especially here in America. The famous Norwegian received the fine with a felicitous speech of thanks, and other brief addresses were made by Gen. BANKS, Senator CONKLING and Mr. HEREFORD, all paying a glowing tribute to the genius of their departing friend. After they had seen him safely on board the *Russia* and taken an affectionate leave, they followed the steamer down the bay in the cutter and fired a parting salute.

Apropos of the departure of the Norwegian Orpheus, it may be mentioned that the monument project has prospered among his countrymen here, and committees have been formed all over the country to collect funds for its completion and a fitting celebration of the one thousandth anniversary of Norwegian nationality.

A TERRIBLE CRIME.

A Man Found Murdered at Englewood, N. J.—Efforts to Ascertain Who He Was and Who Killed Him.

The beautiful little village of Englewood, N. J., about fourteen miles from New-York, on the Northern Railroad, has just been plunged into painful perplexity by a mystery which has filled the whole district with horror. On Thursday evening, the 14th inst., about 9½ o'clock, as a party of ladies and gentlemen were returning from Hackensack to Englewood, over the meadows, they heard sounds of distress proceeding from a distance, and fancied they heard cries of "Help! help!" They paused in their walk for a few minutes, and no further cries being heard proceeded on their way homeward, and next day dismissed the matter from their minds as insignificant. They were destined, however, to be again reminded of the occurrence in a way they little expected. Nothing more transpired until last Friday evening, when a workman returning home to Englewood the same way in the dusk of the evening, thought he saw a man lying on the wet part of the meadow near the Peck Creek, but either from timidity or some other unexplained cause, passed on home. On arriving at home he tried to dismiss the subject from his thoughts, but all the evening the image of the body he had seen rose before him, and haunted him with a strong presentiment of something wrong. He passed a sleepless night, and early next morning rose and started off for the meadows. On arriving at the spot he found, to his great horror, that the body he had seen the night before was that of a man in an advanced stage of decomposition, lying on his side, with the clothes apparently undisturbed, but with the throat cut from ear to ear, the gash being so deep as almost to sever the head from the body. He at once returned to Englewood and communicated the facts to Mr. Squire MILLER, Justice of the Peace and Coroner for the district.

The Coroner at once took charge of the body, and at first it was supposed to be a case of suicide; but the fact of the body's having been found having reached the ears of persons who heard the screams ten days before, they communicated the fact to the Coroner, and a medical examination of the body was made, the result of which is the belief that it was not suicide, but a brutal and deliberate murder. The body of the deceased is that of an unknown man about forty years of age, and is supposed to have been dead about ten days on the day it was discovered. The jugular vein was entirely severed, and the position of the wound seemed to show that it had not been inflicted by the deceased's own hand. The supposition is that the murder was not committed for the purposes of robbery, as a valuable gun was found on the man's breast, and $2 cents in cash in his vest pocket. In his coat pocket was found a cigar-case containing two cigars, and a pocket-handkerchief, on the corner of which, in very faint letters, is the name "MORRIS." The Christian name was so faint that it could not be deciphered. The inquest was opened yesterday, but was adjourned until Tuesday next, in order to give the Vigilance Committee of the village time to endeavor to obtain some clew as to the residence of the unfortunate man and the whereabouts of his murderer.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Grand Division of Eastern New-York—Quarterly Session at Hudson, N. Y.

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Eastern New-York held their quarterly session yesterday at Hudson, N. Y. The meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M. The following officers were present: Rev. Stephen Merritt, Jr., G. W. P.; W. Herrington, G. W. A., *pro tem.*; E. H. Hopkins, Grand Scribe; Henry Doune, A. G. Scribe; A. P. Higgins; Rev. A. A. Farr, Grand Chaplain; Andrew Stevenson, Jr., Grand Conductor; James McGrath, A. G. Conductor; Wm. Ward, Grand Sentinel; John Tompson, P. G. W. P. Fifty-six delegates were introduced and duly initiated.

The Grand Scribe read his report, from which we extract the following: Eight new Divisions have been organized since the last session, and there are 441 Divisions on the rolls; male members, 16,356; female members, 6,081; lady visitors, 381; new members, (this quarter,) 3,725; youths in the Order, 2,112; cash received for fees and dues in Divisions, $12,704 51; cash paid out, $11,170 02; cash on hand, $25,769 48. Grand Division receipts: Per capita tax, $2,147 65; for supplies, $127 70; for propagation Fund, $863 50; charter fees, $35; total receipts, $2,173 85 To be paid per capita tax to the National Division, $636 87. There are twenty-six colored divisions on the rolls, most of which are in good working order.

The Grand Treasurer reported receipts for the quarter, $2,173 85; expenditures, $2,816 60; cash on hand, $5,746 79.

The Grand Worthy Patriarch's report was read, and gave a gratifying exhibit of progress.

H. B. MCCOLLUM, from the Committee on Colored Membership and a Colored Grand Division, presented a report stating that the Committee had found it impracticable to institute a Colored Grand Division; that, as the law now stands, divisions may be instituted composed mainly or wholly of colored members, and have colored representatives in this Grand Division, and that it is only when colored persons ask to be organized in divisions, with membership exclusively colored, and thereby to be exempt from the payment of charter fee or per capita tax, that their representatives can be excluded here. The report quoted from the Constitution to show that no legislation can be had on this subject at a quarterly session, and asked that the Committee be discharged from further service. The report was accepted and the Committee discharged. The subject of a colored Division was referred to the Subordinate Division, with instructions to report at the next annual session.

EXTENSIVE FIRE.

Burning of a Furniture Factory in Houston-street.

About 5½ o'clock last evening flames were discovered in the basement of the four-story brick building in rear of Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-street, which is owned and all occupied by FRITZ KRUTINA, manufacturer of cabinet furniture. Several men were at work in the basement at the time. Smoke instantly began issuing in a large volume, but the alarm was not sent from the street box for some four minutes, and the unaccountable delay in summoning the engines allowed the fire to gain uncontrollable headway, and the building was entirely burned out. The firemen, however, were able to save the great warehouse filled with costly furniture on the front of the destroyed building, as they also did the adjoining property, which was in imminent danger. The loss on the building is $2,500, which is covered by the following insurance: Williamsburg City, $1,500; Bowery, $1,000; Narragansett, of Providence, $1,000; Etna, of Hartford, $2,500. The loss on stock is estimated at $6,000, on which there is the following insurance: Empire City, $1,000; International, $1,000; Etna, of Hartford, $1,000; Lancaster, of Philadelphia, $1,000; United States, of Baltimore, $1,000. The workmen lost tools valued at $5,000, on which there is no insurance. Nothing has been learned of the origin of the disaster, but it undoubtedly was due to an accidental cause, as it began in the veneering-room.

Commissioners of Emigration—Semi-monthly Meeting.

At the meeting of the Commissioners of Emigration yesterday, numerous applications from emigrants to be sent back to Europe were referred to the General Agent with power. Communications were received from the Italian Minister at Washington and the Consul-General of the same nation in New-York, in reply to a statement transmitted to them concerning frauds perpetrated on emigrants in Genoa. They state that every effort will be made to suppress the abuses complained of, and to recover the amounts of which the emigrants in question were defrauded. Dr. PHILIP EMBLOOMER was appointed Assistant Physician at Ward's Island, vice Dr. AUG. F. W. RATHEN, resigned. A resolution was adopted authorizing the printing of 2,000 additional copies of Mr. FREDERICK KAPP's *History of Immigration*. The usual bills were audited. The total number of emigrants arrived from Jan. 1, 1870, to April 27, inclusive is 44,997. Up to and including the same date last year the number was 42,801, showing an increase of 1,956. The receipts for commutation from alien passengers for the same period amount to $150,797 54, which, added to the amount on hand Jan. 1, of $79,971 66, foots up in total $180,153 70. The disbursements have been $163,513 61, leaving a balance on hand of $26,645 09. The meeting yesterday was probably the last of the old Board, as the Commissioners composing it are superseded by the recent act of the Legislature. The names of the gentlemen composing the new Board are as follows: Willy Wallach, W. E. Barr, E. B. Hart, Richard O'Gorman, Cyrus Curtis, C. M. Depew, F. Smith, J. Nicholson, Isaac Bell, Thomas Bisslinger, James Lynch, A. Oakey Hall and Martin Kalbfleisch. The four latter are members of the Board *ex officio*, as Presidents of the German and Irish societies, and Mayors of New-York and Brooklyn respectively.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

Mr. GEORGE WILKES, of this City, editor and proprietor of the *Spirit of the Times*, has recently received from the Emperor of Russia the Grand Cross of the Order of St. Stanislas, as a recognition of suggestions made to the Russian Government in reference to the Overland Railway to China and India by the way of Russia. The badge is of gold in the form of a Greek cross with an enameled center, in which the letters S. S. form a monogram. This mark of royal favor entitles the holder to have all his male children educated at the Military School of Russia at the expense of the State.

Yesterday was the regular day for the meeting of the Fire Commissioners, but it was again omitted in consequence of the absense of the Democratic members Messrs. HITCHMAN, HENNESSEY and BLAIR, who are still so occupied by their political labors that they cannot find time to attend to their duties. Yesterday they were occupied at the Rochester Convention, but it is thought they will return in time to have a meeting on Friday, when the new Board will be organized.

The ninth anniversary of Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers will be held Tuesday evening, May 10, in the Academy of Music, New-York, and Wednesday evening, May 11, in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn.

The brig *Nile*, from Sierra Leone, arrived here, yesterday, from the west coast of Africa, having on board as passengers a negro woman, wife of the richest planter on the coast, and Rev. JAMES M. PRIEST, who has been a missionary in the colony of Liberia for the last twenty-seven years, and now makes this long trip to attend the Presbyterian Conference in this City.

LEWIS PINKERS, a porter for AUGUST ILLING at No. 213 Church-street, has been suspected of larceny for some time. He was watched by Detective FIELL and yesterday caught in the act of carrying off $200 worth of braid, &c. When arraigned before Justice DOWLING the prisoner was fully committed for trial.

The steamer *Cleopatra*, so long overdue, arrived at this port yesterday afternoon. The following record explains her detention: "Sailed from Havana April 13, 2 P. M.; eight hours out our machinery became disabled by the breaking of crank-pin; we then proceeded under sail to latitude 36 20, longitude 74 50, and were then taken in tow by steamer *Morro Castle* and proceeded to Fortress Monroe, from thence, April 26, were taken in tow by steamer *Saratoga*, for this port."

Mr. JAMES DEMPSEY, Coroner of Richmond County, is building a public hall where meetings, concerts and other public gatherings may be held, within a few yards of the New-Brighton landing, Staten Island. It measures 50 feet by 75, is a three-story brick structure with stone in the foundation, and will have a very handsome slated Mansard roof fourteen feet high.

It is said that Rev. Mr. MEREDITH, of the TROY M. E. Conference, will soon be appointed pastor of the Carlton-avenue Church, in Brooklyn. Rumor has it, also, that Rev. R. M. HATFIELD, now in the West, will return to the New-York East Conference next year.

CHARLES ROBERT, a native of France, and a florist, aged fifty-four years, was committed by Justice COX at the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, under $1,000 bail. He is charged with having broken into the office of the Albany and Troy Steam-boat Company, on Pier No. 44 North River, and with having stolen from it one box of carpenter's tools, valued at $40, on the night of the 26th inst.

JOHN JOHNSON, a seaman, aged thirty-seven years, was committed by Justice COX at the Jefferson-market Police Court yesterday, in default of $1,000 bail, to be tried before the Court of General Sessions, on a charge of having stolen a coat valued at $26 from the store of DANIEL J. L. LYSTER, at No. 748 Washington-street, on the 26th inst.

On the night of March 14 a burglary was committed at the residence of Mr. NICHOLAS DOLL, No. 448 West Thirty-fourth-street, and clothing and other articles, valued altogether at $115, were stolen. Yesterday THOMAS PORTER, aged seventeen years, in whose possession a pair of boots, a portion of the property stolen, was found, was committed, under $1,000 bail, by Justice COX, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, to answer the charge.

GEORGE ELLIS, twenty-seven years old, a butcher, who was arrested day before yesterday, pleaded guilty, before Justice COX, at the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, to a charge of burglary in entering the office of Mr. SOLOMON MIGEL, at No. 22 East Fifteenth-street, on the night of Jan. 27 last. He broke open the door and attempted to steal a quantity of diamonds and jewelry valued at $50,000. He was committed without bail.

A private view of Mr. S. P. AVERY's collection of pictures, at the Somerville Art Gallery, was afforded last evening to a large number of artists, art patrons and members of the Press. The evening was enlivened by music, provided by the New-York Conservatory of Music, and by the consumption of a fine collation. The exhibition is now open to the public.

JOHN JACKSON, charged with having stolen a large quantity of silk scarfs from a public store in Trinity-place, did not make his appearance before Commissioner SHIELDS yesterday for examination, in consequence of which bail was declared forfeited. The case will be sent to the Grand Jury.

The case in which IGNATS ILLOWSKY, one of Alderman BARKER's partners in the whisky business, is charged with subornation of perjury has been sent before the United States Grand Jury.

JOSEPH POWER, of No. 19 Albany-street, was held for examination by Commissioner OSBORN, yesterday, on a charge of having sold smuggled Havana cigars.

The post-mortem examination on the body of Ex-Judge ABRAHAM D. RUSSELL, resulted in ascertaining that his death was caused by apoplexy.

SAMUEL BROWN was arrested at No. 93 Chrystie-street by one of Col. WHITLEY's secret service detectives, yesterday, on a charge of dealing in counterfeit money. Previous to his arrest he sold the detective $40 in spurious bills for $14. A hollow walking-cane was subsequently found in his possession, the contents of which proved to be about $200 in counterfeit notes on the Oneida National Bank, of Utica. The accused was represented to be an accomplice of a notorious counterfeiter named WALLACE CROSBY. He waived an examination on being brought before Commissioner SHIELDS, and was committed to Ludlow-street Jail in default of $10,000 bail, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

An entertaining programme of exercises was presented at the Female Department of Grammar School No. 12, in East Houston-street, yesterday afternoon, on the occasion of the presentation of diplomas to the following graduates: Misses Eliza J. Broderick, Mary M. Coombe, Florence E. Downing, Henrietta Hoexter, Elisa A. Kirk, Mattie C. Milton, Lizzie McArdle, Tillie Orde, Rosa Riegelman, Mary Reynolds, Julia Scullin. ANNA M. HAZARD is Principal of the Department.

At an early hour yesterday morning a fire occurred in the lager-beer brewery of FRANCIS DOHLGER, at Ninety-sixth-street and Eleventh-avenue, doing a damage of $6,000 which is fully covered by insurance in the Baltic, Phœnix and Williamsburg City. As yet the cause of the disaster has not been ascertained.

At 3 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred in the drug-store of D. LANGWORTHY & Co., No. 102 Bleecker-street, resulting in a damage of $6,000 which is partially covered by insurance for $3,000 in the Phœnix. The building, which is owned by ELLEN FRANCIS, is so injured that $1,000 will be required for repairs, but it is fully insured.

BOURGOYNE KANKERBECK, one of NAPOLEON's Waterloo heroes, died yesterday morning at 6 o'clock in the Incurable Hospital on Blackwell's Island. He was born at St. Denis, near Paris, in 1794.

The body of a female infant, with the head nearly severed from the trunk, was discovered yesterday in Forty-fifth-street, and taken charge of by the Police.

CHARLES B. RIGGS and FRANK JONES, recently arrested on a charge of having forged three $1,000 bonds of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, were yesterday fully committed for trial by Justice DOWLING at the Tombs. JONES stated that he kept a gambling house for a living and had received the bonds as security for a debt of $500. His counsel made a motion for his discharge on this ground, which the Magistrate denied. The bail was fixed at $10,000 each.

A special meeting of the Board of Aldermen will be held today, when it is understood that the Mayor will send in the names of Messrs. VAN OSTRUM and VAN ANDEN as his nominees for Police Commissioners under the new bill.

The Fenian movements grow more mysterious daily. An ominous silence reigns around head-quarters, in which, yesterday, none but military officers were assembled, preparing, as before asserted, for the coming struggle, when and where none will say. Large sums of money were received from various sections of the country yesterday, and more is expected. Gen. O'NEILL and staff are busy as bees.

The primary meetings of the Democratic Union Party have been adjourned until further notice.

BROOKLYN.

JOSEPH R. LAURENT, lace importer, of Leonard-street, New-York, residing in Classon-avenue, between Degraw and Sackett streets, Brooklyn, was held yesterday, by United States Commissioner OSBORN, to await the action of a grand jury, on a charge of having in his possession, with intent to use, a counterfeit plate for twenty-five cent fractional currency notes.

SAMUEL H. THORNE last evening, accidentally shot himself in the hand at the foot of Charles-street. He was attended by a Police Surgeon.

HANNAH RICHARDSON who resides in State-street, Brooklyn, last evening fell down a

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seller at No. 227 Front-street, and fractured her shoulder. She was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

A Grand Jury will at once be impaneled for the United States Circuit Court, Eastern District, to meet on the first Wednesday in May.

Fort Hamilton is to have $60,000 expended on it during the coming financial year.

LONG ISLAND.

At the charter election for village officers of Jamaica, Tuesday, the following were chosen: Trustees—Lewis L. Foodick, Philip F. Kissam, Howard Pearsall, Daniel Smith; Clerk—Pierpont Potter; Treasurer—James J. Brenton; Police Constable and Collector—Harry Powell; Assessors—George N. Codwise, Samuel Henderickson; Superintendent of Streets—James Wright; Overseer of Poor—Charles Berry. There was very little excitement and a light vote (470) polled.

At the charter election at Astoria, Tuesday, the following persons were chosen for the ensuing year: Trustees, James H. Whitcomb, W. B. Taylor, Chas. Livingston, Jas. R. Bennett and Chas. W. Streng; Clerk, Edwin Mills; Treasurer, James Tiedale; Collector, John J. Whitehead. As the new city charter of Long Island City will soon be in force, and Astoria being one of the wards, little interest was felt in the election, as the officers will only hold office for a short time.

The ninth anniversary of Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers will be held Tuesday evening, May 10, in the Academy of Music, New-York, and Wednesday evening, May 11, in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn.

The brig *Nile*, from Sierra Leone, arrived here, yesterday, from the west coast of Africa, having on board as passengers a negro woman, wife of the richest planter on the coast, and Rev. JAMES M. PRIEST, who has been a missionary in the colony of Liberia for the last twenty-seven years, and now makes this long trip to attend the Presbyterian Conference in this City.

LEWIS PINKERS, a porter for AUGUST ILLING at No. 213 Church-street, has been suspected of larceny for some time. He was watched by Detective FIELL and yesterday caught in the act of carrying off $200 worth of braid, &c. When arraigned before Justice DOWLING the prisoner was fully committed for trial.

The steamer *Cleopatra*, so long overdue, arrived at this port yesterday afternoon. The following record explains her detention: "Sailed from Havana April 13, 2 P. M.; eight hours out our machinery became disabled by the breaking of crank-pin; we then proceeded under sail to latitude 36 20, longitude 74 50, and were then taken in tow by steamer *Morro Castle* and proceeded to Fortress Monroe, from thence, April 26, were taken in tow by steamer *Saratoga*, for this port."

Mr. JAMES DEMPSEY, Coroner of Richmond County, is building a public hall where meetings, concerts and other public gatherings may be held, within a few yards of the New-Brighton landing, Staten Island. It measures 50 feet by 75, is a three-story brick structure with stone in the foundation, and will have a very handsome slated Mansard roof fourteen feet high.

It is said that Rev. Mr. MEREDITH, of the TROY M. E. Conference, will soon be appointed pastor of the Carlton-avenue Church, in Brooklyn. Rumor has it, also, that Rev. R. M. HATFIELD, now in the West, will return to the New-York East Conference next year.

CHARLES ROBERT, a native of France, and a florist, aged fifty-four years, was committed by Justice COX at the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, under $1,000 bail. He is charged with having broken into the office of the Albany and Troy Steam-boat Company, on Pier No. 44 North River, and with having stolen from it one box of carpenter's tools, valued at $40, on the night of the 26th inst.

JOHN JOHNSON, a seaman, aged thirty-seven years, was committed by Justice COX at the Jefferson-market Police Court yesterday, in default of $1,000 bail, to be tried before the Court of General Sessions, on a charge of having stolen a coat valued at $26 from the store of DANIEL J. L. LYSTER, at No. 748 Washington-street, on the 26th inst.

On the night of March 14 a burglary was committed at the residence of Mr. NICHOLAS DOLL, No. 448 West Thirty-fourth-street, and clothing and other articles, valued altogether at $115, were stolen. Yesterday THOMAS PORTER, aged seventeen years, in whose possession a pair of boots, a portion of the property stolen, was found, was committed, under $1,000 bail, by Justice COX, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, to answer the charge.

GEORGE ELLIS, twenty-seven years old, a butcher, who was arrested day before yesterday, pleaded guilty, before Justice COX, at the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, to a charge of burglary in entering the office of Mr. SOLOMON MIGEL, at No. 22 East Fifteenth-street, on the night of Jan. 27 last. He broke open the door and attempted to steal a quantity of diamonds and jewelry valued at $50,000. He was committed without bail.

A private view of Mr. S. P. AVERY's collection of pictures, at the Somerville Art Gallery, was afforded last evening to a large number of artists, art patrons and members of the Press. The evening was enlivened by music, provided by the New-York Conservatory of Music, and by the consumption of a fine collation. The exhibition is now open to the public.

JOHN JACKSON, charged with having stolen a large quantity of silk scarfs from a public store in Trinity-place, did not make his appearance before Commissioner SHIELDS yesterday for examination, in consequence of which bail was declared forfeited. The case will be sent to the Grand Jury.

The case in which IGNATS ILLOWSKY, one of Alderman BARKER's partners in the whisky business, is charged with subornation of perjury has been sent before the United States Grand Jury.

JOSEPH POWER, of No. 19 Albany-street, was held for examination by Commissioner OSBORN, yesterday, on a charge of having sold smuggled Havana cigars.

The post-mortem examination on the body of Ex-Judge ABRAHAM D. RUSSELL, resulted in ascertaining that his death was caused by apoplexy.

SAMUEL BROWN was arrested at No. 93 Chrystie-street by one of Col. WHITLEY's secret service detectives, yesterday, on a charge of dealing in counterfeit money. Previous to his arrest he sold the detective $40 in spurious bills for $14. A hollow walking-cane was subsequently found in his possession, the contents of which proved to be about $200 in counterfeit notes on the Oneida National Bank, of Utica. The accused was represented to be an accomplice of a notorious counterfeiter named WALLACE CROSBY. He waived an examination on being brought before Commissioner SHIELDS, and was committed to Ludlow-street Jail in default of $10,000 bail, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

An entertaining programme of exercises was presented at the Female Department of Grammar School No. 12, in East Houston-street, yesterday afternoon, on the occasion of the presentation of diplomas to the following graduates: Misses Eliza J. Broderick, Mary M. Coombe, Florence E. Downing, Henrietta Hoexter, Elisa A. Kirk, Mattie C. Milton, Lizzie McArdle, Tillie Orde, Rosa Riegelman, Mary Reynolds, Julia Scullin. ANNA M. HAZARD is Principal of the Department.

At an early hour yesterday morning a fire occurred in the lager-beer brewery of FRANCIS DOHLGER, at Ninety-sixth-street and Eleventh-avenue, doing a damage of $6,000 which is fully covered by insurance in the Baltic, Phœnix and Williamsburg City. As yet the cause of the disaster has not been ascertained.

At 3 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred in the drug-store of D. LANGWORTHY & Co., No. 102 Bleecker-street, resulting in a damage of $6,000 which is partially covered by insurance for $3,000 in the Phœnix. The building, which is owned by ELLEN FRANCIS, is so injured that $1,000 will be required for repairs, but it is fully insured.

BOURGOYNE KANKERBECK, one of NAPOLEON's Waterloo heroes, died yesterday morning at 6 o'clock in the Incurable Hospital on Blackwell's Island. He was born at St. Denis, near Paris, in 1794.

The body of a female infant, with the head nearly severed from the trunk, was discovered yesterday in Forty-fifth-street, and taken charge of by the Police.

CHARLES B. RIGGS and FRANK JONES, recently arrested on a charge of having forged three $1,000 bonds of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, were yesterday fully committed for trial by Justice DOWLING at the Tombs. JONES stated that he kept a gambling house for a living and had received the bonds as security for a debt of $500. His counsel made a motion for his discharge on this ground, which the Magistrate denied. The bail was fixed at $10,000 each.

A special meeting of the Board of Aldermen will be held today, when it is understood that the Mayor will send in the names of Messrs. VAN OSTRUM and VAN ANDEN as his nominees for Police Commissioners under the new bill.

The Fenian movements grow more mysterious daily. An ominous silence reigns around head-quarters, in which, yesterday, none but military officers were assembled, preparing, as before asserted, for the coming struggle, when and where none will say. Large sums of money were received from various sections of the country yesterday, and more is expected. Gen. O'NEILL and staff are busy as bees.

The primary meetings of the Democratic Union Party have been adjourned until further notice.

BROOKLYN.

JOSEPH R. LAURENT, lace importer, of Leonard-street, New-York, residing in Classon-avenue, between Degraw and Sackett streets, Brooklyn, was held yesterday, by United States Commissioner OSBORN, to await the action of a grand jury, on a charge of having in his possession, with intent to use, a counterfeit plate for twenty-five cent fractional currency notes.

SAMUEL H. THORNE last evening, accidentally shot himself in the hand at the foot of Charles-street. He was attended by a Police Surgeon.

HANNAH RICHARDSON who resides in State-street, Brooklyn, last evening fell down a

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Cellar Cottage opened at 2½d. Gilt, and closed at 11½d. Mo. Mo. Mo